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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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COMPLETE AGREEMENT ON KASHMIR CEASE FIRE LINE

800-Mile Frontier Drawn Up

SETTLEMENT TO BE RATIFIED WITHIN FOUR DAYS

KARACHI, July 26, (PTI).

MILITARY representatives of India and Pakistan this evening reached full agreement on a cease fire line for the entire Jammu and Kashmir State.

This agreement followed instructions brought by both India and Pakistan delegations from their respective Governments on two outstanding disputes, which arose during the last week end. These points of dispute related to the control of Kishenganga River and the Burzil Pass.

Today's agreement is subject to ritification by Indian and Pakistan Government which is expected in four days.

The joint conference will meet again tomorrow to discuss minute details of agreement and decide on fixation of date for bringing the new agreement into operation

FOR FIRST TIME

This is the first time since the cease-fire that India and Pakistan have reached mutual agreement on an approximate 800-mile long frontier running from Manavar in the south in Jammu to Keran in north, thence east to Marol and up to Shyok Glaciers.

It is after seven months that a clear cut cease-fire line has been defined especially in northern areas of the State, where because of weather and terrain, the cease-fire on January 1, 1949, left many factual positions unclear.

The newly demarcated cease-fire line in the disputed mountainous area from Keran to Gures and beyond runs south of the Kishen-Ganga river to a point south of Taobat. From this point, the line runs north of the

(Continued on page 7)

THE NEW BAND-MASTER: Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose says there is enough talent in the country to "take over" the Government.

SCIENTIST

Prof. H. Muller, a well-known German scientist, arrived in Bombay on Monday. Picture shows him on arrival at Santa Cruz. He was a professor at the Braunschweig Technical Institute. He has come to India at the invitation of the Government of India to take professorship in High Tension at the Institute of Science, Bangalore.

INDUS MAY COME TO INDIA

Groundless Pak Fears

KARACHI, July 26, (UPI): A special research station may shortly be opened probably at Hyderabad (Sind) to 'understand' the Indus river, and investigate the damage this course-changing river does and learn how best to 'train' it to stick to its present course.

The establishment of the proposed research station would enable the engineers to say how far these vagaries of the Indus could be controlled.

There are in evidence in Sind several dry beds through which, in the hoary past, flowed regular rivers but they are now merely inundation rivers. The Nara River was one of them. It is quite probable that the Indus never flowed through Sind many, many centuries ago.

The view that the Indus would change its course so much as to migrate to India—particularly in view of the care which the engineers are taking with bunds, has, however, been discountenanced. It was stated that the Sukkur-Bebari bound has been so strengthened this year as to make it safe against breaches.

RUSSIA ARMING FOR ANOTHER WAR

6 Millions Under Arms

WASHINGTON, July 26, (UPA).

THE administration is preparing to lay before Congress secret intelligence reports which indicate that Russia is arming for war, it was learned on Tuesday.

Informed sources said that American and allied agents have cracked the curtain of secrecy surrounding Soviet military preparations. Their reports, it was said, will be used to back up President Truman's request for a 1,450,000,000 dollars arms aid programme for free nations.

The latest figures available here indicate that Russia and her satellites have 6,000,000 men under arms. United States officials said that Russia alone has 170 combat divisions and her satellites 90 more. Last year, it was estimated that Russia's ground strength could be raised to 300 divisions within 60 days.

WAR PLANES.

Aviation experts estimate that Russia has between 12,000 and 15,000 operative war planes. A recent foreign analysis of Soviet air strength said that the Russian production of a copy of an American B-29 bomber reached 75 to 100 per month. American authorities believe this figure too high.

However, U. S. specialists are inclined to support foreign reports which estimate that Russia can put more than 1,000 jet fighters in the air at once. In fact they said this estimate probably is low.

Kosi River In Spate

MADHUBANI, (Bihar), July 26, (P T.I):— The Kosi River is in spate and floods have inundated parts of Bhagalpur and Darbhanga districts, according to reports received here.

Nirmali—a big rice centre of the province—has been the most affected. Stocks of rice and other foodgrains have been damaged. The loss is estimated at about Rs. 2,00,000

The railway station at Nirmali is under waist-deep water, it is learnt. No loss of human life, however, has been reported.

A Pilot's Love Led To Death

STOCKTON, California, July 26, (UPA): A 23-year-old pilot, despondent over his wife's death, today terrorised residents by buzzing over their homes and then power-dived to his death in the grave-yard where she was buried.

Russell Higby Jr., son of a prominent Stockton and Bakersfield produce merchant, roared over the north-east section of the city at "hair raising" low levels before making his suicidal plunge.

"For awhile, e thought we might even have to shoot him down," Sheriff Carlos Souza said. "Some of his dives came as low as 40 feet, the Sheriff said.

As frightened householders flooded switchboards with calls for officers, deputies raced to the airport to arrest Higby when he landed. Instead, Higby levelled off his small private plane at about 2,000 feet over the cemetery and then "nosed over into a 63-degree power dive."

Higby was an ambulance driver in England during the war.

EXPLOSION IN SPAIN KILLS 24

MADRID, July 26 (PTI-Reuter) Twentyfour people were killed and over 50 were injured when a military gunpowder magazine exploded today in Tarascon.

The cause of the explosion is not yet known, but it is believed it may have been due to the intense heat.

'GLORIA' KILLS 20, LEAVES 200,000 HOMELESS

60-Mile An Hour Gale Heads For Shantung Peninsula

SHANGHAI, July 26, (UPA).

TWENTY persons were killed, 70 injured and 200,000 made homeless on Tuesday when the typhoon "Gloria" hit Communist-held Shanghai after smashing two big American air bases on Okinawa.

Marked by 60 miles an hour winds and torrential rains, the typhoon howled northward into the Yellow Sea and last was reported heading for the big port of Tsingtao on the Shantung Peninsula.

While "Gloria" swung northward, another typhoon named "Hester" raged out of the Pacific, lashed Iwo Jima with winds of 70 miles per hour and headed for the Japanese home island. American Air Force weather stations alerted Tokyo and the southern Japanese islands to meet the storm. It was expected to be 450 miles due south of Kobe at 9 a.m. Wednesday. Experts said it may or may not increase in intensity on its northward journey.

SHANGHAI FLOODED

Shanghai was flooded with water from one to six feet deep in the wake of the storm. Water stood knee deep in the main down-town streets and the city was paralyzed for 24 hours. The first part of the storm hit western Shanghai Sunday night, cutting a 10 mile swath of destruction. Rain and winds ripped down houses, trees and billboards. The Communist radio said one third of the slum district in western and northern Shanghai was destroyed. More than 200,000 residents, were made homeless when their rickety shanties collapsed, swarmed into downtown Shanghai seeking shelter and food. Press dispatches said at least 20 persons were killed and 70 injured. Many casualties were caused by fallen wires. One ship in the Whangpoo lost its funnel and main mast in the gale.

TEN YEARS TO SETTLE STERLING DEBT

Mr. G. Hall's Statement In House Of Commons

LONDON, July 26. (PTI-Reuter):

MR. Glenvil Hall, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, indicated in the House of Commons today that it was "quite likely" that the final settlement of India's sterling balances in Britain lay some years ahead, perhaps five or ten.

Earlier, Mr. Leonard Gammans, (Conservative) had asked what was the amount of the sterling balance claimed as due to India at the end of the war, by how much it had been reduced at the time of partition, and what the sums claimed by India and Pakistan were now.

Mr. Hall replied that in the financial agreement of August 14, 1947, the sterling assets of undivided India were put at 1,160 million sterling. He regretted he could not disclose the size of the balances at other dates.

Such information as could properly be given of the releases from the sterling balances would be made available when the current financial negotiations were completed.

Mr. Gammans: "Will you deny that fairly large sums of sterling have been in fact released without any corresponding imports and that the case for the scaling down of these balances has been largely allowed to go by default?"

Mr. Hall: "I do not think I can add to my answer. Negotiations are proceeding and an announcement will be made in due course".

WHY SECRECY?

Mr. Oliver Stanley (Conservative): "Why must there be all this secrecy about the sterling balances? Surely we are entitled to know how much we have paid off since the figure mentioned by the Financial Secretary".

Mr. Glenvil Hall: "This is the accepted practice. I have no doubt it goes back some years and the Government of which you were a distinguished member took this line."

Mr. Stanley: "Do you really believe that before 1939 there were ever any cases of balances similar to this? We might have had balances which were behind the currency of a particular country or Dominion, but nothing in the same class as this. Would it not be perfectly safe to give the country information which it ought to have as to what money had been paid off these balances by unrequited exports?"

Mr. Richard Stokes (Labour): "Will the Government consider settling this matter by sending the India Government a bill for this amount for saving them from the Japanese?"

There was no reply.

FULL SETTLEMENT POSSIBLE

BRISBANE, July 26, (PTI-Reuter): Lieutenant Colonel Daya Singh Bedi, Indian High Commissioner in Australia, said today he believed the United Nations could bring about a settlement of the Kashmir dispute between India and Pakistan.

He was speaking at a civic reception given to Government representatives attending Brisbane's "United Nations week."

SAMBASIVAN'S APPEAL TO PRIVY COUNCIL

Leave Granted

LONDON, July 26, (PTI-Reuter):— Sambasivan, Indian Trade unionist sentenced to death under the Malaya Emergency Regulations for carrying arms, was today granted leave to appeal to the judicial committee of the Privy Council.

The Johore Government last month stayed the execution after Mr. John A. Thivy, Government of India's representative in Malaya, had served notice that Sambasivan had decided to petition for special leave to appeal to the Privy Council in London. Mr. Thivy said the Government of India were financing the petition.

FATAL CIGARETTE

LONDON, Juuly 26, (U.P.A.): A Sparrow carrying a lighted cigarette butt to its nest was believed responsible for a fire which destroyed five homes in the London suburb of Dagenham.

The fire had one casualty. The Sparrow was found burned to death in its nest.

Guatemala Revolt

NEW ORLEANS, July 26, (P.T.I.-Reuter): Reports received here today from the Central American Republic of Guatemala said uncertainty and extreme nervousness prevailed in Guatemala city since President Jose Arevalo suppressed the recent revolt.

The uprising broke out on July 18 after the assassination of Colonel Francisco Arana, head of the Guatemalan armed forces.

Informants who have reached the United States from Guatemala say opposition political leaders have been arrested, the airport closed to private planes, and all newspapers and broadcasting stations suspended.

EMERGENCY ENDS IN BRITAIN

LONDON, July 26, (PTI-Reuter): **The British Government today ended the state of emergency which gave it extraordinary powers for handling the recent dock stoppage.**

Lord Addison read to the House of Lords a message from the King bringing it to an end.

RAILWAYMEN THREATEN GO-SLOW STRIKE

LONDON, July 26 (UPA): The National Union of Railwaymen warned Labour Minister George Isaacs Tuesday that unless the union's 251,299 members got a 10 shilling a week raise, the nation-wide slow-down strike will be called on nationalized railroads.

BOMBS EXPLODE IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, July 26 (P.T.I.): Two bombs exploded in quick succession near the district police headquarters in Howrah shortly after midnight yesterday. No one was injured, nor any damage caused to property. The police, who made a thorough search of the area after the incident arrested three persons in this connection.

Hearty Send-Off To Golwalkar

BOMBAY, Tuesday, (U.P.I.): About 500 volunteers gathered at the Victoria Terminus Station, to give a hearty send-off to Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, Chief of the R.S.S. who left for Nagpur this evening by the Calcutta Mail.

It is understood that Mr. Golwalkar, will return to Bombay, after a month during which he will see the refugee camps in Bombay Province.

PAK BOMBING INCIDENT

Hushed Up?

PESHAWAR, July 26, (PTI-Reuter): Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Governor-designate of the West Punjab and leader of the Pakistan Delegation to the joint enquiry into the alleged bombing of Mogalgai by Pakistani planes, said today that the report drafted by both the Delegations in regard to the enquiry had been unanimous, and will be made public in due course of time.

Sardar Nishtar, who arrived here today from Kabul, added that he felt that the report would form a foundation stone for future amity, goodwill and brotherly relations between Afghanistan and Pakistan.

Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar will submit his report to the Pakistan Government soon after his arrival in Karachi today.

FRANKFURT, July 26, (UPA) A trade agreement providing for a total exchange of goods worth 58,000,000 dollars was signed on Tuesday by representatives of the Greek Government and the Western Zones of Germany.

Emergency Martial Law In Canton

HONGKONG July 25 (PTI-Reuter): A major offensive by Chinese Communists on two fronts in South and South West China appeared today to be well underway. Half a million well-armed Communists were said to be engaged.

They were making a general advance south along a 500-mile front stretching from Hunan province to the Kukien coast and pushing forward at several points on a 600-mile front running northwest from Hunan to Shensi Province.

Only in the pivotal Changsha-Hengyang area in Hunan, heart of the rich "rice bowl", where the Nationalists offering determined resistance, the reports said.

Reports reaching Canton said Changsha, Provincial capital of Hu-Lan, still remained in Nationalist hands though the noice of battle was clearly audible east of the railway line.

FALL OF CHUCHOW

The fall of Chuchow, also in Hunan, was reported earlier by a usually reliable source but there was no official confirmation of this tonight.

Martial law for Canton, seat of the Nationalist Government, was announced tonight.

A strict curfew was enforced tonight. During curfew hours all road and water communications will be cut off.

A curfew has been partially in force at Canton for some months but was not taken seriously during the lull in the Communist offensive. Now it is to be enforced strictly.

At the same time here in Hong Kong, Britain's Far East colony, it was learned authoritatively that the Government will introduce a Bill next week requiring all the 1,257,000 population—except the armed forces, police and children to register and receive identity cards.

The colony has about 17,000 non-Chinese.

More Reinforcements For Hong Kong

HONG KONG, July 26. (PTI Reuter): Eight hundred reinforcements for Hongkong's garrison, two arrived here today from Britain on board the troopship "Empire Windrush", brought the garrison strength to about 15,000 men out of a projected 20,000.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted Very fair, educated, Westernized North Indian, Parsi, Persian or Turkish bride of between 18-26 years of age for a European now permanently resident in India. Photographs and full details of education and of person to be submitted. Write Box No 979, "Bombay Chronicle"

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for morning shift Teacher for Gujrati and Sanskrit Trained preferred. See personally New Education High School Chawpaty, Bombay

(983)

Wanted for a Government Basic Education School at Gambhira, a graduate or shatak with special qualification and experience in Basic Education as Head Master and a Matric Senior with experience in Basic Education as an assistant teacher. The scales of pay, Dearness allowances and conditions of service, etc. according to Government rules. Experienced persons will be started on higher scales of pay. A couple with above qualifications will be preferable. Apply immediately to —Sanchalak 'Nootan Gram Vidyalay,' Gambhira. (Via-Ankiav) (Baroda) (978)

Wanted for a Textile Mills an experienced Weaving Master to take charge of the Weaving Department. Europeans preferred. Apply stating qualifications, terms etc., to Box No 5147B, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for a Cotton Mills an experienced Secretary with knowledge of accountancy. Europeans preferred. Apply stating qualifications' terms etc., to Box No. 5147A, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted for a Cotton Mills an experienced Internal Auditor preferably Incorporated or Chartered Accountant. Europeans preferred. Apply stating qualifications, terms etc., to Box No. 5147 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted: Immediately Second Engineer, Holding Second Class B.O.T Steam Certificate for employment on our ships Apply Post Box No 1047, Karachi (Pakistan). (5216)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admission—Davar's College of Commerce—New Session has commenced. Enrol immediately for Special making-up classes for late entrants, for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combinations for personal or postal education. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road.

(981)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga, Post Box No. 119, Baroda. 959

PUBLIC NOTICES

MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES.

APPLICATIONS for Tender Forms are invited for Artificer's Work at North Camp, Khadakwasla for a period of six months which is estimated to cost Rs one lac.

Only Contractors on the M.E.S. Approved List who have furnished Income Tax Clearance Certificate and within whose financial limits the estimated cost of the Contract lies need apply to Chief Engineer, National Academy Project Poona by 4th August, 1949.

5251

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

Hydraulic Engineer's Department.

TENDERS

THE HYDRAULIC ENGINEER notifies that the last date for submitting tenders for the supply of "one water level-indicating and recording instrument with high and low level alarms for the Malabar Hill Reservoir" is extended from 3-8-49 to 7-9-49 at 1 p.m. (Bombay time).

K. B CARNAC.
Hydraulic Engineer.
5253

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for ENCLOSING THE OPEN SHEDS AT HAY AND HAJI BUNDERS.

Conditions of contract, specifications, Schedule of Quantities and Rates, Form of Tender and Drawing can be had from the office of the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 15/-.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 1,250 -

The earnest money will be refunded to the unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders which are to remain open until accepted by the Trustees will be received up to TUESDAY the 16th August 1949.

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Ballard Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
(5248)

PUBLIC NOTICES

3%

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL DEVELOPMENT

LOAN

1962

Issue Price Rs. 99/- Per Cent

OPEN AT 10 A.M.

(Standard Time)

On 1st August, 1949

For ONE DAY only

Subscriptions will be received only in the form of cash or cheque.

The loan will be closed as soon as a total of approximately Rs. 6 crores has been subscribed, and in any case not later than the close of business on the 1st August 1949.

Applications will be received at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras and at the Branches of the Imperial Bank of India in the Province of Bombay.

Full particulars can be obtained at any of the offices or branches mentioned above or at any Treasury or Sub-Treasury in the Province of Bombay.

[(5238)

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY
NEW DELHI
PRESS NOTIFICATION

Sub:—Cement allotment to Cement processing Industry in Period IV/1949.

IN VIEW of the Government of India's decision to introduce Revised System of distribution of cement from period IV/1949 onwards, it is notified for the information of cement Processing Industries which consume cement as raw material for manufacture of Tiles, Marbles, Hollow blocks and other cement concrete products, that they should submit their requirements for cement in period IV/1949 to the Deputy Development Officer (Cement) of this Directorate General by 10-8-1949 together with the following particulars:—

1) Ratio of consumption of cement per recognised unit of their manufactured products with their sizes and weights.
2) Quantities of such stores manufactured during each quarter of 1949 up till date and cement consumed with source of supply.
3) Normal capacity for manufacture of such products per month.
4) Whether there is any control of the Provincial Government on your product by way of distribution.

Applications for period IV/1949 may be sent through the Director of Industries of the Provincial Government concerned with a copy to Deputy Development Officer (Cement) so as to reach the latter by the date quoted above.

JANG BIR SINGH.
For Director General of
Industry and Supply

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER of Stores invites tenders for translating into Hindi and Marathi, printing, binding and supplying of G.I.P. Railway combined Hindi and Marathi Time Table. Tender form obtainable from the Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date Thursday the 18th August, 1949 at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

5230

JAMIA MILLIA

THE PRIMARY and Secondary Schools of Jamia Millia will reopen on the 20th. of August, 1949 New admissions will begin from the same date and will continue for a week only. Applications should reach the Headmasters' office not later than the 7th of August 1949.

THE REGISTRAR.
Jamia Millia
Jamia Nagar, DELHI.
5228

ALL INDIA RADIO

APPLICATIONS are invited for training as Apprentice Engineers in All India Radio. Women eligible. For some posts preference will be given to Muslims, members of Scheduled Castes and Other Minority Communities.

QUALIFICATIONS: B.Sc. Degree in Physics with first class or Degree in Electrical Engineering. Preference will be given to M.Sc. in Physics as far as Science Graduates are concerned. AGE: Maximum 25 years. The training will be given in Delhi and will be for a period of six months during which an Apprentice Engineer will receive a fixed stipend of Rs. 100/- p.m. (without any allowance). On satisfactory completion of training, the candidates will be required to apply for the posts of Technical Assistant in AIR. Selected candidates will be offered these posts in the scale of pay of Rs. 250-15-340-EB-20-400.

Candidates selected for training will be required to execute a Bond that they shall undergo the full course of training and that in the event of their selection for Technical Assistant's posts they shall serve in All India Radio for a period of at least two years. Applications on prescribed form with Treasury Receipt for Rs. 3/- (Re. 1/- in the case of Scheduled Castes candidates and no fee in the case of deserving bonafide refugees) should reach the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF ADMINISTRATION, ALL INDIA RADIO, Broadcasting House, Parliament Street, NEW DELHI, by the 25th August 1949. A bonafide refugee should send along with his application proof that he is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee and an attested copy of his Refugee Registration Card. Applications received in response to this advertisement only will be considered. Full particulars and application forms obtainable, free of cost, from the officer named above. CANVASSING direct or indirect will DISQUALIFY. (5242)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Thursday, the 4th August, 1949, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Interpellations.
2. Application for gratuity from an ex-Municipal employee.
3. Letter from the Chairman, Mandvi Taluka Congress Committee—Regarding a suggestion for making proper arrangements for imparting primary education to children of Gujarati-speaking residents of the Mandvi Ward.

4-6 Letters from the authorities of (4) Shree Samarth Vyayam Mandir, (5) Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, and (6) Anjuman-i-Musalmanan Mazagaon—Thanking the Corporation for their grants in aid of the respective institutions.

7. Letter from Messrs. Kanga & Co., Solicitors and Notary Public—Claiming on behalf of their client, Bai Rani Shankar Nisar, compensation in respect of the death of her husband, Mr. Shankar Nisar, alleged to have been due to his being knocked down by a B.E.S.T. Bus.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

8. Regarding the revised estimate for oil-painting the angle iron fencing of the Athgala enclosure at the Victoria Gardens, etc.
9. Recommending an additional grant to meet the payment of claims for compensation for loss of articles seized and removed as encroachments on public streets.
10. Regarding the fixing of the amount of security to be demanded from certain Assistant Supervisors in the Encroachment Branch of the Licence Department.
11. Recommending an additional grant to meet payment of ground rent for the land occupied by the ex-Trust Administrative Office in the Fort Division for the year 1946-47.
12. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of raising a manhole at Hornby-Vellard to prevent it from being covered while filling in the lowlying land around it.
13. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of providing buffers and mechanical brakes to trolleys on the Tulsi Trolly Track.
14. Recommending an additional grant to meet the excess in the cost of the purchase, etc., of two ambulances and a hearse.
15. Regarding the re-organization of the Road Maintenance Section of the Works Branch of the Special Engineer's Department and creation of two additional posts of Assistant Engineers therefor, etc.
16. Regarding the revision of the grade of the Motor-Mechanic of the Fire Brigade Department and fixing the salary of the present incumbent in the revised grade.
17. Regarding the continuance of the work of re-washering the leaky taps in private premises free of cost on permanent basis, etc.
18. Regarding the fixation of salaries of certain staff transferred from the Preliminary Works of the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme to Major Works of the Scheme.
19. Regarding a further donation offered by Messrs. H. J. Foster & Co., Ltd., for continuing investigations on "Anaemia" at the Seth G. S. Medical College and the K. E. M. Hospital and the appointment of a Research Assistant therefor.
20. Regarding the question of allowing an Assistant Professor at the Topiwala National Medical College to hold Honorary appointments in certain other Municipal medical institutions in addition to his permanent post.
21. Regarding the provision of funds to meet the Municipal share of the cost of appointment of Mr. P. P. Kapadia for fixing the rateable value of Government properties in the City, etc.
22. Forwarding a list of letters from the Municipal Chief Auditor pending disposal by the Standing Committee for the quarter ended on the 30th June 1949.
23. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of providing a ceiling on the first floor of the Mechanical Engineer's Office at the Municipal Workshops.
24. Recommending an additional advances to meet the cost of the purchase of a portable Electric Welding Set for the Municipal Workshops.
25. Recommending an additional advance to meet the cost of the purchase of machinery for the Municipal Printing Press.
26. Recommending an additional grant to recoup the amounts originally m[illegible] out of the Advances, Sundries, for making payment of Uniform Allowance to the Nursing Staff and House Rent to peons, etc., of the Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Charitable Hospital and the Nair Hospital Dental College during the year 1947-48.
27. Regarding the appointment of Dr. J. D. Pathak (on deputation from Government) as Professor of Physiology at the Topiwala National Medical College.
28. Regarding the revision of the Conveyance Allowance attached to the post of the Deputy Executive Health Officer.
29. Regarding the opening of an Anti-Rabic Centre at the K. E. M. Hospital.
30. Regarding the amendment of the Municipal Act, so as to admit of contributions being made from ordinary Municipal Revenue towards the Fines Fund to be styled as "Municipal Staff Benefit Fund" for promoting the well-being of Municipal Officers and servants.
31. Regarding a proposal for issuing one licence for the common storage of cotton refuse and waste and rags where these articles are stored together, etc.
32. Regarding a contract for the purchase of two Mono Casting Machines and one Super Caster for the Municipal Printing Press.
33. Regarding the variation of the contract entered into with Messrs. Duncan Stratton & Co., Ltd. for the work of constructing second Digestion Tank at the Dadar Purification works.
34. Regarding the question of payment of travelling, etc., allowances on Government scale to Dr. K. N. Choksy for attending the Agmark Ghee Grading Conference held in New Delhi during September 1948.
35. Regarding the Award given by the Adjudicator in the matter of the dispute between the Municipality and the Workmen employed in its Hospitals.
36. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of a new ice box for the K. E. M. Hospital.
37. Regarding the provision of gas fittings in the residential quarters of the Superintendent of Markets at the Arthur Crawford Market building.
38. Forwarding a quartely statement showing enforcement or otherwise of the sanctions obtained for the removal of unauthorized works.
39. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of the purchase of one hand-controlled Sweeper Collector, etc.
40. Regarding the work of strengthening the foundation of the Old Nurses' Quarters at the Arthur Road Hospital for Infectious Diseases.
41. Regarding re-appropriation of funds to meet the cost of clothing to be issued to certain staff under the Insecticide Officer.
42. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of the work of converting certain wooden stalls into R.C.C. Stalls at the Old Vegetable Section of the Erskine Roard Market.
43. Recommending an additional grant to meet payment of extra Conveyance Allowance to certain Junior Inspectors of the Licence Department during the year 1947-48.
44. Regarding the Commissioner's report on the implementation of the terms of the Award of the Industrial Tribunal in the dispute between the Municipality and the sweepers and scavengers.
45. Regarding the grant of additional increments, extra allowances and conveyance allowance, etc., as a special case to the staff on the Vaitarna-Tansa Scheme Establishment.
46. Requesting sanction to the temporary post of a clerk on fixed pay created in connection with the measures for Civil Defence carried out by the Corporation on behalf of Government, being treated as on time scale of pay, etc.
47. Regarding the work of providing a booster pump on the 4" main at the K.E.M. Hospital to improve the water supply thereat, etc.
48. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of payment of Conveyance Allowance charges to certain Notice Clerks of the Building Branch of the Special Engineer's Department.

Resolutions of the Improvements Committee—

49. Regarding the question of granting subsidy to industries in the City for providing housing accommodation for their employees.
50. Regarding the grant of permission to construct an additional floor over buildings on Plots in Schemes 52, and 58, Worli Estate.
51. Regarding the reservation of the plot of land at King Edward Road opposite the Haffkine Institute for a Municipal Market.
52. Regarding the renewal of the lease of Government land at Bandra occupied by the Municipal Slaughter Houses.

Resolutions of the Special Committees—

53. Regarding the renewal of the agreement with the Raymond Woollen Mills, Ltd., for supply of water to their mills at Thana for a further period of three years.
54. Regarding the work of enlarging the 3" water main in Wellington Street to 9" main and of extending it to Lohar Street Cross Lane.
55. Regarding the work of enlarging the existing water main in Khara Tank to 9", etc.
56. Regarding the work of laying a water main for the Antop Hill, Wadala, area.
57. Regarding the work of laying a 72" Inlet Water Main from the Nana's Chowk to the Malabar Hill Reservoir.
58. Regarding the revised estimate for the work of extending and remodelling the storehouse of the Water Works Department at Ghatkopar.
59. Regarding a proposal for the provision of Akhadas in certain ex-Trust Chawls,
60-61. Regarding grant of permission to Dr. B. C. DasGupta, Executive Health Officer, to serve on (60) the Nutrition Committee proposed to be set up by the Government of Bombay and (61) the reconstituted Port Haj Committee of Bombay.
62. Regarding the appointment of Dr. S. V. Joglekar as Superintendent, Municipal Group of Hospitals, Sion, for a period of five years from 11th May 1948.
63. Regarding measures for the prevention of the spread of Tuberculosis in the City.
64. Regarding the printing of the Bombay Municipal List.

Schools Committee's letters—

65. Regarding the provision of a tiffin room for the staff of the Schools Committee's Office at the Gilder Tank Reclaimed Site.
66. Regarding a suggestion for increasing the amount paid as washing charges to Municipal peons.
67. Regarding the reduction made by the Schools Committee in their grant-in-aid to the Private Primary Schools.
68. Forwarding for approval a draft of the new Grant-in-aid Code prepared by the Schools Committee.
69. Forwarding a list of unanswered references from the Corporation.
70. Regarding the change of designation of the Sanitary Peons under the Schools Committee into that of Scavengers.
71. Regarding the grant of freeships to the inmates of certain charitable institutions attending Municipal Schools.

Communications from the Commissioner—

72. Regarding the construction of sitting-out places and sanitary blocks on the terrace of a building on Plot No. 81, Scheme 58, Worli Estate.
73. Regarding the construction of an electric meter box in the compulsory open space of certain plots in Sion-Matunga Estate.
74. Regarding grant of permission to lay an underground cable in the open space of Plot No. 20, Marine Lines Estate.
75. Forwarding quarterly statement showing the quantity of water brought into the City and Suburbs from various lakes.
76. Reporting that no case of breeding of malaria carrying mosquito was found during June 1949.
77. Regarding nomination for agreement to lease of Plot No. 109, Scheme 58, Worli Estate.
78. Regarding the arrangements arrived at between the Government and the Bombay Municipality in respect of the moiety of the Trust Funds set apart by Mr. R. H. Patuck for the establishment of the Model Industrial School, at Andheri.
79. Regarding the notification relating to the election of Mr. E. E. Cockram as Councillor elected by the Chamber of Commerce 'vice' Mr. W. M. Martin, O.B.E., resigned.

Letters from the B.E.S. & T. Undertaking—

80. Reporting on the question of opening a Cash Receiving Station at King's Circle, Matunga.
81. Regarding a proposal to request Government to apply Section 5 (1) of the Public Debt (Central Government) Act, 1944, to the office of the General Manager, B.E.S. & T. Undertaking, so as to empower him to hold securities in his official designation, etc.
82. Reporting on the question of the extension of 'L' Route Bus service to Dhobi Talao and Carnac Bunder.
83. Regarding a contract for the purchase of 30 sets of Tram Car Electrical Equipment, etc.
84. Forwarding details of provision made in the Budget of the B.E.S.T. Undertaking for the year 1948-49 under the Budget Head "Land and Buildings—General, Buildings".
85. Forwarding copies of the Minutes of the B.E.S.T. Committee's Meetings held during June 1949.
86. Letter from Mrs. A. T. Janai—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution of condolence on the death of Mr. A. T. Janai.
87. Report of the Joint Conference between the Works Committee and the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee on the recommendations contained in the Rent Enquiry Committee's Report and on Bombay's Housing Problem.
88. Confirmation of the Proceedings of the Meetings of the Special Committees.
89. Letters from the Secretary, Schools Committee—Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

Notices of Motions—

90-92. From Mr. M. Madhavan—For requesting the Commissioner (90) to submit over-all amendments to different sections of the Municipal Act with a view to removing defective sections and sub-sections therefrom: (91) to take steps to remove the insanitary hutments erected by vagrants near Don Bosco School and other places in the Dadar-Matunga Estate; and (92) to carry out necessary repairs to the ex-Trust and acquired buildings as required by the Estate Agent and Land Manager's Department, etc.

93. From Mr. K. S. Dharia—For requesting Government to expedite legislation for controlling nuisance caused by stray animals in the City.

94. From Mr. Dinkar D. Desai—For extending the concession granted to certain low paid employees of the Schools Committee in respect of school fees of their children to other Municipal employees of similar grades.

95. From Mr. Khimji M. Bhujpuria—For providing public conveniences at both the ends of the Chowpatty Foreshore.

96. From Mrs. Sulochana M. Modi—For establishing 'creches' in groups of Municipal Chawls.

97. From Mr. Bhanushankar M. Yagnik—For requesting the authorities of the B. B. & C. I. and the G. I. P. Railways to introduce Second or Inter Class accommodation on their Local Suburban services.

98. From Dr. D. G. Tendulkar—For requesting the B.E.S. & T. Committee to change the method of construction of the bus shelters so as not to spoil their appearance and prejudicially affect the business of shops in front of which they are erected.

99. From Mr. Khimji M. Bhujpuria, seconded by Mr. Ismail Khwaja Husain and supported by Dr. B. P. Divgi and Miss P. N. Nariman—For requesting the Telephone authorities to install public telephone call cabins at suitable places in the City.

100-102. From Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan—For (100) representing to the railway authorities to reserve seats at the time of issuing tickets etc. (101) requesting the B.E.S. & T. Committee to reintroduce the practice of displaying the bill of fares and time table in tram cars and buses; and (102) requesting the Telephone authorities to regulate the system of issuing Bills for telephone calls to consumers, etc.

103. From Mr. B. K. Gholap, seconded by Mr. J. G. Vichare—For renaming Benham Hall Lane after the late Bai Avantikabai Gokhale.

104. From Mr. K. S. Dharia—For requesting the B.E.S. & T. Committee not to abolish the present practice of issuing transfer tickets on tram service.

105-107 From Mr. A. N. Najmi—For (105) requesting the B.E.S.T. Committee to increase the number and frequency of tram cars running along Mohamadally Road, Abdul Rehman Street and Nagdevi Street; (106) shifting the urinal at present situated on the east side of Janjikar Street to some other site and (107) representing to the Commissioner of Police to prohibit parking of cars and trucks on Nagdevi Cross Lane.

108-110. From Mr. R. G. Kharat—For (108-109) requesting the Commissioner (108) to inquire into complaints of non-admission of patients in Municipal hospitals inspite of there being accommodation available, etc., and (109) to provide station wagons for Councillors to attend meetings of the Corporation and its Committees; and (110) requesting the B.E.S.T. Committee to provide "Complaint Book" in tram cars and buses for passengers to record their complaints, etc.

111. From Dr. B. P. Divgi—For requiring house owners to fix house number plates in a conspicuous place of their premises, etc.

112. From Miss P. N. Nariman—For requesting the B.E.S.T. Committee to run a direct bus service from King's Circle, 'via' Parel Road, Byculla Grant Road and Gibbs Road to Malabar Hill

113. From Mr. J. G. Vishare—For requesting the Commissioner to submit a proposal for constructing a urinal opposite the Chimanlal Chawl at Arthur Road, Tardeo.

114. From Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan—For amending Municipal Service Regulations so as to bring the rates of travelling allowances paid to Municipal Officers on a par with those of Government.

115. From Mr. Jehangir D. Daruvala—For requesting the B.E.S.T. Committee not to discontinue the system of the issue of transfer tickets on tramway service.

116-119. From Mr. M. Harris—For requesting the Commissioner to take early steps to (116) repair the second entrance gate to the Victoria Gardens and (117-119) requesting the B. E. S. & T. Committee (117) to reconstruct the tram shelters at J. J. Hospital and Bhendi Bazar; (118) to provide bus shelters at certain sites along Bhendi Bazar, Ibrahim Ramimtoola Road, etc. and (119) to provide destination indicators on trams and buses in Roman and Nagri characters.

120. From Dr. Simon Fernandes—For removing the insanitary conditions and encroachments made by stall holders at the north end of the Azad Maidan.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
C. F. D'SOUZA,
Ag. Municipal Secretary
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 26th July 1949.

(5254)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the construction of Transit Shed No. 17, Alexandra Dock in two parts Part I—Piled foundations and Part II—Steelwork in superstructure. The shed will be approximately 375'-0" long x 82'-6" wide x 48'-0" high.

Conditions of contract, drawings, specification, schedule of quantities and rates, form of tender, etc., can be obtained from the office of, the Chief Engineer, on payment of Rs. 30/- per each part.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,750/- for part I and Rs. 3,750/- for part II as earnest money.

This deposit will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderer.

Tenders which are to remain open until accepted by the Trustees will be received upto 1-00 p.m. on Monday, the 29th August, 1949.

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
5249

NOTICE.

WANTED for the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, higher grade, fully trained Staff Nurse (Female) in the grade of Rs. 80-10-120, Rs. 30/- per annum uniform allowance, Rs. 3 p.m. laundry allowance, emergency bonus 10 per cent. of pay p.m., attendance bonus 10 per cent. of pay, plus free board and lodging in the Nurses Hostel. Apply with full particulars of training and experience to the Assistant Director of Personnel (Employments), Tisco, Jamshedpur, on or before 8-8-49.

(5250)

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Loco Offices Building, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 10-8-1949 for "PROVIDING AMENITIES TO PASSENGERS—RAISING OF PLATFORM AT KHARDI." The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Copies of drawings will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- per set. These sums will not be refunded.

5257

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES

Office of the Director of Supplies, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE

The Director of Supplies, Bombay invites Tender No. BOM/M/3350 to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on 16-8-1949 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 8/- (Rupees eight only) (Not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender Number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1.	Casein to specification No. I. T. 869.	cwts. 790

Applicants not already on the approved list of this Department or the late Department of Supply must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firms already black-listed.

5255

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Loco Offices Building, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 10-8-1949 for "PROVIDING FILTERATION PLANT AT IGATPURI." The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Copies of drawings will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- per set. These sums will not be refunded.

5256

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LTD.

NOTICE having been given of the loss of Policy numbered 1218736 on the life of Mangaldas Kalidas Mehta of Broach, duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd.) L. S. VAIDYANATHAN.
Manager.
Bombay, dated: 26-7-1949.
(982)

(For Further Notices See Page 3.)

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Government of Maharashtra
on 21 April, 2017

PUBLIC NOTICES

INDIAN ORDNANCE FACTORIES.

APPLICATIONS invited by the Director General, Ordnance Factories, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or Citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible, but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 5 years for scheduled caste candidates. Closing date for applications which should be on plain paper in candidate's own handwriting with full details as to age, educational qualifications, practical experience and details of service together with emoluments received and dates accompanied by crossed Indian Postal Order payable to Controller of Army Factory Accounts, Calcutta) for Rs. 7-8-0 (Rs. 1-14-0 for schedule caste candidates), 15th August, 1949. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview at Calcutta, if called upon to do so. Selected candidates will undergo a course of training for about 3 months in Switzerland or India before or after posting in an Indian Ordnance Factory. Before appointment, a candidate will have to give an undertaking to serve the Ordnance Factories for a period of not less than 5 years after completion of the training, if required. A starting salary higher than the minimum may be given in the case of exceptionally qualified candidates.

(1) 5 Designers Grade 'A' (Class I Service)—Age preferably below 35 years. Pay Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E B 30-770-40-850.

QUALIFICATIONS ESSENTIAL: A degree in mechanical engineering followed by an experience of not less than 5 years in an engineering works of repute, a portion of which must have been spent in a Drawing Office.

QUALIFICATIONS DESIRABLE: Experience in the design of machinery, or in the maintenance or manufacture of electrical or radio equipment.

(2) 6 Designers Grade 'B' (Class III Service) Age below 40 years. Pay Rs. 260-20-500 equivalent to Foreman in Indian Ordnance Factories.

QUALIFICATIONS ESSENTIAL:
(a) Degree or diploma in mechanical or electrical engineering followed by experience for a period of 5 years in an engineering works of repute, a portion of which must have been spent in a Drawing Office; or
(b) Inter Science examination followed by a regular course of apprenticeship of 5 years preferably in Ordnance Factories and at least 3 years' experience in a Drawing or Design Office.

QUALIFICATIONS DESIRABLE: Experience in the design of machinery or weapons, experience in maintenance or manufacture of electrical or radio equipment.

5240

NOTICE OF TENDER

MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

TENDERS are invited from Contractors, borne on the Approved List of M.E.S. and within whose limits the value of the work lies, by the Commander, Royal Indian Engineers, S.M.E., Poona, for the "Provision of Roads & Area Drainage in S.M.E., Kirkee, Phase III". The work is estimated to cost about 4.25 Lacs.

2. Other suitable Contractors, though Not on the M.E.S. List may also apply for tender and in the event of their being selected to tender, they will be required to be enlisted as M.E.S. Contractor before concluding contracts with them.

3. Applications for Tender Forms must be submitted on or before 6th August, 1949 to the Commander, Royal Indian Engineers, S.M.E., Poona, Ghorpuri Barracks, Poona No. 1.

4. Copies of conditions of contract, Drainage and all other documents concerned with the work will be open for inspections in the offices C.R.I.E., S.M.E. Poona & G.E. S.M.E., Kirkee respectively during office hours.

5. Tenders Documents will be issued on or after 6th August, 1949 and upto 18th August 1949.

6 Tenders will be received by 11-00 Hours on 30th August, 1949.

5234

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE CHIEF ENGINEER, M & S. M. RAILWAY, MADRAS FOR

RATE CONTRACT for "Supply of Teak and Other than Teak Timbers Scantlings and Planks" in the area served by the Metre Gauge System (Guntakal to Mysore Frontier, Guntakal—Cadag—Hubli—Harihar—Poona—Londa—to Mormugao—Bellary to Rayadrug—Hospet Kottur—Samshalli—Gadag to Sholapur) of this Railway upto 12 hours on Tuesday the 23-8-49. Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rupees Five per set.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at rate of Rs. 1000/- per

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
IN INSOLVENCY
(No. N/111 of 1949.)

Re GHANSHAMDAS N ABHICHANDANI of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at "Shalimar", Marine Drive, without the Fort of Bombay ....Judgment Debtor.
Ex parte: THE NATIONAL SECURITY BANK LTD., (in liquidation) by its Official Liquidator Mr Reginald Mathalone, High Court Annexe Building, Fort, Bombay .... Judgment Creditors
To
GHANSHAMDAS N ABHICHANDANI,
"Shalimar", Marine Drive, BOMBAY.

TAKE NOTICE that an Insolvency Notice for Rs 14,348-5-0 with further simple interest thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum from the 26th day of November, 1948, till payment in respect of a Consent Decree in summary Suit No. 2086 of 1948 (The National Security Bank Ltd. V/S Ghanshamdas N. Abhichandani) in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, dated the 26th day of November, 1948, was issued against you in this office on the 6th day of June, 1949, by Mr. Reginald Mathalone as the Official Liquidator of the National Security Bank Ltd. (in liquidation) and the Court on the 18th day of July, 1949, Ordered that the said Insolvency Notice be served on you by publishing the fact of the issue of the said Insolvency Notice, once in the "Bombay Chronicle" in the English language and once in the "Janma Bhoomi" in the Gujarathi language and also by affixing a sealed copy thereof on the outer door of your last known place of residence at "Shalimar", Marine Drive, Bombay. And It Was Further Ordered that the time for the service of the said Insolvency Notice be extended to the 21st day of August, 1949.

The said Insolvency Notice may be inspected by you on application to the undersigned.

Dated this 22nd day of July 1949.

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL,
Insolvency Registrar,
High Court, Bombay.
(5251)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT VINCENT ROAD, CROSS LANE NEAR TATA MILLS, DADAR.

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will, under instructions from M/s. Vachha & Co., Solicitors for Mr Augustine Hemilton Thomas, the Administrator of the estate and effects of the deceased Herbert William Thomas, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned property on FRIDAY, 12-8-49 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of land with a building standing thereon admeasuring about 244 square yards bearing Collectors New No. N/12573 and 12574, New Survey No. 10/1972 and C. S. No. 21 of Dadar-Naigaum Division and F Ward No 392, Street No 204 C situate at Dadar in Bombay.

For particulars apply to M/s. Vachha & Co., Solicitors for the Vendors, at their Office, Churchgate Street, Yusuf Building, Fort, or to us.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES AT NARSI NATHA STREET, BHAT BAZAAR.

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from M/s. Dikshit Manekial & Co., Attorneys for the 2nd Mortgagee and with the consent of Equitable Mortgagees of the said properties and on account and at the risk of Fakirmahomed Kanji Allarakhia, the Mortgagor in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the 2nd Mortgagee under the Mortgage dated the 16th day of December, 1947, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned property on SATURDAY, 30-7-49 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

SCHEDULE

(a) Quit and Ground rent land with buildings standing thereon situate at Dongri Street and Chinch Bunder Road now known as Narsi Natha Street admeasuring 175 square yards and bearing Collectors New Nos. 6554 and 6555, Old Survey No. 101 and New Survey No. 2706 and Cadastral Survey No. 939 of Mandvi Division and B Ward Nos. 1054 and Street Nos. 233-235A.

(b) Quit and Ground rent land with buildings standing thereon situate at Dongri Street and Chinch Bunder Road now known as Narsi Natha Street admeasuring 139 square yards and bearing Collectors New No. 7011, Old Survey No. 102, New Survey No. 2707 and Cadastral Survey No. 938 of Mandvi Division and B Ward Nos. 1055 and Street Nos. 229-231.

(c) Quit and Ground rent land with buildings standing thereon situate at Dongri Street and Chinch Bunder Road now known as Narsi Natha Street admeasuring 36.84 square yards and bearing Collectors New Nos. 6567, New Survey No. 2709, Cadastral Survey No. 940 of Mandvi Division and B Ward No. 1052-3 and Street Nos. 239-41A, 237-37 Narsi Natha Street.

All the above three properties adjoin each other and they will be sold in one lot.

N.B.—Private offers will be accepted before the date of auctions.

For particulars apply to M/s. Dikshit Manekial & Co., Attorneys for the 2nd Mortgagee at 13, Medows Street, Fort, or to us.

NO AREA IMMUNE FROM POLIO

Health Officer On Steps Taken To Fight Menace

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

WHILE the medical profession of Bombay, as well as the rest of the country, continues to be baffled about the causative factors with regard to Poliomyelitis—Infantile Paralysis—as well as what specific treatment to give to the victims of the dread disease, the incidence of the disease reached a new high of 46 attacks, including 18 deaths this month.

A study of the figures for the previous months, clearly discloses that the disease which started mildly in January, steadily increased till June and made a sudden leap this month. The figures from January when the disease was first reported, till now has been:

January—2, February—nil, March 4, April—3, May—10, June—17 and July—46, bringing up a total of 82 attacks among which deaths for the same months were, nil, nil, one, one, one, one and 18.

The fatality so far has been calculated at 26.8 per cent and the incidence, ward by ward has been 1, 5, 4, 2, 21, 23 and 18 for the wards A to G. It has also been analysed that 90 to 95 per cent of the victims were children below 5, while the rest were again children between 5 and 15.

Dr. Das Gupta, Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality stated today that it was difficult to say if the incidence this year was greater than usual, for even in previous years the disease was not unknown and for want of diagnosis facilities, many cases were not classified as Polio but as some other disease.

The disease was a virus disease like influenza. It began slowly, a child often going to bed obviously in the best of health, but getting up sick with the malady. Some of the earlier symptoms were, stomach trouble, nausea, stiffness of the limbs and "unexplained" fever. But, unfortunately, these were the symptoms of other diseases also, and hence, one could easily make mistakes, at least, in the earlier stages.

NONE IMMUNE FROM IT

Dr. Das Gupta stated that no "community" was immune from the disease, as had been observed. He explained that community in this context, meant area, locality or group or strata of society. There was nothing to even say that filth and dirt produced the disease, or that the Sweepers' Strike had aggravated the incidence.

Pointing out other strange features of Polio, Dr. Das Gupta said that congested cities did not get it in the same degree as rural areas. It was a seasonal disease reaching a peak during July and fading out by about September.

"We don't know how infection is caused. Even in U.S.A., and Europe, research on the subject has not progressed sufficiently. There is no specific treatment for the disease after one has contacted it, and no definite prophylactic to prevent getting the disease", he added. There was no convalescent serum available, for injecting as a vaccine. The disease did not occur in a multiple form in the same family also.

The Bombay Municipality had now made it a notifiable disease, and were going into its epidemiological aspects. They had issued a leaflet asking people to take ordinary sanitary and prophylactic precautions. They had disinfected the buildings where the disease had occurred as well as neighbouring buildings. Isolation wards had been opened at Arthur Road, Jerbai Wadia and the B. J. Hospital for children from the J. J. Group.

The Sion Group of hospitals, would now have a wing of 50 beds, and the iron lung at Arthur Road Hospital would be transferred there. Dr. Das Gupta also stated that while there was no specific treatment, there was symptomatic treatment, according to the symptoms developed.

AUCTION SALES

Under Instructions from E.MARCUS, Esqr., Messrs. MISTRY & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on Sunday, 31st July, 1949, at 10-30 a.m. at 8, "NAJOO MANSIONS", (opp: R. I. N. Transport Depot), 54, Wodehouse Rd., Colaba, made to order teak household furniture, inlaid cupboards, beds etc., Radiogram, AC refrigerator, typewriter, Hercules bicycle, almost new PERSIAN CARPETS, steel cupboard, Banarese brocade, borders, MORRIS 12 HP Saloon & lot sundries. ON VIEW from Friday. Auctioneers: MISTRY & CO., Tel: 22801.

The most dependable Fans in India

IEW

CEILING—WALL—TABLE

THE INDIA ELECTRIC WORKS LTD.

(PREMIER AND PIONEER MANUFACTURERS OF FANS IN THE EAST)

BOMBAY OFFICE:
8, Sir Phirozsha Mehta

Prompt Measures To Check Spread Of Polio In City

MAYOR'S APPEAL TO CORPORATORS FOR UNSTINTED CO-OPERATION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A call to the members of the Bombay Corporation to give their unstinted support to any precautionary measures that might be taken by the Municipal health authorities against the spread of poliomyelitis in the city was given by Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor at a meeting of the Corporation today. Mr. Patil added that swift and effective measures were already contemplated by the Health Department, and he hoped that something would be done to allay the public anxiety.

The Municipal Commissioner, Mr. B. K. Patel, said that sufficient data was not available as to the cause of the disease and how it spread so rapidly. On inquiry he had found that some cases could be cured in the earlier stage, whereas others left a permanent effect on the patients, which perhaps could be cured later. Hitherto the disease was not notifiable, but lately it had been made a "notifiable disease". He believed that this would afford some details which would be worth studying.

AT SION HOSPITAL

The Commissioner added that at present it was not possible to take all the polio cases to the Arthur Road Infectious Diseases Hospital which was specially meant for more serious diseases like T. B. and smallpox. The Municipality had a ward, nearly ready, in the Sion Group of Hospitals and the authorities hoped to make necessary arrangements for taking the polio cases there.

The Corporation expressed its sorrow and regret at the sad demise of Mr. G. A. Single, a former Corporator, which occurred on Sunday last. A condolence resolution was passed all standing. The House then adjourned as a mark of respect to the departed.

THE WEATHER

POONA, July 26 (PTL) The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from June, 1, 1949 and departure from normal, recorded at 08-00 hours (I:S:T.) on July 26, 1949.

Ahmedabad 92 79 0 11.2 minus 3.2 Ahmednagar 90 72 0 4.0 minus 4.5 Ajmer 80 (rest not given) Akola 92 75 0.2 20.5 plus 6.4 Baroda 94 78 0 11.0 minus 6.0 Belgaum 77 69 0.1 3.7 minus 18.9 Bhopal 81 73 3.1 16.4 minus 6.9 Bhuj 93 78 T 3.1 minus 3.8 BOMBAY 86 70 0.2 38.9 minus 2.0 Calcutta 90 79 T 22.1 minus 0.4 Darjiling 65 56 0.3 55.7 plus 4.2 Delhi 89 (rest not given) Hyderabad (Dn.) 88 73 0 9.7 plus 0.2 Indore 87 73 0.1 15.9 plus 0.6 Jubbulpore 85 74 0.2 16.8 minus 6.3 Kolhapur 81 71 0.3 8.9—Lucknow 89 (rest not given) Madras 92 78 0 6.5 plus 1.7 Mahabaleshwar 65 62 2.3 82.2 minus 45.1 Mussoorie 69 (rest not given) Mysore 80 67 0 5.3 plus 0.6 Nagpur 94 83 1.0 29.2 plus 7.9 Ootacamund 61 53 0.1 10.7 minus 2.9 Patiala 91 (rest not given) Patna 90 81 0 26.0 plus 9.3 Poona 84 73 3.6 minus 6.4 Rajkot 93 78 0 6.6 minus 6.6 Shillong 73 62 0 27.3 minus 2.9 Sholapur 94 73 0 10.9 plus 2.9 Simla 69 (rest not given) Surat 88, 79 0 17.3 minus 6.3.

The following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday, the July 26, 1949.

There has been a weakening of the monsoon over the country outside the south Konkan and Malabar where widespread and locally heavy rain has occurred.

Rainfall has also been widespread in Chota Nagpur and the Central Provinces and local in Orissa, Bihar Madhya Bharat, the west Deccan and Mysore. There have been a few falls in Assam, West Bengal, Saurashtra, Gujarat, Vindhya Pradesh, the east Deccan and south east Madras. Observations from north west India and the United Provinces are lacking.

FORECAST UNTIL THE EVENING OF JULY 27: Rainfall will be widespread in the Konkan and Malabar and occur locally over rest of the country outside north-west India where scattered showers are likely.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely to continue in Malabar during the next 36

CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Shravan Shud 2, 2005
Muslim: Ramzan 30, 1368
Parsi: Behman 27, 1318
Sunrise: 6-13 a.m.
Sunset: 7-16 p.m.
Hightide: 00-32, 13-20
Lowtide: 06-36, 19-31

Today's Engagements

THE SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY: The voluntary social workers' training class will meet today at the League's head office, Sandhurst Road, Dr. K. S. Mhaskar to deliver a lecture on "Nutrition and dietetics" at 6-30 p.m.

PROGRESS GROUP: Lady Rama Rao to speak on "Progress and the Hindu Code Bill" on Friday at the Green's Hotel, 6-30 p.m.

The Government of India have included "The Society for the Rehabilitation of Disabled and Crippled Children", Marine Drive, Back Bay Reclamation, Bombay in the list of the Approved Institutions for the Purposes of Sub-Section 15B of the Indian Income Tax Act. Thus any contributions and donations given to this institution are made exempt from Income Tax and Super Tax, writes the General Secretary of the Society.

WEST PAKISTAN REFUGEES: are invited to meet Lt. Col. Jogindar Singh Mann, Minister Relief and Rehabilitation, East Punjab in Khalsa College Hall, Matunga, at 5-30 p.m. on July 27 and place before him their grievances if any.

RADIO

WEDNESDAY, July 27.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. Bai Nawab Jan (Vocal) 7-45 Gajanan Karnad (Violin) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Rasiklal Veen (G. Bhajano) 8-45 News (G) 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Rasiklal Veen (Geeto) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay—B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Hour Music 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Gangandhar V. Bhonsale (Vocal) 5-15 Sitar Par Gai Pilu 5-30 As in Bombay—B 6-0 News (E) 6-0 News (H) 6-20 G. V. Bhosle (Vocal) 6-30 N. Gore (Vocal) 7-0 Day's Topic 7-10 Locals 7-15 G. Karnad (Vocal) 7-45 Film Sangeet (G) 8-0 R. Veen (Violin) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-0 Jer Sabawala (Soprano) 10-15 Beston Symp. Orch. 10-30 C. B. S. Orch.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Lalitta Parulekar (Todi) 8-30 News (N) 8-45 G. V. Bhonsle (Vocal) 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay—A 12-45 News (M) 1-0 Yusuf Qawwalis Party (Ghazal) 1-10 Vividh Sangeet 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Rang Tarang (H, U. H.) 2-20 Sitar and Tabla 4-30 As in Bombay—A 5-30 Bai Nawab Jan (Vocal) 6-0 Yusuf Qawwal and Party (Ghazals) 6-15 For Rural Listeners (M. & K.) 7-15 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Bai Nawab Jan (Vocal) 8-30 Talk (H) 8-45 Jaltarang per Kafi (by Patwardhan) 9-0 N. Gore (Vocal) 9-30 Lalita Parulekar (Hori) 9-45 Week in Retrespect 10-0 "Meghdecet" (M) 10-30 G. Karnad (Violin).

BARODA: AHMEDABAD

WEDNESDAY, July 27.
(250 & 326.1 m.)

7-30 a.m. Prabhatna Raag 8-0 News (E) 8-15 D. K. Muley 8-45 News (G) 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Bhagwantrao Waghmare (Dilruba) 6-25 Ramanlal Dave (Geeto) 6-35 Gramjano Mate 6-35 Majur Bhaiyo Mate (From Ahmedabad) 7-0 Programme (G) for women 7-30 Kamal Punekar (Vocal) 7-45 D. K. Muley (Bhajan Mirabai) 8-0 Geets 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 R. Dave (G. Geets) 8-45 Bharatiya Sangeet 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Sports Review (E) 9-30 R. Dave (Geets) 9-45 Pet Na Khada (G) by Raman Vakil 10-0 K. Punekar (Bhavgeets) 10-15 D. K. Muley (Adana).

The All India Radio, Bombay will broadcast a talk by Mr. M. V. Mathew on "The Week in Retrospect" on Wednesday at 9.45 p.m.

Court Fees Exemption For Backward Tribes

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has directed that the members of the backward tribes living in those areas in East Khandesh, West Khandesh, Nasik, Broach, Panch Mahals, Thana and Kolaba districts which have been declared to be partially excluded areas by the Government of India (Excluded and Partially.... Excluded Areas) Orders, 1936, should be exempted from payment of court fees on applications made to any Government officer for the purpose of obtaining copies or extracts from revenue records or in respect of other matters.

Bombay Ban On Transfer Of Arms

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The order of the Commenissioner of Police prohibiting the people of Greater Bombay from transferring, by sale or any other to any person arms or ammunition means without a special permit from him, has been extened up to September 26, 1949. Arms and ammunition dealers are

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Producer: SHEIKH MUKHTAR
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KAMAL
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Tomorrow & Sun. 12-30
Booking: 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
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Delhi: Messrs. Indian National Airways, Malhotra Buildings, Queensway.
Bombay: Messrs. Trading Co., Late Hegt and Co. Ltd. Booking Office, Taj Mahal Hotel, Sea Face.
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AND AT
CITY LIGHT
DAILY 4 SHOWS:
11-45 a.m. 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.

VISHNU'S Realistic Tale
Bhakta PUNDALIK
Director DHIRUBHAI DESAI
2ND WEEK
MAJESTIC
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30

IT HAS CREATED A STIR IN SOCIETY!
I. N. A. PICTURES'
SWAYAM SIDDHA
Starring SHANTA APTE
(Courtesy S.A. Concerns)
2ND WEEK AT
EXCELSIOR Last 3 Shows 3, 6-15, 9-30
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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
PATHAN THURSDAY 28th 10 A.M.
DEEWAR SAT. 30th 10 A.M.
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ONE KILLED IN FACTION FIGHT AT TARDEO

Periodical Bickerings Take Serious Turn

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

One person was killed and four others injured when a free faction fight ensued between two rival gangs at Tardeo last night All the injured persons were removed to the Nair Hospital, and the condition of one of them is reported to be very grave.

The Police have arrested five persons in this connection who are described as members of the two groups which were engaged in the bloody feud which threw the entire Tardeo locality into utter consternation for nearly an hour, the duration of the battle royal between the two factions.

The area outside compound of the Surya Udav Mills, at Tardeo was, it is learnt chosen as the venue for the fight by the members of the two gangs, thirsting for vendetta for quite a long time. It appears that periodical quarrels used to occur between members of the rival gangs, but, never had these bickerings assumed proportions of the type witnessed last night

At about 9 p.m. it is stated members of the two factions started collecting at the improvised battle-ground, following an obstreperous wordy dispute between their spokesmen. As one 'dada' hurled choice Billingsgate at the other, 'chellas' of the two camps are said to have gradually filled the battlefield where the two leaders were having it out.

The reinforcements that came were armed for the occasion with knives, loaded lathis, brick-bats, knuckle-dusters and other missiles that came in handy. These were freely brought into use when the fracas ensued.

As the two ring leaders came to grips, a signal was, it is stated, given to their respective camp followers to gird up their loins and join in A bloody battle was then fought out by contestants on both sides The fight only ended when the Police arrived on the scene in response to an S.O.S. sent to them by alarmed onlookers. Arriving on the spot, where the four injured lay in a pool of blood and one had fallen dead, the Police had a tough job in dispersing the members of the two gangs, engrossed in the frenzied melee.

Summoning an ambulance, officers who led the Police party, immediately rushed the victims to the Nair Hospital, the nearest in the area, as their condition, was critical.

Babu Daya, first looked as though there were still some glimmerings on the way to the hospital.

The Gamdevi Police are investigating into the matter. Some more arrests are expected to be made.

Shama Subbanna, Valandu Mayandi, Vithal Setty, Rama Vira and Basil Menteric who are rounded up by the Police were produced at the Girgaum Court and remanded into Police custody.

Another version stated that the trouble was due to some dispute among Mill workers. But the Police were not able to establish the exact cause of the trouble.

Enquiry Into Steamer Rates To Konkan

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Shipping Rates Advisory Board constituted under the Control of Shipping Act, 1947 to enquire into the rates charged for the carriage of passengers by shipping companies operating in Konkan trade will hear the parties interested at 11 a.m. on Friday, August 12, 1949 at the office of the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (Industrial Assurance Buildings, opposite Churchgate Railway Station, Bombay) before deciding the procedure to be adopted in making the enquiry. Parties interested are invited to be present at the enquiry.

Advance intimation of their intention to be present may be communicated to the Secretary, Shipping Rates Advisory Board, "Commerce House", Currimbhoy Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Financial Aid To Fishermen

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Thre Government of Bombay is giving financial help to the Satpati Fishermen's Co-operative Consumers' Society inorder to enable it to have an ice plant and a cold storage. The assistance will be on subsidy-cum-loan basis, one-third of the cost of the plant and the storage, namely Rs. 35,741, being treated as subsidy and the balance as loan.

STABBER FATALLY STABBED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A man who, it is alleged only two hours earlier had stabbed his enemy in a city restaurant, last evening, was himself waylaid and stabbed by the friends of the first victim.

Apparama Kone, 26-year old millhand who harboured a grudge against Babi Dattaram, stabbed him at a Hindu restaurant near B.B. and C.I. Railway Quarters, Parel following an altercation.

It was stated that Dattaram and his friends decided to pay him back in the same coin. They followed Apparama and attacked him when he entered a lonely lane and left him bleeding profusely. The Police, later, picked him up in a dying condition. He was rushed to a city hospital, where he died.

The Police have arrested two persons in this connection and are making further inquiries into the murder.

NO STICKING KNIVES ON OTHERS

Or City Will Be Turned Into Hell, Says Magistrate

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sentencing two Gurkhas who were charged for causing hurt to another Gurkha, to one month's R.I., Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, observed that Bombay would be turned into a hell if the people were allowed to go about sticking knives on others.

It was stated that the accused Bhim Bahadur Kalusingh, Bir Bahadur Hari Singh and two other Gurkhas assaulted Lal Singh, a Gurkha watchman on duty at 1 a.m. on June 28, 1948.

ACCUSED IN GAMBLING CASE GRANTED BAIL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Granting bail to two accused produced in the Esplanade Court on a charge of gambling, Mr. Oscar H. Brown remarked that gambling was going on in every club in Bombay "Rich people play in clubs, while poor men gamble on the streets." He added that the law must be levelled up to cover everybody.

Sajjad Abdul Gani and Gulam Hyder, the accused were allowed bail.

BRITISH DAIRY EXPERT PRAISES BOMBAY GOVERNMENT MILK SCHEME

Suggests Ban On Cow Slaughter To Improve Stock Position

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. Norman Wright, well-known British Dairy expert and Scientific Adviser to the Ministry of Food, United Kingdom, today praised Bombay Government's milk scheme as "a most promising and excellent beginning" which would improve the quality and quantity of milk, besides making it cheaper.

The occasion was a tea party held in his honour by the Milk Commissioner of Bombay, Mr. Khurody, at the Taj Mahal Hotel this evening.

Dr. Wright during his stay in the city visited some of the milk distribution centres and also the Government milk colony. He has been invited by the Government of India to study and make suggestions to improve India's milk supply.

MOVE CATTLE TO RURAL AREAS

Dr. Wright said that conditions under which cattle were kept in the cities in India did not differ much from what he stated in his 1936 report. The only way to improve the quality of milk and lower its price was to transfer cattle to the rural areas where fodder costs and other expenses were cheaper.

He was of opinion that the indiscriminate slaughter of cows in India had already resulted in a depreciation of the stock and that a ban on cow slaughter would improve the position.

Mr. Khurody welcomed the guest. Mr. Dinkarrao N. Desai, Bombay's Civil Supplies Minister, was also present.

FINANCIAL AID TO MUNICIPALITIES

Grants To Be Continued For Another Year

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

All the Municipalities, except those of Ahmedabad Surat, Poona City, Sholapur and Hubli, have been receiving grants-in-aid from Government of Bombay equal to 50 per cent. of the expenditure incurred by them on payment of dearness allowance to their entire staff, including the sanitary staff. In addition, all the municipalities are being paid grants equal to 75 per cent. of the non-agricultural assessment and 15 per cent. of the land revenue, excluding non-agricultural assessment, realised during the previous year in their respective areas

The Govt. has directed that these grants should be continued for the financial year 1949-50 in the case of municipalities which have increased their revenue by an equal amount by additional taxation. The municipalities which have not so increased their revenue will also get these grants up to March 31, 1950, but these will be paid to them quarterly.

At the end of every quarter, the Collectors will advise the municipalities concerned on the steps to be taken to increase their revenue. If the municipalities fail to take steps to increase their revenue, these grants will be stopped at any time.

Similar grants will also be paid to the Municipalities in the States that have merged in or integrated with the Province on the usual conditions.

WIFE FILES HABEAS CORPUS APPLICATION

Cause For Detention Of Husband Not Explained

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A Habeas Corpus application filed by Sahara Begum, challenging the arrest and detention of her husband Ibrahim, a fruit merchant, under the Public Security Measures Act, was admitted by Mr. Justice Bavdekar and Mr. Justice Chainani at the Bombay High Court, today.

The detenu's wife stated in her petition that her husband was arrested on May 2 last and was served with a detention order signed by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, a few days later. The ground for detention was that Ibrahim was likely to act in manner which was likely to be prejudicial to the public safety and tranquillity of the city. Letter was sent to the Commissioner requesting him to explain the ground for detention. There was however no reply.

The petitioner contended that her husband was not connected with any activities prejudicial to the public safety, and therefore the order of detention was bad in law.

Bombay Students To Observe Strike

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay Students Union has decided to observe a one-day token strike on July 29 to protest against the alleged victimisation orders served by the V.J.T.I. authorities on some of the students there.

The programme of the day, according to the Union officials, will include mass meetings of students in every school and college in the city when resolutions will be passed protesting against the action of the V.J.T.I. authorities.

City Students Condemn Communist Activities

A meeting of the students of the Khalsa College under the auspices of Khalsa College Union was held on 25th July 1949. A resolution moved by Mr. Hule. D. M. condemning the activities of the Communists to make political capital out of students' movement was passed. The meeting also condemned the pandemonium created by the Communists at the City Students' Convention held at Slavanzky lodge on Saturday 23rd under the Presidentship of Mr. N. M. Joshi.

PATNA, July 25, (P. T. I.): suggestion to sugar mills of Bihar to break a way from the Indian Sugar Syndicate and to form a separate organisation of their own has been made by Swami Sahajanand Saraswati, Kisan leader.

Bombay's Demand For Share In Tobacco Duty Turned Down

NO AGREEMENT AT DELHI CONFERENCE ON ALLOCATION OF INCOME TAX

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE conference between India's Finance Minister, Dr. John Matthai and other officials of the Central Finance Ministry on the one hand and the Premiers and Finance Ministers of provinces on the other, recently held in New Delhi failed to arrive at any agreed conclusion on the division and allocation of income tax as between the Centre and the provinces and on the unrestricted right of the latter to impose sales tax, two of the important items of discussion, it is reliably learnt in Bombay.

On the important question of division and allocation of income tax, the Central Government decided to appoint an expert committee shortly. This committee's report, however, will be of an interim nature pending the appointment of the proposed Statutory Commission by the Constituent Assembly which will approach the problem from a permanent angle.

DIVIDE 60 P. C. AMONG PROVINCES

The Provincial Ministers urged the acceptance of the Sarkar Committee's findings which recommended that 60 per cent of the total income tax, including the Corporation Tax, should form the divisible pool to be divided among the provinces on the basis of population and residence. The Central Government did not accept this Committee's report as it considered it to be going too far.

Bombay's demand for a share in the tobacco duty has also not received the Centre's approval, it is learnt.

As regards sales tax, the provinces strongly pleaded that they should be allowed to continue the present levies as this was one of the important elastic sources of their revenue. The Centre's view on this question was that the imposition of sales tax should not act as a barrier to inter-provincial trade and the economic and industrial development of the country and should avoid double taxation on the same article.

UNIFORM SALES TAX MOVE

A revised formula to bring about uniformity in the levy of sales tax throughout the country was presented to the Provincial Finance Ministers and it is being considered by them now.

It is possible that slight changes may become necessary in Bombay's existing sales tax machinery to accommodate itself with the Centre's formula.

They agreed to the principle of reciprocity on the question of extension of income tax to nationalised undertakings. The Centre was in favour of exempting or giving certain concessions to public utility concerns. However, no final decision was reached on this issue also.

V. L. MEHTA ON BOMBAY'S DEMAND

Bombay's Finance Minister Mr. V. L. Mehta, who has just returned from the New Delhi Conference, in an interview reiterated the Province's demand for an increased share in the income tax allocation. He said that he had urged the Centre to accept the Sardar Committee's report in this regard.

On the question of sales tax, he held that the tax was imposed only on actual sales and it was not likely to affect inter-provincial trade or the country's economic and industrial development.

No Probate Duty On Time-Barred Debts

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

Re: Estate of Narsidas Jetiscndas .... Deceased.

Sir Harilal Gosalia, ...Petitioner.

An application for probate had been presented by the petitioner who had been appointed executor under the will of the deceased. In proceedings for proof of debts, the prothonotary had disallowed two debts-one for Rs. 72,695-6-0 and another for Rs. 41,880-0-0 both these being time-barred debts due to the sisters-in-law of the deceased which had been shown in the schedule of debts and liabilities of the deceased annexed to the petition and which the petitioner claimed to deduct from the gross valuation of the property left by the deceased so as to reduce the probate duty payable by the estate under the Court Fees Act. The matter came up before the High Court on a reference under section 5 of the Court Fees Act.

Their Lordships pointed out that in view of the fact that deducrion was allowed by the Court Fees Act in respect of debts "payable" out of the estate, and not on debts "recoverable" out of the estate, the matter had to be considered from the point of view of the executor and not from the point of view of the creditor.

In Their Lordships' opinion it was therefore immaterial that if the creditors had sued for recovery of this debt, the executor could resist such a suit successfully.

Their Lordships referred to section 323 of the Succession Act under which the executor could pay all such debts as he knew of and stated that there was nothing in law to prevent an executor from paying a time-barred debt.

Their Lordships, therefore, held that the petitioner was entitled to include these two time-barred debts in the schedule of debts and liabilities as debts "payable by law out of the estate" within the meaning of Annexture B to Schedule III of the Court Fees Act, and thus to reduce the probate duty leviable under that Act.

Mr. R. J. Dolah instructed by M|s. Payne and Co. appeared for the petitioner.

The Acting Advocate-General Mr. M. P. Amin instructed by M|s. Little and Co., appeared for the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority.

R.S.S. MUST BE LOYAL

Golwalkar Urges Sangh To Eschew Politics

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, Chief of the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh to-day called upon his followers to forget "unhappy events of the past seven months resulting from Government ban on the organisation and advised them to be loyal to the Government which after all, he said, was 'our own Government.'

The R. S. S. Chief who arrived in the city from Poona last evening addressed a press conference this morning at the Young Men's Hindu Association Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road and said that individual members of the R.S.S. would be free to join any political group or party of their choice but they are however, expected to keep their politics out while taking part in the affairs of the Sangh.

Speaking about the immediate objective of the Sangh, Mr. Golwalkar said that they would work hard to bring about unity on cultural basis among various groups in the Hindu community. Their long-term goal was to see that not a single individual in the country suffered from want.

Asserting that the Sangh would keep itself away from politics to achieve its objective of 'cultural unification" Mr. Golwalkar said if, however, his co-workers at a later stage found that the R.S.S. work on cultural lines was not sufficient they might find other avenues of work including even politics.

Asked if a member of any political party could join the Sangh, Mr. Golwalkar said all that was required of an R.S.S. member was "cultural loyalty". He was free eto join any political party so long as he kept his politics out while taking part in the affairs of the Sangh.

Mr. Golwalkar denied that the R.S.S. was preaching a 'cult of hatred' against non-Hindu communities.

In concluding Mr. Golwalkar gave a brief message to R.S.S. men saying that the needs of the country should be paramount irrespective of any ideology or party considerations. Every citizen in a democratic State is expected to be loyal to the Government.

Mr. Golwalkar earlier in the morning addressed a rally of over 10,000 R.S.S. men at the Shivaji Park ground.

Mr. Golwalkar is leaving for Nagpur this evening.

Kalyan R.S.S. Stirs Again

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, July 26.

The R.S.S. workers of Kalyan have revived their activities in uniforms, with regular parades and salutations of Bhagwa Jhenda.

Even though the ban on the Sangh has been lifted, holding of parades with flags is still taboo. Enquiries made in R.S.S. circles show that they are meeting shortly to elect office bearers to the Kalyan branch and get back to their old regular business.

MEHLI MEHTA'S VIOLIN RECITAL

BOMBAY, Monday.

A spontaneous and hearty ovation from a fully packed hall greeted Mehli Mehta on Monday evening at the Sir C. J. Hall at his first recital after three years spent in U. S. A. The reception given to him clearly shows that music lovers expect a good deal from him and are looking forward to him to lead all western music interests in Bombay as he did in the past through his genial personality and untiring efforts.

The programme of the evening started with Bach, to whom goes the credit of having established concerto music, and then it passed on to great composers of the last century. All the works were performed for the first time in Bombay except the "Carmen Fantaisie" performed 20 years ago by Mr. Zimbalist.

The orchestra under the very competent baton of Joseph de Lima gave a very balanced performance with the violin. Bach's A. Minor Concerto was rendered with the requisite animation and it was a revelation of the perfect technique of the soloist, Mehli Mehta brought out the strong emotional expression and the sensitiveness of Tschaikowsky's Concerto in D. Major and his delicate rendering of the melody was exquisite.

The second half of the programme contained Chausson's romantic poeme with de Lima. at the piano; the brilliant rendering exhibited the difficulties that would confront orchestral accompaniment of this complex composition. Sarasate's Carmen Fantaisie was followed by insistent encores and the soloist had to oblige four times. We are looking forward to his next recital on the 11th August.

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THREE DAYS AGAIN PROVE INSUFFICIENT FOR TEST

Sutcliffe's First Century Against England: Third Test Ends In Draw

MANCHESTER, July 26 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

THE Third Test Match also ended in a draw Brown England's Captain declared the home sides innings closed at 440 for 9 wickets, just 147 runs ahead of the New Zealand first innings score of 293. In the Second venture the New Zealanders shaped better and at the end of the days play scored 318 for 7. Sutcliffe scored his first test century against England and Donnelly carried his bat for 80.

F R. Brown England's captain decided to bat on when the third test against New Zealand was continued here today Although the weather continued fine, the skies were overcast and the atmosphere very humid.

With the pitch looking as perfect as ever, Brown called for the heaviest available roller in order to help start the wicket to crumble With six and a half hours left for play on this last day Brown joined Bailey and resumed at the overnight score of 363 for 5 wickets in reply to New Zealand's total of 293

Cowie was just as difficult to get away as yesterday and though the batsmen raced for every single, runs did not come faster than one a minute, 16 being scored in as many minutes.

Gradually however, the batsmen got on top and Bailey reached 50 out of 133 in 75 minutes Brown gave a chance to cover at 397 off Cowie but was caught at the same place at 404.

A few lusty hits by Evans helped to carry the total to 419 then he, Close and Hollies, were out without addition, Evans off a misfit and Hollies off a snick being caught behind the wicket and Close at deep square leg when trying a big hit.

Jackson, England's last, should have gone also at 419 but Reid marred an otherwise superb display of fielding by dropping an easy catch in the gully.

Bailey and Jackson took the score to 440 when the closure was applied.

The last pair had added 21 in 15 minutes.

Bailey carrying his bat for 72 had then scored 1039 runs this season and needed six wickets for his hundred to be the first cricketer to complete the double for the season.

With approximately five and a half hours left for play New Zealand began their effort to wipe off the arrears of 147 runs.

It was not surprising that Bailey seemed to lack his usual freshness when opening the attack in New Zealand's second innings and his first two deliveries were full tosses which were duly punished.

His first six overs conceded 25 runs before he gave way to Hollies which allowed Jackson to change ends.

Jackson clean bowled Scott with a ball that came back slightly and this was the second time in the match that Scott had fallen for the ominous score of 13. Jackson was bowling with plenty of fire and was unlucky when one delivery was completely missed by Hadlee and the ball lifted just above the stumps. It was not long, however, before Hadlee jumped out to Mollies failed to get to the pitch of the ball and skied a catch to Brown. The score was then 58 and Wallace joined Sutcliffe to play out time until lunch when Sutcliffe was not out 28.

Although there was an outside chance of England forcing a victory when play was continued after lunch another wicket was vitally necessary to them. Wallace was never looking happy against Hollies and it came as no surprise when the New Zealander was trapped before when playing back at 109. He was unlucky in as much as the ball kept low.

This brought Donnelly in for an all lefthanders partnership on which New Zealand's main hopes of saving the game rested. They were certainly best suited to deal with the deliveries of Hollies.

England's hopes faded as lefthanders took command of the bowling and long before tea an innings defeat was averted. Close had a few overs but looked innocuous and Sutcliffe treated him harshly. Brown himself went on and combined the legspin attack with Hollies at the other end kept batsmen quieter but did not prevent Sutcliffe from entering nineties. Soon after his stand with Donnelly had passed the half century.

Sutcliffe exceeded his best test score in England when the third of three sweeps to leg, all for four, took him past 82, his score in the first match of the present series. Brown tried several quick bowling changes and at 187 after Sutcliffe had just passed his century Compton broke the stand by getting Sutcliffe legbefore.

It was sweet revenge for the Middlesex man who just previously had been despatched for two successive fours by Sutcliffe.

Altogether Sutcliffe batted two hours and threequarters, hit twelve fours and played a chanceless innings for his first test century in this country.

Reid and Donnelly whose big stand in the first innings saved New Zealand were together until tea having added 28 runs.

New Zealand were then 68 runs in front and there remained only 115 minutes for play so that the draw seemed inevitable.

(Message Incomplete)

SCORE BOARD

NEW ZEALAND (1st Innings) ... 293

ENGLAND (1st Innings)

Hutton St. Mooney b Burtt	73
Washbrook c Mooney b Cowie	44
Edrich c Rabone b Burtt	76
Compton b Cowie	25
Simpson c Donnelly b Burtt	103
Bailey not out	72
Brown c Wallace b Burtt	22
Evans c Mooney b Burtt	12
Close c Rabone b Burtt	0
Hollies c Mooney b Cowie	0
Jackson not out	7
Extras	4
Total (for 9 declared)	440

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Cowie	36	8	98	3
Cave	30	4	97	0
Burtt	45	11	162	6
Rabone	10	0	43	0
Sutcliffe	5	0	22	0
Reid	2	0	14	0

NEW ZEALAND (2nd Innings)

Sutcliffe l.b.w. Compton	101
Scott b Jackson	13
Hadlee c Brown b Hollies	22
Wallace l.b.w. Hollies	14
Donnelly St. Evans b Brown	80
Reid b Bailey	25
Raoone not out	39
Mooney St. Evans b Brown	15
Burtt not out	27
Extras	12
Total (for 7 wickets)	318

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Bailey	16	0	71	1
Jackson	12	3	25	1
Hollies	26	6	52	2
Brown	21	3	71	2
Close	17	2	46	0
Compton	8	0	28	1
Edrich	5	0	26	0
Simpson	2	1	9	0
Washbrook	2	0	8	0
Hutton	1	1	0	0

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS

LONDON, July 26, (PTI-Reuter):—The following were the results in the county cricket league.

AT BRISTOL

Gloucestershire beat Lancashire by ten wickets.

Lancashire 220 and 139.

Gloucestershire 305 and 55 for 0.

AT BELFAST

Gents of Ireland beat Scotland by 73 runs Gents of Ireland 134 and 153; Scotland 80 and 134 (Newburn 3 for 23).

AT OVAL

Surrey beat Yorkshire by 132 runs.

Surrey 263 and 138; Yorkshire 169 and 100 (Lock, 4 for 43).

AT WORCESTER

Middlesex beat Worcestershire by innings and 54 runs.

Middlesex 623 for 5 declared; Worcestershire 188 and 381 (Outschoorn not out 94).

AT BOURNEMOUTH

Hampshire versus Glamorgan match drawn:

Hampshire 159 and 365 for six (Bailey 57, Walker not out 103, Shackleton 84).

Glamorgan 393.

AT MAIDSTONE

Kent versus Warwickshire match drawn:—

Kent 265 and 300 for nine declared (Ames 160).

Warwickshire 289 and 275 for nine (Dollery 198).

AT ILKESTON

Derbyshire vs. Nottinghamshire match drawn:—

Derbyshire 221 and 399 for six declared (Rhodes 126, Revil 79).

Nottinghamshire 234 and 198 for three (Keeton 87, Hardstaff not out 78).

Dutch Woman Attempts Channel Swim

CAP GRIS NEZ, July 26, (U.P.A.): Mrs. Willi Croes Van Rijsel, a 32-year-old Dutch housewife, leaped into the choppy waters of the English Channel on Tuesday and became the first woman to attempt to swim from France to England this season.

Mrs. Van Rijsel, a hefty 174 pounds, started her attempt over the advice of her manager who thought the channel was too rough.

She was covered with 25 pounds of grease.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p.m. DWUFC vs Wimco (practice).

5-45 p.m. St Francis Goans vs Rashids. (First Division Harwood League)

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4-30 p.m Assonora Blues vs. Bombay Stars (Musry Cup)

5-40 p.m Dockyard vs Bombay City (Second Division Harwood League)

GIP Rly. Ground, Parel

4-30 p.m St Sebastians 'A' vs Little Flower 'A" (Fifth Division Harwood League)

TABLE TENNIS

P.V.M. Gymkhana

5 p.m onwards: First Round of Boy's Singles (P.V.M Open T T Tournament)

BADMINTON

Bandra Gymkhana

6 p.m onwards: Bombay Suburban Open Tournament.

C.C.I

6 p.m. onwards: Bombay Suburban Open Tournament.

POONA RACES START ON SATURDAY

Handicaps For First Day

BOMBAY, July 26 (P.T.I.): The following are the handicaps for the first day of Poona Meeting 1949—Summer Races to be held on Saturday, July 30.

The Bhopal Plate (Div. I) Seven Furlongs. Manzoor 9.4, Aflatoon 8.13, Saita 8.11, Ghizala 8.11, Courage 8.11, Play On 8.11, Sweetie Shah 8.8, Ayaaz 8.8, Musafir 8.8, Kalpana 8.6, London Tan 8.6, Gentle Whisper 8.4, Lady Cleopatra 8.2, Queen of Gwalior 8.0 and Rival 8.0.

The Bhopal Plate (Div. II) Seven Furlongs. Bashir 9.4, Shivaji 9.1, Deuce of Clubs 9.1, Windsor Knight 8.12, Pold Bandit 8.10, Spring Chicken 8.9, Shah Nawaz 8.9, Your Majesty 8.9, Hikmet 8.9, Mah-I-Nau 8.8, Show On 8.7, Star Saphire 8.7, King's Star 8.6, Aarzu 8.0 and Full Poppy (dead).

The Loni Plate (Div. I) Six Furlongs. Dashera 9.0, Prince of Mahad 8.12, Neola 8.12, Mirella 8.11, The Girl Friend 8.11, Gang Bhup 8.9, Vagabond Queen 8.8, Magnificent 8.6, Who Knows 8.5; Riviera 8.5, Adorable 8.4, Navroze 8.4, Blue Arrow 8.3 and Lizalee 8.1.

The Loni Plate (Div. II) Six Furlongs. Mardan 9.4, Hercules 9.2, Merry Windsor 9.2, Sweetest Desire 8.13, Tamanna 8.10, Magic Hour 8.9, Untamed Prince 8.7, Army and Navy 8.7, Gipsy Bill 8.6, Celeste 8.4, President 7.10, Zanzavat 7.6 and Mayfair Lady 7.4.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances).

The Shende Plate 1 mile. Sinhgarh 9.4, Gwalior Express 9.4, Bentex 9.1, Parwin 8.9, Prove It 8.7, Magic Love 8.4, Midinette 8.2, Gurjari 8.2, Phone Again 7.10, Marvel 7.6 and Titina 7.6.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances).

The Neral Plate (Div. I) Six Furlongs. Bihari 8.12, Maniana 8.12, Poldo 8.12, Desert Knight 8.12, Chand Chakor 8.12, Parker Prince 8.12, Lerins 8.12, Summer Lightning 8.12, Lira Malt 8.12, Pick Pocket 8.12, Reshone 8.12, Nea Hellas 8.12 and Shah Fredoon 8.12.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances).

The Neral Plate (Div II) Six Furlongs. Basilian 8.12, Rustum 8.12, Mansoor Beg 8.12, Thunderer 8.12, Bara Mulla 8.12, Marhaba 8.12, Loyal Prince 8.12, Fox Trot 8.12, Pelion 8.12, Mack 8.12, Malabar Star 8.12, Triple Alliance 8.12 and Pessimist 8.12.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances).

The Neral Plate (Div. III) Six Furlongs. Heartbreaker 8.12, Big Boss 8.12, Rajaji 8.12, Botticelli 8.12, Stoney 8.12, Tawaqui 8.12, Indian Gem 8.12, Havana 8.12, Furat 8.12, Little Star 8.12, Tarahua 8.12, Pretty Town 8.12 and Leader 8.12.

OUTSIDERS WIN AT SECUNDERABAD

SECUNDERABAD, July 26.

The following are results of today's (6th day) Secunderabad Races:—

The Mufakham Jah Cup (Division II) 6 furlongs.

TIME STEP 9-0 Ahmed Khan 1, NAUFAL 9-4, Fitzgerald 2, KHALID ZOBAE 9-0, Henderson 3, PRINCE FAISAL 9-3, Raut 4.

Won by: 1 length, 1 length, 1 length.
Not run: Ratib Al Zaman.
Time: 1 minute 26 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 27 for Win, Rs. 7, 8/8 and Rs. 10 for places.
Winner trained by: Baba Khan
Favourite: Naufal.

The Palestine Plate 1 mile 1 1/2 furlongs.

MOZAN 9-3, Fazal Rehman 1, SHARJEEL 8-8, Raut 2, ABU MUSLIM 8-11, Bhoor Singh 3, GOLSHAN 8-8, Mohmed Khan 4.

All ran.
Won by: 1 1/2 length, hd, 1/2 length.
Time: 2 minutes 23 1/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 107 for Win, Rs. 24, Rs. 20 and Rs. 19 for places.
Winner trained by: Mohamed Lahori.
Favourite: Mountaineer.

The Basalat Jah Cup 1 1/4 miles.

BOSWELL 8-12, Ahmed Khan 1, KALYAN 8-13, A. G. Thompson 2, SUGAR PALM 9-14, B. McQuade 3, TAP DANCE 9-7, Stevens 4.

Not run: My Baby.
Won by: sh-hd, 1/2 length, 1/2 length.
Time: 2 minutes 19 2/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 65/8 for Win, Rs. 12/8, Rs. 9 and Rs. 7 for places.
Winner trained by: Baba Khan.
Favourite: Sugar Palm.

The Mufakham Jah Cup (Division I) 6 furlongs

CAN YOU 8-0, Mullsingh 1, HEAD WORKER 9-4, Fitzgerald 2, ROMP HOME 8-1, A. G. Thompson 3, HORMAZDIYAR 7-7, G. Silva 4.,

Not run: Mars.
Won by: 3 lengths, sh-hd, 1/2 length.
Time: 1 minute 24 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 41 for Win, Rs. 9/8, Rs. 10 and Rs. 7 for places.
Winner trained by: G. A. Haji.
Favourite: Russian Bandit.

The Bella Vista Cup 1 mile.

MA BELLE 8-12, J. O'Neale 1, ROYAL EXPRESS 7-11, Nathoo Singh 2, MARCH ON 8-2, Stevens 3, POPPET 8-6, Mullsingh 4.

Not run: Rio Doce, Sir Knight, Brother Scribe, Artistic Touch.
Won by: 2 1/2 length, sh-hd, 1/2 length.
Time: 1 minute 43 1/5 seconds
Tote paid: Rs. 20 for Win, Rs. 7/8, Rs. 19/8 and Rs. 8/8 for places.
Winner trained by: Ali Khan.
Favourite: Ma Belle.

The Kolhapur Plate (Division II) 6 furlongs.

ALMA 7-4, Henderson 1, KHUSHROO 7-5, Raut 2, R. A. F. 8-1, Fazal Rehman 3, PLUCKY PRINCESS 9-2, B. McQuade 4.

Not run: Sabah al Khair, Rajlaxmi, Royal Gambler, Happiness.
Won by: 2 1/2 lengths, 1/2 length, 1 length.
Time: 1 minute 16 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 51 for Win, Rs. 15, Rs. 19/8 and Rs. 12/8 for places.
Winner trained by: M. Farah.
Favourite: Plucky Princess.

The Kolhapur Plate (Division I) 6 furlongs.

GLEAMING 7-5, Raut 1, BROADCAST 8-2, A. G. Thompson 2, PEPPERMINT 9-2, J. O'Neale 3, CARPALA 9-1, Stevens 4.

Not run: Post to Post, Mr. Rambler, Miss Harmony.
Won by: 1 length, nk, 1/2 length.
Time: 1 minute 17 3/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 64/8 for Win, Rs. 18/8, Rs. 11 and Rs. 11/8 for places.
Winner trained by: Lt-Col Kerr.
Favourite: Carpala.
Treble event tote paid Rs. 4,796 on one ticket.

International Horse Show

Prince Bernhard of the Netherlands riding Veronique, takes a jump at the International Horse Show at the White City Stadium. The Prince has entered three horses for the show and is riding them himself.

'VIZZY' WANTS MANTLE OF CAPTAINCY TO FALL ON MODI IN ABSENCE OF MERCHANT

Ex-Indian Skipper Feels The Necessity Of Appointing A Young Leader

NEW DELHI, July 26 (P.T.I.).

THE Maharajkumar of Vizianagram, President of the United Provinces Cricket Association said here to-day that he had asked the Secretary of the U.P.C.A., Mr. M. Mustafa to propose the name of Vijay Merchant for captaincy of the Indian Test team which is to meet the Commonwealth side touring India next winter.

Names for captaincy of the Indian team will be proposed at the annual general meeting of the Board of Control for Cricket in India scheduled to be held in Bombay on July 31.

The Maharajkumar, who is on a visit to Delhi added that if Merchant felt he was unable to accept the captaincy of the Test team on health gounds, the name of Mr. Rusi Mody of Bombay should be proposed instead.

"The reason for suggesting the name of Rusi Modi", the Maharajkumar said, "is that he is an outstanding batsman, holds a very good social status and as he is young it is felt that the experience he will gain by captaining India against the Commonwealth team will stand him in good stead to pilot India when she visits England and the West Indies in 1952 and 1953 respectively.

It is absolutely necessary to have someone young enough to shoulder the responsibility of the future when India goes out to foreign countries".

The Maharajkumar has also asked Mr. Mustafa for pressing for a Test match to be alloted to the U.P.

"C. K." Hopes For A Hundred Against Tourists

INDORE, July 26, (U.P.I.): "I am glad that the Commonwealth Cricket Team is coming to India some time in October next, I shall have many interesting matches with them" said Col. C. K. Nayudu, the well-known Indian cricketer in an interview, here today.

"I hope" he continued some more young talents will be discovered this season to strengthen India's cricket Test strength".

Discussing the composition of the Commonwealth team, he said: "It is a combination of cricket talents from more than one country where cricket is played at a very high level and as such it is going to prove to be a very good team".

"I am glad that India will have a chance to see Frank Worrell and his run-getting skill, about whom many great things have been told. When Worrell and Everton Weekes will take a stand it will be interesting to watch their style and their strokes with the bat."

"In short" continuing he said: "The team appears to me a well knit one, but, I hope, India, with its present strength of cricket talents, will do better than the visitors in the matches which will be played this season".

Disclosing his desire to play against the visitors, he said "I hope I will be able to smuggle in one of the home teams to play against them, and will try to pinch a hundred or two".

He then said: "I am proud that cricket is doing much towards achieving world peace, and when, through cricket, common fellowship, better understanding and universal peace is achieved, cricket will have served its purpose. I am happy that more and more cricket visitors are touring India and this will certainly strengthen our relation with the nations of the world".

P. V. M. TABLE TENNIS COMMENCES TODAY

Excellent Response In All The Events

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The following is the draw of the P. V. M. Gymkhana Open Table Tennis Tournament which commences tomorrow:—

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Mrs. Nasikvala vs. Miss R. Sataravala; Miss Walawalker vs. Miss P. Billimoria; Miss K. Lotwalla vs. Miss S. Seth; Miss Usha Kapadia vs. Mrs. Mr. Bharuch; Miss F. Dastoor vs. D. Player; Miss U. T. Munshi vs. Mrs. M. L. Nadkarni; Miss M. A. Bhatia vs. E. Player; Miss P. T. Munshi vs. Mrs. M. Gajendrasingh.

Mrs. B. Cama vs. Miss K. Bijur, Miss M. Canteenvala vs. B. Player Miss S. Motivala vs. C. Player; Miss D. C. Mistry vs. A. Player: Miss C Kilachand vs. Miss D. Eastavala; Miss G. Tarapore vs. Miss D. Munshi; Miss A. Joosab vs. Miss Indu Desai; Miss D. Billimoria vs. Miss S. Dharap.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

Mrs M. Gajendrasingh and Miss R. Shroff vs. Miss S. Motivala and Miss G. Tarapore; Miss F. Dastoor and Miss M. Kanka vs. D Pair; Miss R. Sataravala and Miss S. Amladi vs. Miss D. Munshi and Miss D. C. Mistry; Miss Indu Desai and Partner vs. C. Pair.

B. Pair vs. Miss Bhatia and Miss U. T. Munshi; E Pair vs. Miss D. Billimoria and Partner; A. Pair vs. Miss Z. Kapadia and Miss R. Mirza; Miss K. Lotwalla and Partner vs. Mrs. B. Cama and Mrs. M. Bharucha.

MIXED DOUBLES

Mrs. Nasikvala and D. H. Kapadia bye; A pair bye; Miss S. Motivala and R. Muthuswamy bye; Miss R. Sataravala and P. Kumar bye; Miss A. Joosab and I. Joosab bye; Mrs. B. Cama and N. B. Mistry bye; B. Pair vs. Miss A. Pavry and F. Antia; C. Pair vs. Miss S. Dharap and B. A. Laljee.

Mrs. Bharucha and J. Patkar vs. Miss M. Canteenvala and Partner; Miss P. Billimoria and R. Screwalla vs. Miss K. Mistry and Mr Narayan; Miss D. Munshi and A. Engineer bye; Miss I. Desai and Mr. Nadkarni bye; Miss D. C. Mistry and Partner bye; Mr. Jethu Parikh and Partner bye; Miss V. Abhyanker and Partner bye; Miss Walawalker and H. M. Khanchand bye.

BOYS' SINGLES

N. N. Mulla bye; Behram Bharucha bye; A. C. Kapadia bye; S. E. Dastur bye; J. M. Joshi vs. Baji S. Bharucha; C. N. Honavar vs. Farrouk Dossa; M. N. Dossa vs. A. H. Dastoor; Jayendra Mehta vs. Fali A. Poncha.

Aziz Dossa vs. Nazir Chenoy; Kersy K. Lalkaka vs. Noshir A. D. Shroff; E. C. Baria vs. K. Karanjia; M. Poonawala vs. A. Player; Tanil R. Kilachand bye; Habib Dossa bye; S H. Tejani bye; I. Joosab bye.

National Sports Club Working Committee Meets

NEW DELHI, July 26. (PTI): The Working Committee of the National Sports Club of India studied the blue prints for the Nehru Stadium in New Delhi and the Vallabhbhai Patel Stadium in Bombay at a meeting yesterday, the Secretary of the Club said.

The meeting was presided over by the Maharaja of Patiala, Chairman of the Working Committee, General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief Indian Army. Mr Shankar Prasad, Chief Commissioner of Delhi Province, Nawab of Pataudi, Maharajkumar of Vizianagram and Dr. Tara Chand were among the members present.

The Working Committee also scrutinised the memorandum and articles of association of the Club.

The Secretary of the Club said the final meeting of the Working Committee will be held at New Delhi on August 17, when a report of its work will be submitted to the central Committee which will meet on August 18.

GYMKHANA TROUNCED BY RAILWAYMEN

Spate Of Goals In Senior Harwood League

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

G.I.P. Railway had complete sway over Bombay Gymkhana in this evening's Harwood League encounter at the Cooperage. The Railway finally chalked up six goals with the Gymkhana being able to net only once. Bombay Gymkhana's goalie, Birtwistle saved his side from a much bigger score being registered.

Bombay Gymkhana's goal maintained a clean sheet for only a period of five minutes during which interval the Railway had the Gymkhana goalie at their mercy but Birtwistle saved once from Tully and then from Tambe, but in the sixth minute Michael D'Souza from down the line sent in a goal-mouth pass to Shiva, who beat Gym's goalie from close in.

Soon Tully commited a capital blunder when Gym's goalie Birtwistle was beaten by a high shot he stepped in and headed a ball that was making its own course into an untenanted goal. A minute later, however, when the Gymkhana deep defence failed to intercept Tully, he had an open shot, but the ball hit the cross-bar and rebounded on to Tambe, who headed the ball past a helpless custodian.

A gift goal came the Railwaymen's side when Watson covering Birtwistle in goal deflected a straight shot from the right wing Michael which entered the net safely. The Gymkhana failed to take advantage of a penalty kick awarded against the Railwaymen's left back for fouling Bakstrom. Collins took the kick but failed to convert.

Shiva from close in accepted a grand short pass from Balaram, the left-outer who scored beating Birtwistle and Hayworth on the goaline in the second last minute before the interval. The Railway were now four goals to the good.

Ten minutes after the breather Shiva gave the Railway their fifth goal off a through pass from Michael D'Souza. Shiva kicked from the corner of the box.

Seven minutes later Bush the Gymkhana right outer broke away and sent across a nice forward pass which Smithers accepted and just managed to beat Pathoo, the Railway custodian Bush repeated his first run with repeated his first run with two fine shots which though they missed the goal narrowly, were really very creditable attempts.

Tambe registered the Railways sixth goal when he beat Linford on the run and shot past Birtwistle with a high shot and with time drawing to an end the Railway won by six goals to one.

The teams:—

G.I.P. RAILWAY:— Pathoo; Pavey, Eagle; A. Duncan, B. Duncan, B. Fernandes; Michael D'Souza, Tully, Tambe, Shiva, Balaram.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA:— Birtwistle; Watson, Hayworth; Linford; Collins, Jones, Bush, Bakstrom, Smithers, Smollet, Mullock.

Referee: D. M. Mandon.

Parel Soccer

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Asbestos Cement Sports Club prevailed over India Culture League by a solitary goal scored by Mahavir in the Second Division of the Indian Football League.

Earlier in the same tournament Volkart Bros. Sport Club gained a similar decision against Blue Wizards. B. Silveira scored the all-important goal for the winners.

On the Railway Ground, Ahmed Sailor High School scored a single goal to beat St. Xavier's High School 'B'. M. Ibrahim was the goalgetter.

HYDERABAD TO MEET BOMBAY

Inter-Provincial Football Tournament

CALCUTTA, July 26, (PTI): Following are the results of two matches played in the First Round of the Inter-Provincial Tournament which commenced here today.

West Bengal 9, C.P. 0.
Hyderabad 3, Orissa 0.

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL LEAGUE

CALCUTTA, July 26, (PTI): Following are the results of the two matches played in the First Division League tournament today:—

George Telegraph 2, Calcutta 0
Calcutta Garrison 4, Rangers 2.

INDONESIAN SOCCER TEAM IN SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE, July 25, (PTI): An Indonesian soccer team of 18 has arrived in Singapore to play five matches against Singapore sides.

The visit has been aranged by the Singapore Chinese Football Association whose secretary stated that the Indonesian team was a representative side selected by the Chung Hwa Football Association of Indonesia.

Khoo Tjiong Khiem, the visiting skipper, said on arrival, that his players were fit and confident of putting up a good show. They had beaten an all-Batavia eleven by four goals to two before leaving Batavia.

The Indonesians will play against the R.A.F. Army and Navy combined Malay Football Association. Singapore and the Singapore Chinese Football Association and will leave on the August for Batavia.

FANCIED PLAYERS TO THE FORE

Suburban Badminton

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Further progress was made in the Suburban Badminton Tournament this evening when the men's singles event entered the third round.

Fancied players were to the fore again today and seeded players Homi Taleyarkan and Burjor Shroff won their rounds comfortably.

P. S. Nilkant who had turned the tables recently at Nasik on the International player Baba Ullal, gave an impressive display when he accounted for V. Vasantrao in 2 straight games conceding only nine points in all. The match between T. Prabhakar and S. S. Suri went to three sets, and the former after winning the first game lost the second one at 10-15, but made no mistake in the last one, which he bagged at 15-3.

A Marathon struggle in the men's doubles between C. J. D'Souza and A. Athaide and Antia and Moses resulted in a victory for the former after three hard-fought games.

The following were the results:—

Men's Singles

Homi Taleyarkhan beat C. Dias, 15-6, 15-7; B. D. Shroff beat Swami, 15-6, 15-11; Gregory Fernandis beat K. K. Sachadev, 15-12, 15-4; T. Prabhakar beat S. S. Suri, 15-6, 10-15 15-3; M. N. Desai beat C. L. DeSouza 15-11, 15-9; P. S. Nilkant beat V Vasantrao, 15-4, 15-5; A. A. Kavarana beat T. Lefebour 15-2, 15-2;

MEN'S DOUBLES

C. J. D'Souza and A. Athaide beat Antia and Moses, 14-17, 18-16, 15-8, D. G. Mulekar and M. R. Kundaji beat P. R Raut and R B. Pradhan, 15-9, 15-3

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Miss Bethy Farias walk over Mrs. C. Castellino.

TODAY'S FIXTURES

At the Bandra Gymkhana:

6 p.m. onwards: Henry Pereira and Mrs B. Castellino vs. S. R. Shah and Another; N. J Antia and Mrs R. Gazdar vs. Miss V. Oak and D. V. Shirset; E. M Fernandes and Mrs J. S Naguer vs. M. Perreira and Another; P T. Bhide and Another vs. C. D. Dias and Another; S. S. Paralekar and Shete vs R. Abraham and K. R. Panjri; E. Moses vs. S. T Suri; C J. D'Souza vs. P. T. Bhide; S. S. Parulekar vs. M R Kundaji.

At the C.C.I.:

6 p.m. onwards: V. Vasantrao and R. Panvelkar vs. B. P Koppikar and P Thakersey; C. L. De Souza and G. Fernandis vs. G. Y. Gupte and another; S S. Suri and another vs S. G. Damle and another; G. P. Shirke and B. D. Shroff vs. Parulekar and Herlekar.

Hockey At Madras

MADRAS, July 26, (PTI:)— Spencers Sports Club won the Thomas Cup in the Ever Merry Hockey Tournament here today, beating the M.S.M. Railway by three goals to two in the Final. The score was 1/1 at half time.

AUSSIE ABORIGINES TO CARRY OLYMPIC TORCH

Proposal Before Olympic Organising Committee

MELBORUNE, July 26, (P.T.I.-Reuter): Australian aborigines will carry the Olympic torch across Australia from Darwin to Melbourne in 1956, if the proposal before the games organising committee is accepted. It has the support of Sir Frank Beaurepaire, one of the delegates who stated Melbourne's case at the Olympic committees meeting in Rome this year.

If the aborigines are chosen to carry the Olympic torch there will be a choice of two routes both more than 2,000 miles in length.

India's Lingiad Team Leaves For Sweden

LONDON, July 25 (P.T.I.): A cult of strength and grace through physical exercise, some of which has been practised in India over 5,000 years, will be demonstrated at the Lingiad Festival, Stockholm, by 26 Indian athletes, who flew from Britain to Sweden.

The team, which includes two girls, has been recruited from present and past students, by the Physical Culture Institute of Hanuman Vyayam Prasarak Mandal, Amraoti.

Their manager Mr. H. V. Deshpande, who flies to Stockholm tomorrow, told today, that after the Lingiad festival theo team would tour Denmark, the Netherlands, France and Switzerland, returning to London late on September when they hoped to give a display of Indian physical culture for the benefit of British people.

One of many interesting features of the show contemplated would be exercised on a 'mallakhamb' (greasy pole).

The athletes would also demonstrate how yoga could be applied to everyday mutual co-operation.

The Bombay Chronicle

If you would preserve peace, then prepare for peace.

—ENFANTIN.

AMERICAN MILITARY AID

The Big Powers in their various treaties, charters and agreements during the War established two contrary principles relating to national sovereignty. The first was the right of peoples to choose the kind of Government under which they would like to live. The second was the recognition of regional zones in which the authority of one or the other Big Powers was recognised as a special interest. The acceptance of the second must naturally lead to a direct infringement of the first. And it is possible—as things have developed this has been practically demonstrated—to violate the second without respecting the first. It is inevitable in view of the fact that Soviet Russia and the Western Powers champion different interests in all countries that there should be points of controversy all along the line. And there is nothing surprising in the fact that such championing should cause trouble between Russia and the U.S.A. as the leading champion of the other point of view. It was for a time hoped that these differences could be settled peacefully. If the Soviet State and the Western Powers could restore agreement on zonal lines, then there could be peace—at the cost of the small nations. But, since such agreement cannot last, there is bound to be an outbreak of conflict in course of time. This is not a question of ideological conflict. Soviet Russia has not completely abandoned the idea of instigating proletarian revolt and socialist agitation in other lands. Neither has the West given up the post-World War I aspiration of changing the Russian system. But neither of these will go to armed conflict over this controversy. It is a matter of power politics. The Western Powers in seeking to strengthen the resistance of small nations are not acting from any altruism. They are looking at it in the light of weakening Soviet Russia. Similarly, Russia which has been pressing for regionalism, is pursuing the policy initiated by M. Stalin when he built up Russia's capacity for resistance to Nazi Germany and reduced the threat of aggression to Russia to the minimum possible. From their own points of view, there is nothing wrong in their respective attitudues. The small nations lying in the path of the Big Powers have little option but to follow the lead of the Big Powers. But the policies that are developed in the pursuit of these aims, lead not to world peace but to war. And they reveal an inability to adjust themselves, on the part of the leading personalities of the Big Powers, to a world that is living in the age of the atom. This mentality must inevitably postpone the application of the atomic discovery the world over to constructive work and prolong the present interest in the Atom Bomb.

It is against this background that President Truman's demand before the American Congress for 1450 million dollars is to be seen. The amount is to help countries of Western Europe, and Greece, Turkey and Iran, and the Philippines and Korea to equip themselves; a reserve of 45 million dollars is provided for "in the event of unforeseen developments". The military aid visualized by the American President expressly excludes atomic secrets. Britain had asked for them, as well as access to Canada's uranium stocks. The American objection to the setting up of atom bomb factories in Europe is that they will be within easy reach of Russia and that secrets might leak out through Communists. Britain is linked with France by the Brussels Pact and French atomic research is headed by a Communist, M. Joliot-Curie. The American President held a secret conference of those concerned in guiding atomic research in the United States recently at Blair House and these questions must be in his mind. There has also been the report that Russia tried out her first atom bomb in Siberia recently, and the Russian physicist, Peter Kapitza, has a sufficiently important international reputation to make the world speculate on the result. Moreover, the dangers of atom bomb factories in Europe is not ruled out by America's rejection—this is a logical inference from the speech of Mr. Truman—of the British demand. Britain had hinted that refusal would entail more research and more expenditure but would not prevent her from going ahead.

The nature of American aid to anti-Communist resistance elsewhere, nearer to Russia, lands, therefore, is mainly psychological. The real question for the aided nations is how soon and how promptly can America come to their rescue directly, with men, weapons and, in fact, all her resources. On the answer to this question should depend the attitude of most of the nations who profit by the aid. Mr. Truman has answered the question in his own way. By observing that the United States has no intention of allowing the peoples of Western Europe to be overrun before its own power can be brought to bear, Mr. Truman indicated that there would be an interval even whilst he said that the move he contemplated would enable the nations to ward off the danger effectively; by withholding atomic secrets and atomic weapons from the aided countries, he revealed his fear that precautionary assistance might prove inadequate. Logically, the aided nations would do well to adjust themselves to this situation. But, since all of them have already declared themselves against Communism and against Soviet Russia, it is doubtful if this consideration will weigh with all of them. Sooner or later, some one nation amongst these will over-reach itself and trouble will be precipitated. To prevent this and to use the American assistance to the best advantage it will be necessary for common policies and objectives being definitely drawn up in the immediate future. The aided nations must declare what exactly they stand for. The American "helping hand" must be utilised to convince the peoples of these nations and the peoples of nations linked with them that they too are the gainers from it. Instead of infusing an attitude of "anti-Russianism", the psychological lead must be employed to strengthen themselves internally. Britain, France, Belgium and the Netherlands, who will be the chief beneficiaries of the scheme, have the greatest responsibilities in this matter. They can make a good beginning by casting aside imperialism and building up national movements in Asia and Africa. In Europe itself, they can advance the cause which they hold in common with America, by ceasing assistance to reactionary regimes. Internally, they must resist the temptation to use the aid to bolster up their own regimes and to cow down opposition. The inclusion of a country like Fascist Portugal in the list of aided countries without any prior insistence on democratic forms is unfortunate but what has not been made sure at the American end can be made good at the European receiving end. Evidently the Netherlands settlement with Indonesia was brought about as a preparation for the American President's announcement. The same influence should be exerted to ensure democratic institutions throughout the aided nations. Only then can the American gesture, which by itself is too feeble to restrain war, be converted into a foundation-stone for peace the world over. No effort should be spared in achieving this end.

Conscription For Social Service

The Government of Bombay is considering the possibility of "conscripting" student's of secondary schools and colleges for compulsory social service during the course of their education or within two years of completion "as an essential part of their education". The idea of wide-spread social service and enrichment of education through such service is doubtless very fascinating. But if the idea is really to improve education or even to ensure some social service from a large number of students, why not begin with a scheme of voluntary service suitably rewarded? In the light of experience the scheme may be made compulsory if it is found necessary to do so. Schemes of conscription for social service are possible or even popular in grave emergencies like a land and when the Government is itself universally popular. At present, there is no emergency which cannot be faced with schemes of voluntary service. And just at present, the Government cannot be said to be quite so popular as it was two or three years ago. In any case, instead of bringing fresh hornets' nests about its years, the Bombay Government may safely content itself with schemes of voluntary social service for students and the public in general.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

Military co-operation between Pakistan and the United States was forecast by Lt. Col. Iskandar Mirza, secretary of the Pakistan Defence Ministry, who has been on a six-week tour of army installations and defence plants in America.

Coincidentally, Lt. Col. Mirza's revelations of the plans for military co-operation were followed by the news that the State Department and the U.S. Air Force had approved of a contract for training cadets from the Pakistan Air Force.

—New York Report.

* * *

Explaining his democratic relations with the Government and the "December Movement" of the R.S.S., Mr. Golwalkar is reported to have urged that the movement was not "meant to break any laws. If at all, it aimed at safeguarding the rights of an individual, which India's constitution guaranteed to its citizens".

We seem to have heard that one before.

* * *

"If the present Government collapses, there is sufficient talent in the country to take its place"—Sarat Babu.

And every talent being firmly convinced that it—sorry, that he and his policy and technique are THE goods.

* * *

At the abortive session of the Labour Central Advisory Council in Delhi Employers' representatives, who have now changed their minds about profit-sharing, are reported to have pointed out that, as a result of fair wages, which included many new items not originally envisaged (sic), industry would not expand and would thereby create more unemployment in the country.

We are convinced. Let there be no fair wages.

* * *

The 1450 million dollar defence-against-Russia fund is proposed by President Truman to be allocated as follows: 1,093,450 dollars to Western Europe, 300,580,000 dollars to Greece, Turkey, Iran, Philippines and Korea and 45,000,000 as "emergency fund" for "unforeseen developments".

To set apart only forty-five million dollars for "unforeseen developments" is too much, too unforeseeing.

* * *

Thus President Truman: "The American people value peace and freedom above all things. Our ratification of the North Atlantic Pact with the overwhelming support of the Senate and the people shows our determination to preserve this peace and freedom".

That almost suggests the theoretical possibility of the U.S. entering into the Third World War without the usual period of-er-preparation.

* * *

"With," adds the U.S. President, "our partners in the (Atlantic) Pact and other like-minded peoples we must work patiently and tirelessly to make the United Nations ever more effective for its great task."

Not we hope, the great task of making South Africa (South-West Africa included) a yet more fit place for Whites to live in.

GAMBLING IN BRITAIN

THE British Royal Commission on Gambling, which was appointed earlier this year under the chairmanship of Mr. H. U. Wilink, is now getting down to work. It held its first two public inquiries on Wednesday and Thursday, when it heard evidence from the Home Office, the Post Office and other Government departments. Much of the groundwork has already been covered by the previous Royal Commission under Mr. Justice Rowlatt in 1933, but the growth of betting, particularly on football pools, since that date and the desire of present-day Chancellors to tap such a tantalising source of revenue have given the problem of gambling a new twist. The present Royal Commission has been given wide terms of reference; they will probably confine themselves to deciding how widespread gambling is, whether it is harming the welfare of the nation, and how to spread the Chancellor's net so as to catch all who benefit and not only those who have the misfortune to attract his attention already.

INFORMATION DIFFICULT

The outstanding fact about gambling, as the Home Office pointed out, is that so little statistical information about it can be obtained or verified. It would take a posse of many detectives, for instance, to ascertain the basic facts about bookmakers—how many there are, how large their turnover is, and how many people they employ. No one can say with any certainty how big the betting industry is; the amount of money and people involved, the social and economic effects of gambling, are all largely matters of guesswork. The Post Office can make estimates of how much is spent on football pools, and the owners of totalisators at horse races and dog tracks are obliged by law to publish their turnover. But the large number of bookmakers who carry on their business outside the pools and the totalisators, on the course and off the course, legally and illegally, are not obliged to publish their accounts.

MONEY INVOLVED

Any estimate of the total amount of money spent on betting, therefore, is liable to very large errors. The ascertainable figures for 1948 in the three main spheres of betting—horses, greyhounds and football—are given below:—

Totalisators at horse races	**£ 26 million**
Totalisators at dog tracks	**£ 95 million***
Football pools	**£61 million**

Football pools and the totalisators at horse races show a slight increase over the figures for 1947, but the totalisators on dog tracks show a marked drop of about £36 million, which is probably due to the tax imposed on them in the Autumn Budget of 1947 and to the resultant shift of betting into the hands of bookmakers.

The amount of money passing through the hands of bookmakers is not, of course, known. But calculations based on a Mass Observation survey, undertaken in 1947 for a voluntary organisation called Education and Action for Leisure, suggest that bookmakers took not less than £100 million and not more than £300 million in bets in 1947. The guess of a total turnover on betting of about £400 million is, therefore, subject to a possible error of at least 25 per cent.

It is important to remember, however, that this sum represents turnover, and a substantial part of it does find its way back into the pockets of the public. Again, it is almost impossible to discover what proportion of the public's money sticks to the bookmakers and the pools. (The totalisators take 6 per cent, and the tax on greyhound totes take an extra 10 per cent.). Such evidence as there is points to a figure of between 15 and 20 per cent, which bookmakers apparently regard as being enough to cover their expenses— which are high—and to give them a reasonable profit. If the higher of these two figures is taken, the actual cost of betting to the public may be of the order of £80 million.

PEOPLE EMPLOYED

The pools employ about 37,000 men and women, at least half of whom work part-time only. Shortly before the war, it was said that there were 30,000 bookmakers and this figure is perhaps as good a guese as any; nearly all the people they employ are on part-time or else carry out their work in addition to their normal employment. The Ministry of Labour, in their evidence to the Royal Commission, gave the number of those employed on betting as 40,000, which does not presumbly include those on part-time work. It is open to conjecture how many jockeys, trainers, stewards, postmen, police printers, groundsmen and the many other skilled men and women involved by organised racing would lose their livelihood if there were no gambling on the results.

How many people bet? The answer depends on the definition of betting. If every form of gambling from a whist drive at a church fete to roulette played in a smoke-ridden room in Soho is included, 72 per cent. of the adult population, according to Mass Observation, have gambled at one time or another. If gaming, competitions and lotteries are omitted, the figures are:

	of all people above the age of 16 years
Horse racing	49 per cent
Football pools	44 per cent
Greyhound racing	18 per cent

The average value of a single bet in 1947, according to the same source, was:—

Horses	**4s. 6d.— 5s. 9d.**
Pools	**2s. 6d.— 3s. 4d.**
Dogs	**8s. 0d.—10s. 6d.**

It is generally believed that in 1948 the average amount staked had fallen.

SOCIAL EFFECT

The social effect of betting is even more difficult to assess. It is undoubtedly true that betting absorbs a great deal of working as well as leisure time, and therefore that it slows down production to some extent. On the other hand, it is probably much less true now than it was fifty or even twenty years ago, that family life is jeopardised or that morals are seriously corrupted by mass gambling.

The mere fact that so great a proportion of the public now accept betting as a normal form of entertainment has removed much of the viciousness from it. Pool forms are filled up in the family circle and they are for the most part regarded as competitions and not as a form of gambling. Betting on horses and dogs has become an all-embracing medium of social contact. Those who are responsible for enforcing the gaming and betting laws are convinced that if gambling were eradicated, other more damaging vices would spring up in its place.

But whether this contention is true or not, fact remains that too much money and too much time are being spent on betting. Attempts at prohibition may be unwise on several counts, but clearly the influence of the state should, wherever possible, be cast on the side of a curtailment of gambling.

UNSATISFACTORY LEGISLATION

The trend of legislation on betting and gaming has been on the one hand

(Continued on page 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Egyptian Premier's Resignation

The explanation given about the unexpected resignation of the Egyptian Premier, Ibrahim Abdel Hadi Pasha, is not unplausible. With a general election due soon, it is quite likely that the Premier was having difficulties. The fact of Egyptian politics is that the party, which unquestionably commands popular support in the country is the Wafdist Party. For various reasons, it has been, during recent years, out of the picture; and the government that has run the affairs of the country has been formed of a coalition of parties with a majority inside Parliament but with poor support outside. Given free elections, these parties, held together because the Wafd was out, feel that their prospects will not be bright. "Difficulties" might well have arisen among them. At the next election, if they are free, Nahas Pasha and the Wafd are almost certain to return to power. There will be no change in so far as Egypt's foreign relations and foreign policy are concerned, whether in respect of the Middle East issues or of what is known as the "East-West" struggle. But Britain will have to modify considerably its approach to the demands of Egypt, in which is included the Egyptian case regarding the Sudan.

Imperialism Dies Hard

According to a press report, Mr. Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary, has had discussions in Paris on the international situation with his French colleague, M. Schuman. One of the subjects specially discussed was the future of Italian colonies. It appears that M. Schuman objects to the creation of an independent Federal Government in Libya. The British plan for the Italian colonies is itself highly objectionable because, under it, Libya, instead of being given freedom, is proposed to be dismembered with one part actually to be handed back to Italy—of course, under the guise of trusteeship. But French "objections" and designs are even more instructive. A part of Libya, Fezzan, is being reserved by Anglo-American friends for France: Why? Fezzan, says a press report, is regarded in Paris as "a sphere of French influence bound up with Tunisia." France cannot allow freedom for Libya because of its infections influence on the neighbouring Arab countries, which are "French colonies". And indeed, in order to protect those colonies, France would actually help itself to a chunk of Italian colonies too. Imperialism dies hard. In fact, it overrides democratic principles and obligations, including professions so freely and loudly mouthed in the war years.

Profit-Sharing

The deadlock in the Labour Central Advisory Council on the profit-sharing issue is unfortunate but not altogether surprising. At the Industrial Truce Conference of 1947, the employers' representatives accepted the principle of profit-sharing, and, even, in September last, they subscribed to the draft tentative scheme embodying the principle. Since then, however, their attitude seems to have considerably hardened. And now they plead that, which they are not going to revoke the decision they had taken last September, the scheme is not quite workable. One of their contentions is that the employers' representative on the Committee on profit-sharing was not their accredited representative but a nominee of the Government and as such did not quite represent their views. This is a very belated objection and is evidently an after-thought. In any case, the employers' accredited representatives can now suggest essential changes in the scheme which they themselves say they are not going to repudiate. Their other contention is that the scheme was linked with the problem of increased production but as today production has not increased, the scheme cannot be enforced. This is an utterly untenable plea. In the first place, there was a slight increase in production in 1948 in general, about 10 per cent, and only today we are assured by an official report that except in certain minor industries an upward trend in industrial production has been maintained during the first half of 1949, as compared with the production in the corresponding period last year. But, even if we assume that the increase is not appreciable, that is rather an argument to give profit-sharing a cautious trial for the very purpose of further stimulating production. The very rationable of the principle of profit-sharing is to provide a strong incentive to Labour to ensure a maximum output.

Explore All Avenues

The more pertinent question now is what is to be done next. The scheme cannot possibly be altogether abandoned. The employers' representatives should be given another chance to offer constructive suggestions to improve the draft scheme. If they fail to do that, Government, Labour representatives and expert economists should formulate a cautious scheme by way of a modest beginning. Mr. Lall, Secretary to the Ministry of Labour, complains that neither on fair wages nor a profit-sharing have we the benefit of either an I.L.O. Convention or recommendation. But the available literature on the subject and the experience of other countries are ample enough to suggest a workable plan to suit Indian conditions. The practical difficulties of profit-sharing are well known. Profit is essentially in the nature of reward for enterprise and the risks run. And the workers cannot afford to run any risks. But in modern industrial organisation it is usual to provide against risks in a variety of ways, including a dividend equalising reserve fund. When ample provision has been made for all insurance against risks, if large profits are still made at any particular time, it is a fair presumption that Labour has contributed towards them and is entitled to a fair share. This share may be in the nature of a bonus which is not a matter of casual favour but which the employers should be bound to grant under conditions to be specified in the rules and regulations of the industrial concerns. In other words, the initial stage of profit-sharing may well take the shape of a prescribed scale of bonus whenever large profits are made. There is no reason why the employers should grudge to Labour a fair share of their extraordinary profits.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Teachers' Sympathetic Fast

The services of Mr. Padwal, B.A. LL. B. B.T. P.Ed., a past student and a teacher of 13 years' standing in King George High School, Dadar were terminated by the Indian Education Society, Dadar on 13-6-48. Mr. Padwal, therefore, put his case before the Teachers' Federation, which made representation to the Government. The authorities of the Society refused to discuss this question with us. Mr. Padwal wrote several letters to the Department. But when he saw that even after 13 months correspondence nothing materialized, he undertook a fast unto death on his own initiative on 15-7-49.

Mr. Padwal has been fasting for the last 13 days to express his emphatic protest against the action of the Indian Education Society and the Government. This fast has been undertaken by him to draw the attention of the Government and managements to the urgent necessity of revising the rules regarding termination of services.

Mr. Padwal has been guided by the best of motives. He is of opinion that at the cost of his life, he will be able to rouse the conscience of the Government and the managements. His bitter complaint is that the Department is too indifferent to his case and the cases of such other teachers.

The Federation representatives refused the Home Member to amend the rule. The Home Member assured the Federation that the revision of this rule is under consideration of the Government and a decision will be taken after the arrival of the Prime Minister in the 1st week of August.

The Council of the Federation met again on 25-7-49 and have taken certain decisions to see that the precious life of Mr. Padwal may be saved and the rule may be amended as early as possible. As a result of those decisions I have to make the following appeal.

(1) All Secondary Teachers should undertake a fast on Sunday, 31st July, 1949, to show their sympathy for Mr. Padwal and to exert moral pressure on the Government. There should be no demonstration on this day.

(2) Meetings may be held as early as possible and the resolutions be passed and forwarded requesting the Government and the Managements to amend the rules.

(3) Petitions signed by all Secondary Teachers in the Province should be forwarded to the Minister of Education according to the draft sent to different associations.

—THAKORLAL S. THAKOR
Ag. President, Federation of Secondary Teachers' Association.

"Dead Bodies At The Roadside"

I have read Mr. M. Harris's letter under the above heading in your columns. The public attitude and the Police indifference when they see the dead bodies lying by the roadside is deplorable. It is the frequent tendency of the policemen and the officers to take shelter under red tape or the limit of jurisdiction when a human body is lying to be removed and disposed off from the public place. I entirely agree with the Socialist leader's remarks that "it is revolting that our civic sense should be so dull that literally hundreds of persons passing by such bodies should not even bother to inform the police about it". It is no doubt the civic sense of the people is so dull but who is responsible for it? If a man who happens to witness such dead body lying at the roadside in a place and if he tries to contact the police he will be unnecessarily harrassed, questioned and detained till the police think that he should go. The attitude of the police is so arrogant and rude towards the public that it is seldom a person will dare approach the police in in such cases. Really speaking it is the police who must take the responsibility of removing such dead bodies wherever and whenever they are found lying and should not bother about this jurisdiction or that. First they should remove such dead bodies even though it is not in their jurisdiction and then inform the police station in whose jurisdiction it belongs to.

—MUKUND RAJADHYAX

An Appeal

The Convent of Poor Clares at South Thanisery, Cochin, was started recently. The sole end and aim of this institution is the free education of the poor people of the locality.

At present the inmates fifteen in number are miserably housed in a very small ethatched hut always subject to the inclemencies of weather. The floor of this hut is no better than ordinary ground. You will be surprised to know that a small verandah in front frequented very often by visitors serves our refectory. At night, due to the narrow space of the hut, all except two have to sleep in another house at a pretty distance with many ups and downs. Where food is concerned starvation is our lot. But we don't mind all these when we find that we haven't even a small room for our Eucharistic Lord. A three thousand rupees means, the owner of a very little chapel where our Lord is present sacramentally.

Thousands and thousands of children of this locality wander up and down the roads without realising the value of inner life and education, nobody in this wide world to care for them. When we approach them their outcry is that they have neither clothes, nor food nor anything to meet the bare necessities of life. Our hands are tied.

Generous benefactors will merit the sincere and hearty thanks and prayers of these poor children and sisters as well. Assuring you of our daily prayers and hoping to get a favourable reply.

I remain,
—SR. VINCINTIA,
Mother Superior.

Mischievous Suggestion

The suggestion made by the Manchester Guardian" in its editorial on 22nd that the only solution of the Kashmir tangle lies in the division of the state on the basis of Kashmir Valley being given to Pakistan and Jammu to India, is not only malicious and mischievous, but a part of the campaign being persued by the Anglo-American diplomats.

They have already befooled us by foisting upon us the partition of India as a price for our Independence and the same strategy they want to follow in Kashmir, as it suits their imperialists interests well.

They do not mind if Kashmir is declared an independent state and remains a sort of a buffer state, which they can exploit according to their needs, but as they know that neither of the Dominions would agree to it, they put forward the proposal for partition and argue that it is the only possible way to solve the Kashmir problem.

If the Muslims of the Valley had believed in the two nations theory, the proposal would have been alright, but they do not believe in it. They feel, they can achieve the "Naya Kashmir" of their ideals earlier, if they align themselves with India, which is a secular, democratic and progressive country. They consider Pakistan as a reactionary and dogmatic state Governed by people who have fascist leanings. They do not consider their interests safe in the hands of the Pakistan rulers.

We cannot tolerate that Kashmir should be divided, because we consider it to be a part of our own land. We expect Justice from the United Nations Organisation and as such pose to its commission in Kashmir, a question. If Russia were to attack Britain and Britain was to approach U.N. for Justice, would it agree to the Partition of Britain on the basis that some parts be handed over to Russia?

The same is the position here. Kashmir belongs to India politically, historically, culturally and constitutionally. Pakistan is an aggresser, it has attacked our land. Should we part with our land because they dared to attack us?

—S. L. TANDON

Is It Fair?

I am extremely surprised and grieved to read in the papers that the Bombay Municipality have resolved by an overwhelming majority to remove the statue of Queen Victoria from the present position on Mahatma Gandhi Road, to the Prince Albert Museum. This resolution is unwise in my opinion. Similar resolutions have been passed and many statues of long standing have been actually removed. Names of colleges have been changed in the Central Provinces and of Roads and Mohollas in many towns. All this is due to over-sentimentalism. If names of our leaders are to be perpetuated there is ample scope. It should not be necessary to wipe out something that is already in existance done by the past generations, with the object of perpetuating the memory of someone. If the present generations defeat the object of past generations, we have no moral grounds to hope, wish or expect that generations that will follow us, would respect our object of perpetuating the monuments we erect.

L. H. CHAKRADEO

COME AGAIN

The earthworm loves the rainy weather just as much as the frog does, and now that the ground is so saturated we see many signs of its activity even if we do not see it at work, for the earthworm shuns the light, and if it does come to the surface during the day, it hides away under the fallen leaves. The worm spends most of its life underground, burrowing its way through the earth, and its body is well-constructed for this underground life for it is completely stream-lined, and the lower surface is provided with four double rows of stiff bristles which help to anchor it as it stretches and pulls its way through the earth. As it makes its burrow, the worm uses one of two methods of progression. Either it pushes its way between the grains of soil, or, if the ground is very clogged, it swallows the earth as it passes along, retains any organic matter as food, and gives out the rest in the form of coiled mud which we often see in our gardens on a wet day, and which are known as worm castings. Worms feed on fallen leaves which they draw into the mouth of their burrows and on any other decaying vegetable matter. A rotten papaya tree lying on the ground attracts thousands of worms in a very short time, and this makes one wonder if the sense of smell is acutely developed.

—D. R.

EARTH WORM.

French Delegates Meeting Pandit Nehru Today

NEW DELHI, July 26, (PTI): The French India delegation, led by M. Edouard Goubert, will meet the officials of the External Affairs Ministry tomorrow and will exchange views on the forthcoming referendum in the four southern French settlements. Later, they will lunch with the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru.

The delegation which has returned from Paris after ascertaining the views of the French Government in regard to the future set up of the French possessions, should these continue to remain part of the French Empire, will hear the Government of India's view point.

INDIA'S POLICY

It is explained here that the Government of India's policy is to bring about the incorporation of foreign possessions in India peacefully and co-operatively. It is realised that the administrative cultural, educational and judicial system which have grown up in these foreign possessions are somewhat different from those prevailing in other parts of India. Any change over must, it is stated take these factors into consideration allowing for a gradual readjustment without interfering with the autonomy of the life of the people concerned.

The Government of India will, it is said, welcome the continuance of the cultural heritage of the various units On being incorporated, the French possessions will, in accordance with this declared policy, be administered as autonomous units on the lines of the Chief Commissioner's provinces Any change in the administrative set-up will be carried out after consulting the local public opinion

SPECIAL MEASURES

Special measures will be taken to see that the linguistic and cultural rights of the people are observed The Government of India, it is stated, will guarantee to pay pensions and salaries and safeguard service rights of the officials in French India Adequate funds will also be provided to carry on the administration efficiently

IMPROVEMENT IN LABOUR SITUATION

Review For 5 Months Of 1949

NEW DELHI, July 26. (PTI): The Labour situation in India in the first five months of this year showed considerable signs of improvement, compared to that in the same periods in the past two years, a review of the position revealed today.

The number of industrial disputes upto June first this year was 549 involving 377,045 workers and resulting in a loss of 2,872,915 man-days. During the same period in 1948 there were 851 disputes with 675,346 workers involved and accounting for a loss of 5,041,546 man-days. The figures for the corresponding period in 1947 were 1,195 disputes involving 1,183,652 workers bringing about a loss of 9,334,166 man-days.

TEXTILE WORST HIT

The figures show that the cotton, silk and wool industry—which has been taken as one for the purpose of these statistics—was the worst hit by the disputes which caused a loss of about 1,21,60,000 man-days during the 29-month period from January 1, 1947.

On the basis of figures for the first five months of the year, the total time that would be lost in the cotton, silk and woollen industry during the whole of this year is expected to be much less than that in the two previous years. There was a deterioration in the labour situation in the cotton industry in May when 237,000 man-days were lost.

Stop Press

INDONESIAN TALKS

JOGJAKARTA, July 26 (P.T.I-Reuter): Republican, Dutch and United Nations delegates, assisted by their military advisers, today began discussions here on a cease-fire agreement for Indonesia.

COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT IN CHINA

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26 (P.T.I-Reuter): The Communist controlled Peiping Radio reported tonight that Tung Pu-Wu, Chairman of the North China Communist Government, envisaged the early formation of a "peoples democratic coalition Government" in Communist held China.

The radio said earlier that Communist forces operating in Central China had captured the Kiangsi coal mining centre of Pinghsiang, 65 miles south-east of Changsha, after a westward push along the Manchang-Chuchow Railway

DACOIT RAID

CALCUTTA, July 26 (P.T.I): The Station Master's quarters at Jirat, on the Bandelkatwa line of the E.I.R. about 40 miles from Calcutta, was raided by a gang of armed dacoits on the night of Sunday last, according to information received here today The raiders assaulted the inmates and took away some cash and jewellery.

STUDENTS' DAY

CALCUTTA, July 26 (P.T.I): Miss Vidya Kanuga, President of the All India Students' Federation, today called upon the students all over the country to observe August 2 as an All India Students Day in protest against the "enhancement of tuition fees, curtailment of civil and democratic liberties, and denial of education to all"

EMPLOYEES DEMONSTRATE

NEW DELHI, July 26 (P.T.I): About 2,000 employees of the Central Public Works Department demonstrated in front of the Office of the Chief Engineer, C.P.W.D., this afternoon in protest against the retrenchment of some of their colleagues.

The demonstrators were dispersed by the police. Twenty-five of them were arrested.

Sarat Bose In Bangalore

BANGALORE, July 26. (P.T.I.): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose arrived here this evening by air and left later for Davengere where he will inaugurate tomorrow the third session of the Karnatak Youth Conference.

Owing to the outbreak of plague in Davengere, markets and cinemas have been ordered to be closed for a fortnight and all meetings prohibited. But, it is learnt, the Youth Conference will be permitted to hold the session as a special case

NO COALITION WITH CONGRESS

Indore Socialist Leader's Views

(From Our Correspondent.)
INDORE, July 26.

The Secretary of the Socialist-controlled National Executive Socialist Party, addressing partymen here yesterday said that under the present circumstances the Socialist Party did not foresee, nor would it welcome a coalition government composed of Congressmen and Socialists. It was impossible, he said, until the Congress gave up its slogan of one-party rule and came to an understanding with the Socialists on fundamental points.

U. S. EXODUS FROM BERLIN?

BERLIN, July 26. (U.P.A.): United States High Commissioner John McCloy today, announced the transfer of several United States Military Government offices from Berlin to Frankfurt, but emphasized that the United States was not withdrawing from Berlin.

He said all personnel engaged in the four-power negotiations as well as the local Military Government offices for the city will remain in Berlin.

TURKS OPENING THEIR MAIL

Bulgarian Protest

SOFIA, July 26. (U.P.A.): The Bulgarian Legation in Ankara has protested against the opening of diplomatic mail by Turkish officials, it was announced today.

The Press Office here said the Turks have been removing Sofia newspapers from the diplomatic pouch for the past two months on grounds that their distribution in Turkey was banned

After the protest was filed, the Turkish Foreign Office admitted that the acts were an infringement of diplomatic rights and promised to halt the procedure, but diplomatic packages still are being opened, the announcement said.

FRANCE TOO HAS BONUS TROUBLE

Workers Grumble About Holiday-Wages

PARIS, July 26 (PTI-Reuter). The French Prime Minister M. Henri Queuille was today continuing negotiations with leaders of parliamentary groups to avoid a Government crisis over holiday bonuses for workers.

Trouble arose when the Minister of Labour, M. Daniel Mayer, granted these bonuses to certain workers without, it is said, consulting his colleagues.

Rightwing members of the coalition objected to this on the ground that it would raise prices.

Other classes of workers promptly demanded similar bonuses and opponents claim this will undermine the Government's policy of pegging prices.

British Fund For Nazi's Defence

LONDON, July 26 (UPA). War Minister Emmanuel Shinwell today refused to discuss the 967 pounds sterling fund subscribed privately in Britain to provide a British Defence Counsel for the war crimes trial of German Field Marshal Erich von Manstein.

Shinwell was asked in Commons if in that a private fund should be ing trat a private fund should be started for Von Manstein's defence at his trial due to open at Hamburg on August 23.

Shinwell said he had no comment to make and added that "no obstacle would be placed in the way of the defence."

King George Stands 40 Minutes

LONDON, July 26 (UPA). King George remained standing throughout the 40 minutes of the investiture ceremony at Buckingham Palace today, indicating considerable improvement in his ailing right leg.

The King, who underwent an operation on his leg last March, remained standing for only 25 minutes at the last investiture ctremony for presenting awards.

Russian Delegation For Karachi

PESHAWAR, July 26 (UPI): The Russian Trade Delegation, led by Mr. Ivan Ermine which came to Peshawar, on July 24, from Kabul left today by air for Karachi in a specially chartered plane of Pakistan Government.

The delegation is likely to stay in Pakistan capital for three weeks during which, full and frank trade discussions will be carried out by its staff members and representatives of the Pakistan Government.

AGREEMENT ON TRUCE LINE

(Continued from page 1)

river to Gures and Tale: Valley. The cease-fire line then cuts across the Burzil Nallah, north of Chorwan.

Both India and Pakistan have agreed that the Nullah and the track south of Minimarg, five miles south of Burzil Pass, down to Chorwan will be under Pakistan administration and will be demilitarised.

DEMI OFFICIAL COMMUNIKUE

An official statement issued by the Kashmir Commission's Truce Sub-Committee which sponsored the present joint military talks, said: "Today's overall agreement cleared up points of difference outstanding since last March. On Thursday and Friday of last week, the delegations defined a line from Manawar to Keran noting positions at Patrana, 18 miles south of Naushera and at Bugina, south of Keran. They also reached general accord on a line in the north from Retagah Chhish Hill top near Gures east of Marol. In an effort to meet points of view of both parties on the main question—area in nohth south of Kishenganga River—General Delvoie, military adviser to the Commission, presented a compromise line on Friday, July 22.

It was on the basis of this compromise line with modifications proposed and accepted by the two delegations, that final agreements were achieved".

"Today's military settlement, a complement of suspension of hostilities under part one of the resolution of August 13, 1948, will be subject to formal ratification by the two Governments" the statement said.

The chairman of the UNCIP's Truce Sub-Committee, Hernando Samper, Columbian Member, commenting on the success of the Conference declared: "The agreement which has been reached on the demarcation of a cease-fire line in Jammu and Kashmir is unequivocal proof of the desire of the Governments of India and Pakistan to ensure and promote peace in the State.

"On behalf of the Commission, whom we have represented in Karachi during these joint meetings, I would express our sincere appreciation to the Indian and Pakistan delegations for their goodwill, their determined effort and their mutual understanding. But for their willingness to make concessions where points were in dispute, and the spirit of friendliness underlying the debates, there would have been no agreement. It is a tribute to the military representatives of India and Pakistan that, aware of the significance and benefits of a clearly defined line, they did not allow minor issues to obstruct its achievement.

"The Truce Sub-Committee attaches the greatest importance to this event, and earnestly hopes that it may prove to be a portent for future understanding on the questions which today remain outstanding for a final settlement."

READJUSTMENTS

The demarcation line agreed to by military representative of India and Pakistan today will involve certain readjustments of positions over a vast stretch of territory along the Kishenganga Valley now held by Pakistan troops, it is learnt.

Implementation of the new mutually agreed line and the posting of respective troops along the line are expected to be supervised by United Nations truce observers on either side.

Though both the delegations today signed the agreement its text is not likely to be released until formal ratification by both the Governments.

A CORRIDOR

While no official confirmation is yet available, informed quarters here today stated that the new line provides for Pakistan a two-mile broad corridor running for few miles along the southern bank of Kishenganga River to enable Pakistan to protect its camping centre and life-line to feed its troops in far off posts like Skardu, Kargil and beyond.

It is pointed out that the track runs zigzag and at places embraces both banks of the river and hence the Indian and Pakistan delegation are mutually understood to have agreed to the provision of a corridor.

The new line agreed to by both the Indian and Pakistan delegates will be known as "demarcation line" as opposed to a "cease-fire line" and it will in no way prejudice the truce line which may be drawn up at a later date.

The joint Military Conference was held at the instance of the United Nations Kashmir Commission following relection by India and Pakistan of the Commission's final truce proposals on April 28.

The conference was held to demarcate the military boundaries which would help to maintain cease-fire conditions in Jammu and Kashmir State.

Occasional Showers In City

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Bombay will have variable skies with occasional showers on Wednesday, according to Weather experts tonight. The monsoon is expected to continue active in Konkan, Saurashtra and Gujarat for a day or two.

The weather bulletin of Santa Cruz Weather station stated tonight: "The Monsoon is active in the Konkan, Saurashtra, Cutch and Gujerat. The amount of rainfall between 8-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m. today was Bhavnagar 2 inches, Rajkot 1-1/2 inch Bhuj and Dahanu one inch, Mahableshwar and Harnai 3/4 inch, Hyderabad and Dewgad 1/2 inch each. In trt city and suburbs, Santa Cruz recorded 13 cents. Juhu 3 cents and Colaba 7 cents. The total rainfall uptodate is 38.9 inches which is 2.1 inches below normal."

BERLIN, July 26 (PTI-Reuter). Agreement on procedure for future four-power consultation s by the occupation authorities in Germany was reached at a 60-minute meeting here today of the four Deputy Military Governors.

WORLD RESERVE COTTON STOCK

Million-Bale Increase

WASHINGTON, July 26, (UPA): A million-bale increase in the world's reserve stock of cotton was reported today.

The International Cotton Advisory Committee estimated that 15,100,000 bales of old crop cotton will be carried over into the new crop year which begins August 1. That compares with last year's world carryover of 14,100,000 bales, but slightly less than two-thirds of the carryover stock on hand ten years ago when 26 cotton producing countries set up the Committee in an effort to deal with world cotton surplus.

The Committee reported indications of increased cotton production in the new crop year and it suggested that cotton consumption may be affected by the current "downturns" in the world economic activity.

The boost in world stocks of reserve cotton actually declined during the last 12 months. The Committee said that the United States would hold 5,400,000 bales or over a third of the total carryover on August 1. The United States' cotton carryover a year ago was 3,100,000 bales.

The Committee said that world cotton trade in 1949-50 will depend considerably on the United States' foreign aid programme. It said world cotton prices during the past 12 months were influenced considerably by Government price supports in the United States and by Government pricing policies in India.

The Committee added that further expansion in rayon output was in prospect in Europe where the cotton-rayon price ratio "significantly" favours rayon.

American Aid At A Price

HAMILTON, (New York), July 26. (U.P.A.): Private American capital is prepared to invest dol. 2,000,000,000 yearly in foreign nations after the Marshall Plan expires, Noel Sargent, Secretary of the National Association of Manufacturers, said today. Sargent added, however, that the foreign nations must be willing and able to provide a political and economic climate which would make foreign investments reasonably attractive to Americans.

NATIONAL UNION OF STUDENTS

New Non-Political Body To Be Formed

BOMBAY, July 26. (PTI): Students from all over the country will meet in Delhi in November to form the "National Union of Students," according to Mr. Ramakrishna Bajaj acting Convenor of the Preparatory Committee of the Union.

Dr. Zakir Hussan, Vice-Chancellor of the Aligarh University, is the Chairman of the Preparatory Committee, which was formed in December last to work out plans for the formation of an "autonomous and representative students organisation, independent of all political, communal or Governmental influence."

Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan and Prof. Humayun Kabir are among the other members of the Committee.

"The activities of the Union" Mr. Bajaj said, "will consist of inter Provincial and international exchange of students; establishment of an Information Bureau on educational matters and the setting up of students houses, co-operative stores and clinics for students."

Mr. Bajaj said that the Congress-sponsored All India Students Congress had decided to merge itself with the new organisation while the Communist-dominated All India Students Federation had opposed the formation of the Union.

PERSIA PROTESTS TO PAKISTAN

KARACHI, July 26 (PTI-Reuter): Persia has protested to the Pakistan Government, through its Embassy here, because Pakistan has invited a delegate from the Persian Gulf Island of Bahrein to attend the Muslim Economic Conference in Karachi next winter, usually reliable sources said tonight.

Persia feels aggrieved because it considers Bahrein as part of its own territory, this source added.

Although he refused to confirm the report, a Persian Embassy official said that his country has a long standing claim to Bahrein, now a rich source of oil and an important airface. He said Persia had voiced its claim before the League of Nations, Britain and the United States which developed oil resources of this sandy island, to consider Bahrein as an independent state.

Mass Military Training For Pak Youths

KARACHI, July 26 (UPI.) Introduction of mass military training in Pakistan is suggested in one of the 26 resolutions which Mr. Nur Ahmed, Member of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly, has given notice of moving in the next session of the Dominion Parliament Another resolution demands the appointment of a Universities Commission to investigate conditions in Pakistani universities and make recommendations for effecting an all round improvement in University education.

Madras Zamindaris

MADRAS, July 26 (UPI.) The taking over of all the zamindari estatts in the province under the Zamindari Abolition Act will be completed within one year.

This was revealed to pressmen today by the Land Revenue Minister Mr. H. Sitarama Reddy.

FIGHT IN PLANE LED TO CRASH

California Enquiry

SANTA MONICA, (California), July 26. (PTI-Reuter): A brief fight between two men passengers contributed to the crash of an airliner near here on July 12, Mr. Stanley Weiss, President of Standard Airlines, said during a Civil Aeronautics Board hearing here.

Mr. Weiss said he believed the fight, which occurred an hour before the plane hit a mountain in fog "tended somewhat to distract the pilot's attention."

Technical witnesses said the plane was flying at less than 2,000 feet when it should have been at 4,700 feet. Thirty-five people including the pilot were killed.

Indo-U.S. Trade Talks Soon

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, July 26.

Indo-U.S. talks for a treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation is expected to commence here next month. An expert on treaties will be arriving from the U.S.A. to participate in the talks, it is learnt.

India's Ambassador-designate to Portugal Mr. P. A. Menon who has been associatedd with the talks so far has been detained for some weeks to participate in the forthcoming parleys.

Considerable importance is attached to these talks as U.S.A. investors would like certain assurances, which are provided under the proposed treaty.

CITIZENSHIP RIGHTS OF INDIANS ABROAD

Drafting Body Amendments

NEW DELHI, July 26. (PTI): The Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly today considered the clauses pertaining to citizenship. It is understood that the amendments now agreed to do not materially deviate from the original provisions of the Draft Constitution.

In the light of criticisms and discussions which the Committee had, it is learned the draft has now been amended to cover certain categories of people eligible for Indian citizenship.

They include displaced persons from Pakistan. Indians abroad whose grand parents were born in India could also claim Indian citizenship without prejudice to any right and obligations which they might have acquired abroad by making a declaration before a specified authority

An exception, however, is understood to have been made in respect of those Indians who had left the country after April 1947 and taken up fixed abode outside India and voluntarily acquired the citizenship of a foreign state. They will not be eligible to Indian citizenship. This class of people presumably refers to those who had migrated to Pakistan.

CLOTH CONTROL LIKELY TO GO

Bombay Ministers Called To Delhi

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, July 26.

Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, a prominent industrialist, left for Delhi at the invitation of the Government of India to discuss cloth and textile situation of India in general and of Ahmedabad in particular.

It is learnt that the Government of India have called Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Supply Minister, and Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister, Government of Bombay to explain why cloth control should not be removed in view of threatened closure of mills and accummulation of cloth.

Ahmedabad Mill To Close Third Shift

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, July 26.

More mills are giving notices of closure. The Calico mill has today given notice of closing its third shift from August 1 owing to heavy accumulation of cloth. The removal of the third shift will throw about 1,600 workers out of employment.

No signs of improvement are seen in the textile industry owing to the haphazard decontrol of cloth.

Plea To Lift Cloth Rationing

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, July 26:: A spokesman of the Maskati Mahajan commenting on the Bombay Government's announcement to face decontrol of cloth said that the Government policy was bound to fail and that the present situation would not be eased till cloth rationing is lifted from Bombay Province and free trade in cloth allowed.

He said that the Bombay Government was playing a dangerous game which was against the interests of the people.

FISH STOLEN

(From Our Correspondent)
KALYAN, July 26.

A gang of burglers broke open the house of a fisherman near Kalyan on Sunday night and took away fish worth about Rs. 250. In the scuffle, it is learnt, some inmates of the house sustained injuries.

The Kalyan city police rushed to the spot and, it is understood arrested some persons from the nearby villages.

Nationalise Ballet In India

"Dance Recitals In Europe And U. S. In Great Demand Now"

—RAM GOPAL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
BANGALORE, (By Air Mail)

Mr. Ram Gopal, famous Indian dancer, who is back in Bagalore his home town, after a two-year tour of America and Europe and the Middle East was 'At home' to Bangalore Press at the West End Hotel. Among those present were Miss Kay Ambrose, the well-known London art critic, now touring with Ram Gopal, Mr. Michael Rouse, his Manager, Kumidini and Lilavathi, his dance partners.

In an informal talk with pressmen, Ram Gopal and Kay Ambrose spoke on the great part that Indian art, especially dancing could play in carrying to the West the tradition and culture of the vast country. Both were of the opinion that the demand for Indian dance recitals was today greater in Europe and the United States than ever before.

Comparing Russian ballet with Indian dancing Miss Kay Ambrose said that once it 'caught on' it would flourish. Russian ballet only 150 years old was today in an unprecedented demand in Europe. With so little behind it, she felt that Russian ballet would find it hard to compare with Indian ballet which had store-house of culture going back to thousands of years.

As regards Ram Gopal's appearances abroad, Miss Ambrose was emphatic that he had interpreted, wherever he went, the spirit of India in a manner, that no other Indian dancer had done before, and the lively interest he had aroused wherever he had appeared would, she firmly believed, remain until he returned, just as the memories of his 1934 tour had remained throughout the war years. "Wherever he journeyed" She said "India suddenly leapt into prominence in the light of the calm lucidity, vigour and inspiration of her ancient dances exhibited by him." "Indications of a new interest in India" Miss Ambrose said, "cropped up everywhere; examples of Indian carving or her art, lain unnoticed in antique-dealers' shops for many years, were purchased overnight, Ridiculous ideas regarding India, its modes of life, dress and religion were replaced by a wholesome respect for this country which any ambassador could be proud of implementing in previously disinterested countries.'

NATIONALISE BALLET IN INDIA

Speaking to pressmen Ram Gopal was of opinion that as in Russia and Western countries the ballet in India ought to be nationalized, with centres in all the great cities of the country. It was his one desire he pointed out, to open a dance centre in Bangalore. This he had done some years ago, but with limited resources and without outside help it was difficult to continue it. He mentioned that during a talk with Maulana Azad, India's Education Minister he was informed that plans were being prepared to open Opera House to put on Indian art, dramatic and dance shows. This, Ram Gopal said, was most welcome as it would afford the foreigner and even some of India's millions to understand the purity of Indian culture.

Asked about his reception his flock-dances created abroad, Ram Gopal said that they "went down tremendously." There was an affinity and similarity between Indian and European flock-dancing, particularly where the "square" was concerned. He stressed the large part the press could play in helping the culture of India to be appreciated abroad.

Speaking about European audience, Ram Gopal said that they were not easily fooled. It would be easy to "fool" an Indian audience but not and English or American audience. Concluding he said that serious artists alone could change the attitude and pave the way for a greater understanding of Indian culture and art "It is not the artist that is so important as the interpretation he gives" he added.

Ram Gopal is due to leave shortly on a three-month tour of South India and Ceylon and America and Europe next year.

MR. BASHYAM'S IMPRESSIONS

Mr. K. T. Bashyam, Minister for Law and Labour, returned to Bangalore from Bombay, after taking part in the deliberations of the International Labour Conference at Geneva as a member of the Indian delegation. In an interview to the press, Mr. Bashyam said that the I.L.O. conference was a great success. "We decided this time on some important aspects of the economic development of the undeveloped countries particularly in the Far East. Much important was given at the discussions to the establishment of employment agencies by administrative authorities, and to the system of factory guidance including the orientation of the educational methods giving an industrial and agricultural bias and early education". The countries which participated in the I.L.O. conference, Mr. Bashyam said, agreed upon a bi-lateral and multi-lateral progress regarding migration of labour from one country to another which "I think is of supreme importance both in the matter of economic development of the countries and in the cordial and harmonious political relationship between them."

Other questions such as wages, social security and topics connected with labour problems were also discussed and many resolutions were decided upon, and they had asked the I.L.O. to implement them including the offer of technical assistance to those countries which need them or ask for them.

Gambling In Britain

(Continued from page 6)

to make it as difficult as possible for the poorer classes to bet and on the other to stabilise the position of bookmakers. The betting Acts are outstanding examples of "one law for the rich and another for the poor." The belief of the legislators in the past was that there was no point in stopping those who could afford it from throwing their money away, but that if those who could not afford to do so gambled, they would become an added burden to the community and should therefore be restrained.

The present laws spring from the Betting and Gaming Act of 1853, which forbade cash betting off the course and prohibited the public from resorting to a public place for betting. This led, as was intended, to credit betting which was thought to be beyond the means of the poor, on the ground that bookmakers would not accept bets from those of uncertain financial standing. But the Act also led to the extensive rise of street betting, and in 1906 a further Act was passed in an attempt to eradicate the street bookmaker. But it has proved possible in practice to enforce the Street Betting Act only on a very limited scale, and the street bookmakers are, if anything even more prolific than before.

LOOPHOLES

In 1920 an attempt was made to put an end to the football pools which had just started business. The public were forbidden to pay for their bets at the same time as they sent in their coupons, The loophole was obvious, and the pools simply arranged for payment to be made one week later. In 1928, totalisators on race courses were legalised and a statutory board, financed by a share of the tote, was set up for the improvement of the breeding of horses and the sport of horse racing. Finally, in 1934, after the previous Royal Commission had reported, the Betting and Letteries Act—known as the Bookmaker's Charter—was passed in an attempt to clear up some of the anomalies which had arisen. Totalisators on dog tracks were made legal; bookmakers were guaranteed admission to racecourses and dog tracks and a place there to carry on their business; competitions in newspapers which were based on a forecast of a fututre even were forbidden; and lotteries were reduced to some sort of order. As the law stands today, cash betting on the course, credit betting off the course, totalisators and football pools, are all legal. Street betting, public lotteries and cash betting off the course are all forbidden.

ENFORCING DIFFICULTIES

The chief difficulty with the betting laws, however, is to enforce them, Driven from one field of operations, bookmakers quickly spring up in another. Street betting is as bad as it ever was; lottery tickets for, say, the Irish Sweepstake, are not very difficult to obtain; and the control of cash betting is almost impossible with the limited number of policement available. Any system of licensing bookmakers suffers from the same disadvantage. Those who can avoid licences—and the tax which it would it would probably mean—will obviously do so.

Indeed, under the present betting laws, a widespread tax on betting is impossible. Only the totalisator and the football pools can be properly dealt with. Some form of tax could be imposed on bookmakers on the course, but observation on the dog tracks, where such a system is now being tried out, has shown that it tends to drive bookmakers away from the course and on to the streets. In fact, every effort to control bookmakers, whether for the purpose of taxing them or in order to curtail betting, has failed. The only new form of practical control which could be imposed, and which might have some effect, would be to prohibit the promotion of gambling by advertisements. There are dangers and loopholes even in this simple idea

WHY GAMBLE?

Some ten million people in Great Britain indulge regularly in mass gambling. Whether they do it as a form of enjoyment or whether it is an unbreakable habit (as some sociologists believe to be true of greyhound racing), no statistics can reveal. In one aspect it exposes the frustrating effect of an industrial environment. In another it is a sign of the collapse of the capacity for self-amusement or communal amusement and of a growing dependence upon machine-made entertainments of all kinds. In a third, it can be partly ascribed to the decline of the influence of the family and the home. No social system which sets a high value on the material comforts of the home (as, for instance, the working class in France) would permit this steady drain of wealth. Finally, and connected with this, is the absence of alternative forms of spending in a high cost rigid economy.

Whether gambling is wrong, regrettable or inescapable, it is very doubtful if any government—which, whatever its party colour, must rely largely on the votes of gamblers—will take drastic action to curtail it, even were this administratively possible. The most that can be expected is that legislative action may make it more and more unprofitable actively to promote gambling for commercial profit.

—THE ECONOMIST, LONDON

ERRATIC TREND IN STEELS

Moderate Activity In Banks And Textiles

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The local Stock Exchange opened quiet today with steel section showing an erratic trend. Moderate improvement was noticed at the outset due to heavy bull support, but this was soon lost due to weak advices from Calcutta.

As the session advanced, there developed a grim tussel between bears and bulls, particularly in Tata Steels, with the result that the market took an erratic turn, with fluctuations moving sharply both ways.

Tata Steel Deferred rose to Rs. 1215 after opening lower at Rs 1190. Under heavy bear pressure reaction set in and the price declined to Rs 1185 to rally again to Rs 1217 on fresh bull support Tata Ordinary steadied around Rs 255 after oscillating between the opening level of Rs 251-8 and Rs. 257

There was a huge turnover in Indian Irons, as many as 2000 shares being sold in that scrip which started at Rs. 21 to finish at three annas higher after fluctuating between Rs 21 and Rs 20-11 Bengal Steel dwindled down to Rs 15-15 after a start of Rs. 16-7 on rumours of a dividend of only six annas being announced in that share.

Textiles indicated a quiet tone with fluctuations moving within a narrow range Bombay Dyeing advanced to Rs. 1021-4 after opening Rs 9 lower, and hardened at that level. Swadeshi showed fairly good activity and moved upto Rs. 269 but later declined to Rs 264 for lack of further support. Kohinoor rallied to Rs. 244 after declining to Rs. 239 Other textiles showed moderate activity.

Banks and insurance were steady. In the miscellaneous section Cements gradually rose to Rs. 141 after opening a point lower. Later it declined to Rs 139 Scindias also declined to Rs 11-12 after initially changing hands around Rs. 12.

Securities showed an easy trend. The effect of the new Bombay Government Loan was hardly visible.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	10.7 8
Bombuoor Mills (4-2)	241 8
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	268 0
Central India Mills (4)	139 0
Simplex Mills (3)	148 0
New Great Eastern (8)	122 0
Indore (9 plus 3)	113 0
Gokak Mills (12) X D.	234 0
Century Spinning (15)	211 4
Colaba (1..)	116 0
India Bleaching (6)	12.. 0
Swan Mills (20)	280 0
Finlay Mills (15)	234 0
Morarji Goculdas	440 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	192 8
Meyer (12)	119 6
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 7
India United Ordinary (0-13-9)	9 12
India United Defd. (0-2-0)	1 8 9
Madhusudan Mills (15)	156 4
Podar (8)	130 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	189 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord (14)	258 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1217 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-3)	138 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	140 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	253 12
Belapur Sugar (9)	172 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	23 0
Scindia Steam (0-3)	12 1
Premier Construction	76 0
Tata Chemical	8 11
Tata Oil (2)	45 12
India Iron (0-12)	21 4
Bengal Steel (0-8-9)	16 4
British India Corp (0-9)	7 8
Wimco	168 12
Wimco	162 12
Alcock	228 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1440 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1360 0
Tata Hydro (3)	145 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (9)	51 0
Phoenix	135 0
Indian Mfg.	4150 0
Kurla	117 8
New City (4)	147 8
Minerva (12)	112 8
Bradbury	325 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 6
Bharat Mills (7)	26 8
Mysore Spg Mills (8)	153 12
Madras Mofussil (0-12)	14 4
Model Mills (12-8)	156 4
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	595 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	191 4
Western India (40)	4070 0
Standard (15)	205 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3000 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	15 4
Hindustan Mills (40)	600
Tata Mills (2-4)	43 0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	242 8
Ahmedabad Advance New	196 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	34 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 0
Madhusudan S (2-8)	26 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	153 12
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67 0
Berar Mills	231 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRICS (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-0)	125 0
Ahmedabad New	44 8
Surat Electric (2-8)	132 8
Karachi Electric (2)	131 4
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 6
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	146 14
Bombay Suburban (3) XR	130 0
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1777 8
Imperial Bank of India pp (0-12)	436 4
Central Bank	78 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	78 0
Bank of India (4)	174 12
Union	7 2
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	120 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 0
United Commercial (8)	42 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-8)	106 8
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4100 0
Empire (10)	625 0
New India (7)	53 8
Jupiter (1-4)	11 14
Vulcan (0-10)	11 8
Indian Mercantile (21)	34 8
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B. I. G. (1)	15 8
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Neptune	9 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	15 10
RAILWAY SHARES	
C.P. (1-14) XD	112 4
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	217 8
Bombay Burma New (5)	94 7
Burma Petrol	1-4-6
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	63 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	382 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	130 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	84 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	32 8
Tukung Iron	19 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	155 0
Supreme India XR.	77 0
Jam Wire (6)	87 4
Bombay Uganda	60 4
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries B.S.)	127 8
United Motor	32 0
Associate Cement New (2)	136 4
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Manmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic XD.	700 0
Harvey Press	810 0
Estrela Batteries	31 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1310 0
Hydro Electric (7)	128 12
Bombay Steamer (6)	217 8
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	120 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	646 4
Lakshmi Mills	258 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	305 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 10
Pre. Construction First	100 0
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	113 12
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2nd)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
DEBENTURES.	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kalamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	96 6
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES.	
Burma Corporation	2 2
New Victoria Mills	2 0
New Victoria 2 (Pref).	4 4
Paltan (8)	90 0
Gold Mohoor	312 8
New Kaiser Hind	360 0
Sajjan Mill (20)	160 0
Osmanshahi (10)	235 0
Azamshah	200
Air Services	5 0
Air India Tata	78 0
Hind Motor	3 13
India Steam	5 8

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, July 26.

Closing Quotations at 2-30 p.m.:—

Tata Ordinary 258; Tata Deferred 1217-8; Indian Iron 21-4; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 16-4; Bombay Dyeing 1025-8; Central India 199; Gokak 234. Kohinoor 241-8; Simplex 148; Swadeshi 268; Tata Power 1440; Associated Cement 140-8; Belapur 172; Bombay Burma (Old) 253; Scindia 12-1. Central Bank 78; New India 53-8; Tata 2nd Pref. 138.

CALICUT MARKETS.

CALICUT, July 26.

Coir Yarn Beypore 135/145; Quilandy 145 155.

Fibre Garbled 90, Ungarbled 80. Cocoanuts Raw 165 170, Dry 195/200. Cocoanut Oil 570. Copra Office 405. Dilpasand 425, Madrasnottam 500. Pepper Wynaad 2450. Country 2375. Dry Ginger Chernad 850, Ernad 800. Coffee Robusta 165, Timber Pali 60 65, Junglewood 30 35. Vellapine 65/70. Benteak 40 45, Teak 95/110. Mango 3/3.2 Teak 20 22/8 Rosewood 20/22.8.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, July 26.

The forward trading in the local bullion market is officially suspended upto 31st July 1949. As the last settlement passed off smoothly, the operators are now awaiting for the opening of the forward market, but it appears that it will take a few days more for the market to open as the teji-mandi affairs is still not settled.

The Reserve Bank of India offered 100 bars at Rs. 160-4 as. to the market. The Ready silver opened at Rs. 160-4 as. and were quoted at Rs. 161 whereas gold opened at Rs. 112-8 as. and were quoted at Rs. 113-6 as. at 2 p.m. Jodhpur silver was quoted at Rs. 162-8 as. to Rs. 163.

	Rs. As. Ps.
Gold (Forward)	Closed
Gold (Ready)	113 6 0
Sovereign	73 0 0
Silver (Forward)	Closed
Silver (Bullion)	161 0 0
Silver (Mint)	161 4 0
Silver (999)	162 0 0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There was restricted business in the Bombay Cotton market today as the price for September settlement was quoted above the ceiling price of Rs. 620.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, July 26

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98 11 0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 10 0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 14 0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96 10 0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99 6 0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99 7 0
3 3/4 per cent 1976	95 12 0
3 per cent non-terminable	98 0 0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	98 1 0
3 per cent 1949-52	100 2 0
3 per cent 1951-54	101 12 0
3 per cent 1953-55	101 13 0
3 per cent 1957	101 11 0
3 per cent 1959/61	101 6 0
3 per cent 1963-65	100 8 0
3 per cent 1966-68	100 5 0
3 per cent 1970-75	100 1 0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104 10 0
3½ per cent 1960-70	110 7 0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102 6 0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	110 6 0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114 4 0
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
2 3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97 6 0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97 2 0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 12 0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 10 0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100 0 0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 6 0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100 6 0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100 6 0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98 2 0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	99 14 0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110 12 0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110 8 0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114 0 0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1954	114 0 0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60	107 0 0

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 26th July, 1949. Total amount offered was Rs. 5,20,50,000-0-0. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-0 were allotted approximately 51 p.c. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000-0-0, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-8-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 2nd August 1949, upto 11 a.m. at Bombay, and up to the close of business on Monday, the 1st August, 1949 at other centres (Calcutta, Kanpur and Madras). Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 5th August, 1949. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 22nd July, 1949, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,55,00,000-0-0 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Quiet But Steady Tendency

CALCUTTA, July 26, (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Stock Exchange ruled quiet but steady today for the more speculative counters, and fair business was put through.

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent India Government Loan 1986 98-2, three per cent Victory Bonds 1957 101-13, three per cent India Government Loan 1966-68 100-7, three per cent India Government Loan 1970-75 99-1 small lot.

BANKINGS: Bengal Central 6-8 small lot, Calcutta National 9-2, United Commercial 41-12.

COTTONS: Basanti 6-3, Dunbar 157-8, New Victoria Mills ordy. 1-13.

COALS: Associated Laikdih 2-12. Bengal 411, Borrea 19, Burra Dhemo 2-4, Burrakur ordy. 11-8, Burrakur second pref. 9-8, Equitable 36-8, New Manboom 15-8, Pench Valley 21-8, Searsole 6-4, Talcher 3, Western Bengal 3-14.

JUTES: Fort Gloster second pref. 110, Hukumchand pref. 120 odd lot, Kelvin pref. 132-8, Lothian pref. 121, Reliance pref. 129-8.

MININGS: Burma Corp. 2-3, Christien Mical 1, Consolidated Tin 0-12, Ind. Copper Corp. 1-14, Tavoy Tin 0-9.

ENGINEERINGS: Burn and Co. ordy. 205, Ind. Iron and Steel ordy. 21-2, Marshalls 4-8, Saran Engineering 7-5, Steel Corp. of Bengal ordy. 16-6, Steel Corp. of Bengal pref. 117, Textile machinery 6.

MISCELLANEOUS: Assam Bengal Cement 0-4, Dalmia Cement pref. 77, Sone Valley Cement 4-15, Alkali and Chemical ordy 8-8, C. T. Agra Electric 89, Patna Electric 13, New Asiatic Insurance 4-5, British India Corp. 7-8, Martin Burn ordy. 13-4 small lot, B. B. Petrol 1-5, Bengal Paper 32-4, India Paper Pulp 123, Orient Paper pref. 101, Star Paper 5-4, Titaghur Paper ordy. 28-6, Midnapore Zemindary 60, India Steamship 5-11, Port Shippings 12-4.

SUGARS: Balarampur 4-14, Champaran 18, Darbhanga 8-13, Mohini 3-4, Samastipur 9-14, United Provinces Sugar 9-10.

TEAS: Atal 2, Baghmari 9-8, Kayang Tea Seed 4, Kornfuli 8-12, Lackatoorah 8-8, Namburnadi 6-2, Pussimbing 8-14, Singtom 3-6, Tezpore 14 small odd lot, Tukvar 7-8.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 26.

Bears are covering the sales at every low level and with the scattered buying of bulls the market observed substantial rise:

Fluctuations— Calico opened 956; Highest 970; Lowest 949; Arvind Opened 1380; Highest 1387; Lowest 1377. Ambica Opened 328; Highest 331, Lowest 327; Differred Opened 1195; Highest 1213; Lowest 1184.

Closing Quotations: Calico 968, Arvind 1380; Differred 1201, Ambica 330, Newsarangpur 1425.

Shares in delivery: Calico 174; Ambica 112: Arvind 132; Jupiter 6, Marsdon 14, Monogram 19, Saraspur 23; Differed 51.

HAPUR MARKETS

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR, July 26: The following are the rates prevailing in the markets here today:

Wheat 22, 19|12, Gram 15|8, Barley 14, Bejhar 13|2, Maize 17, Bajra 20, Juwar 18, Guwar 12, Arhar ready 13|8, Bhadon 13|7, Peas ready 14, Bhadon 13|14, Urd 16|12, Moong 19, Massor 15|4 to 13|8, Rice Basmati 45, 50, Hansraj 40, 45, Gur ready 19, 17, Fagan 11|10|3, Shakkar 19, Crystal 31, Khandsari 23, 30, Ready Sarsoon 28|4, Taraseed 24, 21, Oil 74|8, Oilcake 9, Groundnut 17|8, Cottonseed 16, Oats 10, Bardana ready 102, White 122, Asuj 103, Sept. 119, Ready Silver 15|1|8, Gold 106|12. Quiet.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, July 26.

MILLS

Apollo 2-8 2-7
Bharat 26-12 26-8
B. Dyeing 1012-8 21-4 16-4 18-12 15 27-8 20 27-8
C. India 198 97-8 99 96 200 199
Century 210 11-4
Finlay 232-8 34
Gokak 234 32-8 34
I. U. Defd. 1-8-6 1-8-9 1-8-6 1-8 1-8-9
I. U. Ord. 9-13-6 9-12
Indore 120 13-2
Kohinoor 241-8 43 39 41-8
Laxmi 595
Meyer 109-6
Model 156-4
Morarji 440
New Union 15-8 15-5
New Great 123 22
Sassoon cotton 15-4
Podar 128-12
Simplex 148 49 47 48-8 48
Swadeshi 266 65 69 64 68
Tata Mills 43 42-8
Vishnu 191-4 (25-7-49)

STEAMER

B. Steam 217-8
Scindia 11-14 12-1 11-11-6 12-1

BANKS

Baroda 121
Central 78 78-8 78
Central New 77-12 78
Imperial Old 1772-8 80 77-8
Imperial New 436-4
India 174-12
Union 7-2 (25-7-49)
U. Commercial 42 (25-7-49)

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 125.
Ajmer 10-2
Andhra Valley Pref. 1,225.
Suburban 128-12
Hydro 145.
Hydro Pref. 128-12.
Power 1,440.

INSURANCE

B.I.G. 15-8.
New India 53-8.
Oriental 4,100.
Vulcan 11-8.

STEEL

B. Steel 16-4 16-7 16 16-4 16-2 16-4.
I. Iron 21 21-4 20-13 21-4.
Tata Defd. 1,190 97-8 90 1,215 1,185 1,225 17-8.
Tata Ord. 251, 55, 51-8 58.
Tata IInd Pref. 138.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 228-12.
A.C.C. Old 140 41 39-8 40-8.
A.C.C. New 136 36-4.
Belapur 172-4 73 71-4 72.
B.B. Old 253-12 52-2 53-12.
B.B. Petrol 1-5 1-4-6.
B.I.C. 7-7 7-8.
I. Bleaching 122.
I. Copper 1-14.
Port Canning 63.
P. Const. 74-8 76 74 76.
P. Const. 1st Pref. 100.
P. Const. IInd Pref. 98.
Tata Chem. 8-12 8-13 8-11.
Tata Oil 45-4 46-4 45-12.
Wimco 170, 68-12.

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 44-8.

Use Of "Vanaspati" To Be Banned

NEW DELHI, With effect from August 1, 1949 the Government of India have made it incumbent on all manufacturers of hydrogenated oils to use, as the case may be, the words "Hydrogenated Groundnut Oil" or "Hydrogenated Groundnut and Cotton-Seed Oil" or "Hydrogenated Groundnut and Cocoanut Oil in English and the words "Mungphali ka Jamaya Tel" or 'Mungphali Aur Binauli ka Jamaya Tel" or "Mungphali aur Narial ka Jamaya Tel" in Hindi on all containers in which the hydrogenated oil product is packed for sale. The date from which the use of words "Vanaspati" or 'Vegetable Product' on such containers is to be banned will be notified later.

Wall Street

NEW YORK, July 25, (PTI-Reuter): The inclination to await details of the foreign arms aid bill left prices fluctuating narrowly. Some new optimism over the business outlook, including the growing belief among Government economists that there is a good chance that the recession will now be halted before the end of the year apparently, was left for future reference Non-ferrous minings reflected new firmness of zinc and lead. The averages were in industrials 175.11 and rails 45.18. In the afternoon prices were holding at or around the day's best despite occasionally increased pressure. Truman's request for 1,450 million dollars new funds for the West Europe arms programme is being carefully studied because of its inflationary implications but the immediate market influence was small. Steels failed to responed to a useful rise in estimated ingot operations this week to 81-1/2 per cent of capaiity. Some quarters were impressed with the market's ability to hold around the recent peaks during consolilation and would not be surprised to see an early break through. The session closed very steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Texas Gulf Sulphur 62-3/4; Fiedtater Oil 22; Timken roller bearing 42; Union Carbide 38-1/2; U. S. Industrial Chemical 20-3/4 bid; U. S Gypsum 98-3/4 bid; U. S. Steel Pref 133-5/8; Western Union "A" 13-3/4; West Pennsylvania Electric 21-5/8; Youngstown Sheet and Tube 62-7/8, Aluminium Corpn 50-5/8; American Cyanamid 44-1/4; American Gas and Electric 44-1/2; Brazilain Traction 16-3/4; Consolidated Gas of Baltimore 62-1/4; Louisiana Land 20-1/2; Baltimore and Ohio (bid) 8-1/2.

U. S. Price of Foreign

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, July 25 (UPA): Trading in cotton futures became two-sided although the overall activity was much slower.

Nearby positions showed relative steadiness based on mill buying against the recent sharp increase in textile sales and a firmer spot basis in the South

The heaviness in the deferred new crop months stemmed largely from recurring uncertainties over congressional action on farm legislation. Indications are that opinion has changed in favour of flexible supports rather than a rigid 90 per cent of parity basis and this keeps the trade uncertain as to what to expect. Clinton Anderson, former Secretary of Agriculture and now a senator from Nexico, reportedly favours the flexible basis scheduled to take effect next January 1st.

Anderson reportedly is preparing regislation to that effect within the next week. The House of Representatives already has passed its bill to extend wartime supports. Traders expect some sort of compromise. The concensus of opinion is that supports will be shaved and the Brandan plan will be shelved for the time being. The so-called Brannan plan proposed to give high prices to the farmer, low prices to the consumer, with the enabling subsidy to be supplied by the taxpayer

The impending parity price report on Friday was another restricting influence on trading. Since the Government loan rate will be determined on the July parity, the report assumes first rank importance. Statisticians calculate that if the parity holds at 30.38 cent a pound, the loan rate would be around 29.54 cents a pound for middling 15/16 inch cotton.

The market opened two higher to four lower and closed five higher to 17 lower.

Closing prices:

DELIVERY	PR. CLOSE	OPENING	HIGH	LOW	CLOSE
October	29.52—.54	29.54	29.64	29.54	29.57
December	29.51	29.53	29.59	29.49	29.52
March	29.47	29.47	29.53	29.47	29.48
May	29.34 bid	29.35	29.43	29.34	29.34 bid
July	28.83 bid	28.84 bid	28.91	28.81	28.79 bid
NEW ORLEANS					
October	29.41	29.46	29.54	29.46	29.48
December	29.43	29.48	29.52	29.45	29.45
March	29.40	29.42	29.47	29.42	29.41 bid
May	29.27	29.31	29.33	29.29	29.29
July	——	29.75 bid	28.83	28.75	28.75 bid

NEW YORK PEPPER

NEW YORK, July 25, (U.P.A.): Black pepper futures closed inactive and unchanged to 200 points higher. Continued strength in both spot and futures markets reflected the paucity of offerings from producing areas and wide disparity of the local market in relation to London and India.

Reports from India say shippers are reluctant to make firm offers because of the extreme scarcity and inferior quality of pepper available there.

Black pepper was locally quoted at 1.16 dollars for spot and 1.15 dollars a pound for shipment positions. Offerings from India were reported as high as 1.24 dollars a pound while the London market was reported about 12 cents over the domestic rate.

One dealer said that unless supplies come from sources other than India, "It is not likely that the needs of some sections of the globe can be filled until the new crop of Malabar is available."

White pepper ruled quiet at 1.50 dollars a pound on spot and 1.48 dollars a pound for afloat supplies.

LONDON PEPPER

LONDON, July 25, (UPA): Trading in pepper was most idle on account of the peak prices with Singapore demanding six shillings two-pence for black and eight shillings for white.

There was no business in Malabar since negotiations would seemingly have to begin around the peak price of 650 shillings.

New York Copra Market

NEW YORK, July 25, (UPA): Slackening buyer interest brought a lower basis for copra today Dealers reported offerings available at 165 dollars a short ton C.I.F Pacific or five dollars lower than last week's basis.

In coconut oil, spot material was available at 14 3/4: shipment within 10 days at 14 1/2 straight August at 14; first half of September at 13 and September at 12 3/4 cents per pound.

WORTH STREET

NEW YORK, July 25.(UPA): On the Worth Street cloth market, cotton gray goods started the new week on the usual note of quietness.

Mill men suggested that buyers apparently were pre-occupied with digesting large-scale purchases made last week, particularly print cloth material, while some buyers remained reluctant to meet the higher basis producers believed that low level inventories and the need to cover fall, winter and Christmas lines, would bring renewed buying when the current prices retired further.

Sheetings and osnaburgs moved in routine volume while heavy industry cloths were slow reflecting vacations in some plants.

Tyre manufacturer interest in chafen fabrics remained on the bull side.

New York Stock Market

NEW YORK, July 25, (U. P. A.): Stocks moved higher today, checking the downward trend which had set in on last Thursday and Friday.

The volume was light but the 860,000 shares traded showed a moderate improvement over the 730.000 recorded last Friday

Grains ranged to over a point as a number of favourable earnings reports, along with higher steel operating rate for the coming week, helped sentiment.

Increases in the price of lead and zinc also helped firm the understone

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, July 26, (PTI-Reuter):—Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock market:—

SECURITIES: Government of India loans three per cent paper 98/- Do 1986 98/2 Do 1970/75 1001, Government of Travancore loan 1952/54 100/13, Government of Madras loan three per cent 1960 100/-.

BANKS: Travancore 14/2.

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1/10, Chembra 4/2, Cochin Malabar 3/10; Devashola 23/12 Nelliampathy 0/15/6. Ouchterlony 4/10 Pullangode 0/14/6 Thirumbadi 1/6/6 T R and T Co.. 4/1 Vaikundam 4/4

TEXTILES: Buckingham 137, Do Pref. 189/4, Cambodia 9/4 Coimbatore CM 112/- Do Pioneer X114/8 Do Spg. 44/12 Lakshmi 62/8 Madura 36/12 Mettur 290 Mysore Spun 4/8 Radhakrishna 136/8 Rajalakshmi 54/- Ranga Vilas 43/8 Trav. Rayons 2/13 Trichinopoly 10/4 Vasanta 99/-

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 66/8 Fact 3/14 India Cement 16/13, Mettur Chem. 5/14/6. —(PTI-Reuter).

Chicago Grains

CHICAGO, July 25, (PTI—Reuter): Wheat and soyabeans continued buoyant reflecting high temperatures over the week-end although extreme gains were pared by profit-taking. Dealings were quite active. Wheat also responded to mill buying against extension of heavy domestic flour buying. Maize ruled very steady on additional sales to Holland.

September 2.06-3-4
December 2.09.
March 2.07-5/8.
May 2.03.

Shipping News

AGENTS: VOLKART BROS.

Due to arrive at Bombay: From U.S. Pacific Coast: (1) s.s. "Riouw" Due 10th August; (2) s.s. "Hoegh Silverbeam" Due 19th August.

From U.S. Atlantic Coast: (3) s.s. "Hoegh Silverwave" Due 29th July: (4) s.s. "Rotti" Due 6th August; (5) s.s. "Utrecht" Due 19th August.

From Australia: (6) s.s. "Hoegh Silvercrest" Due 20th August.

From Persian Gulf via Karachi: (7) s.s. "Alchiba" Due 25th August.

From North Continental and Mediterranean Ports:— s.s. "Aalsum" Due 1st August.

Due to sail from Bombay: For Calcutta via Colombo: (1) s.s. "Lombok" Sails 28th July; (2) s.s. "Leopoldskerk" Sails 1st August; (3) s.s. "Leuvekerk" Sails 4th August; (4) s.s. "Stad Leiden" Sails 15th August.

For U.S. Pacific Coast: (5) s.s. "Rondo" Sails 4th August.

For Persian Gulf via Karachi: (6) s.s. "Hoegh Merchant" Sails 29th July (7) s.s. "Riouw" Sails 30th August; (8) s.s. "Hoegh Silverbeam" Sails 24th August.

For Australia: (9) s.s. "Hoegh Silverwave" Sails 11th August.

For U.S. Atlantic Coast: (10) s.s. "Hoegh Silvercrest" Sails 30th August.

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports: (11) s.s. "Alchiba" Sails 31st August.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

"Sparta" due on 3/8 Genoa leaving 8/8 for Trieste / Venice /.Genoa/ Naples.

"Astra" due on 3/8 Trieste leaving 10/8 for Colombo / Madras / Calcutta.

"Cannareggio" due on 25/8 Trieste leaving 30/8 for Colombo / Madras /- Calcutta.

"Tripolitania" due on 26/8 Genoa leaving 1/9 for Trieste / Venice / Genoa/Naples.

"Timavo" due on 30/8 Trieste leaving 5/9 for Trieste / Venice / Genoa/ Naples.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

RINGFJITT from Abadan with 13,726 tons petroleum on July 25.

SAN ZOTICO from Abadan with 7621 tons furnace oil on July 25.

GENERAL WALTEZ from Gdansk with general cargo of 5200 tons on July 25.

CASA GRANDE from Alexandria with water ballast on July 26.

DEPARTURE

MOOLTAN left for London with passengers and general cargo of 4500 tons on July 25.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 26.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready.
B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3.16 7th—9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs 332 1/4.
Banks Selling T T D D Rs 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329 Rs 328 3/4 L/C.
Paris Banks Selling 1 T Fcs 8100.
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 8320.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157.
Manila Banks Selling T T D D. Rs 165 3/4.
New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3.4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 52. 57-53. 43; London Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3 4. London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70. London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs 176 1 2-3 4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25 32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 128-130. London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70. London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1 4. London New York Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1.4, London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02, London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 1096-1098; London/Prague Cross Rate K 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1 16-2.4 3/16, London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 17.34-36
London Discts 3 Mos 5/8 p.c.
London Discts 6 Mos 3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c
Money:—Call 3-4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mons 1-1/4 p.c.. 12 Mos 1-1/2 p.c.
Tone:—Easy

SIPRA
VEGETABLE TOILET SOAP

Pleases the most fastidious taste with a wealth of lather and fragrance, purity of ingred

PROTECTION TO SODA ASH INDUSTRY

Plea For Cheap Supply Of Raw Materials

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"The question of protection or assistance to an industry whose product forms a raw material of a number of other industries cannot be treated in isolation. raw materials should be made available to industries as cheaply as possible, at the same time, the claim of the indigenous producers of the raw materials to reasonable protection should be considered from the point of view of an assured supply and gradual reduction in costs of production", observed Mr G L Mehta, presiding over the inquiry into the claim for protection or assistance to the soda ash industry held at Bombay on Tuesday.

The two soda ash plants at present in the Indian Union, namely, Tata Chemical (Mithapur) and the Dhrangadhra Chemical Works, which had been operating during and since the war, have had to suspend operations some months ago owing to accumulation of large stocks consequent on heavy imports of soda ash at lower prices. They therefore, had applied to Government for protection or assistance with a view of disposing of existing stocks and resuming operations

HISTORY

Mr G L Mehta at the outset briefly dealt with the history of the industry in the country and the circumstances leading to the closure of the two plants Regarding the estimate of demand for soda ash used in different industries, Mr Mehta pointed out the disparity in the figures supplied by different authorities.

Holding that the consumption of soda ash, being an important section of the 'alkali' group of the heavy chemical industry, was often considered a criterion for the industrial development of a country, he stated that the annual consumption in India was 0.6 lb. per head as compared with 56 lb. per head in the United States of America. While the annual rated capacity of the industry was 46,800 tons, the actual production, at the peak level, was 29,000 tons in 1948.

Favourable conditions of raw materials and large-scale production, Mr. Mehta continued, had enabled manufacturers in foreign countries to produce soda ash at much cheaper rates. He referred to the spectacular increase in production during the war, particularly in the United States and United Kingdom and other countries, where the ammonia-soda process had been developed under a system of combines with controlling interests in plants spread over different countries of the world.

HEAVY ASH

The Indian production of soda ash being restricted to the light variety, industries like glass making required heavy ash which had to be imported. Since the consumption of soda ash by the glass industry formed one-quarter of the total requirements of the country, Mr. Mehta enquired whether the Indian producers of soda ash could not convert part of their soda ash plant for the manufacture of heavy variety of ash; or, alternatively, he asked whether the glass industry could explore the possibility of substituting heavy ash by light ash without alteration in the equipment of the glass factories.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, July 26.

Previous Closing	29 57
Today's Opening	29 55
Difference	—2
Today's Closing	29 57
Difference	nil

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, July 26.

	Rs. as.
Silver Bullion	162 8
Silver Mint	163 0
Gold Ready	113 12
Sovereign	74 0

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, July 26 (P.T.I.-Reuter): New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 28-1 8.

General Motors unquoted

United States Steel Common dol. 23.

U.S. Steel preference unquoted.

London Stock Exchange

WEAKNESS IN GOVT. STOCKS

LONDON, July 26. (PTI-Reuter): Weakness in the British Government Stocks provided a feature in the London Stock Exchange today. Prices moved lower on fresh selling that was small but persistent. All classes of stocks were affected and losses of the day ranged up to three quarter per cent. Nationalisation issues were again chief sufferers.

Prices of industrials were mainly steady and the down drift in gilt-edged was generally resisted. An occasional loss however was shown in building and brewery shares.

Bright spot among first grade issues was provided by firmness in Australian bankings. These were marked higher on dismissal of Australian Government's appeal regarding nationalisation of banks. Gains were fractional and widespread.

An early firmness in oil shares was not always held. Initial support for leaders failed to produce follow through and gains were occasionally lost.

Foreign rails and bonds were quietly steady.

Local operators were buying Kaffir Freestaters today. Several useful advances were shown following the demand that found market unwilling sellers.

PAKISTAN NEWSLETTER

Hurs Threaten Revival Of Anti-Govt. Activities

DEMAND FOR RESTORATION OF PIR PAGARO'S 'GADI'

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI (By Air Mail).

Threat of the Hur leaders to once again revive their anti-Government activities has, it appears, made the authorities of Sind and Pakistan restive.

Private conferences are reported to be taking place amongst the Hur leaders who seem determined to recall Pir Pagaro's sons from England and to install the eldest son Sikander Ali Shah on his father's gadi.

It will be recalled, agitation for the restoration of the Gadi of the late Pir Pagaro, the religious head of that fanatic people known as Hurs, has been going on for some time on the plea that this was the only way of reclaiming the Hurs who had become anti-Government ever since the execution of their Pir in 1942, and then utilise their martial qualities for the defence of Pakistan. Since the authorities have been putting off this question on one pretext or the other, the Hur leaders are reported to have threatened to revive their anti-Government activities and even organise an armed attack on Karachi, the Capital of Pakistan as also carry on other sabotage activities with a view to dislocating the Governmental machinery.

On the Government side also, a number of high-level Conferences, the highest being between the Ministers of Sind and Pakistan, have been held to find out a solution of this burning problem, which has become a source of severe headache to them since a considerable time, but no decision has yet been arrived at. This delay on the part of the authorities has made some of the Hur leaders loose confidence and they are now reported to have sent in a last ultimatum on the threat of reviving once again their activities, which had practically come to an end for some time now. The more sober amongst them, however, still seem to be exploring the possibilities of some sort of settlement with the authorities.

A spokesman of the Sind Government, has also denied that Hurs, the followers of Pir Pagaro, who claim to have a strength of 21 lakhs, had ever declared their intention to join the ranks of the All-India Muslim League, even if all their demands had been conceded by the authorities.

FOOD SUPPLIES TO E. PAKISTAN

To relieve acute shortage of foodgrains in East Bengal and the arrangements at Chittagong port being inadequate to take in more supplies for loading and unloading, the Government of Pakistan is now reported to have approached the Government of India to allow them the use of the port of Calcutta on humanitarian grounds so that supplies of foodgrains can be more speedily rushed to the deficit areas in East Bengal.

Two officers of the Pakistan Food and Transport Ministries have now left for Delhi to complete negotiations with the Government of India in this respect.

It will be recalled that of late acute shortage of foodgrains is felt in various parts of Eastern Pakistan as the necessary supplies could not be despatched there in time. Recent floods in some of the areas have further aggravated this position and therefore the prices of foodgrains in some parts have risen even four-fold. The Pakistan authorities, accordingly, have sought the aid of the Government of India in this matter on humanitarian considerations.

ABOLISHING ZAMINDARI IN SIND

It is learnt on good authority that Sayed Miran Mohomed Shah, Sind's Revenue Minister has prepared a note for the abolition of zamindari and jagirdari systems in Sind.

This note, in the first instance, will be considered by the Sind Cabinet at its meeting next week and further action on the subject will be taken only if the Cabinet as a whole approves of the suggestions made by the Revenue Minister.

In Sind, zamindari and jagirdari systems are so much in vogue that almost all the agricultural lands are mostly in the hands of either zamindars or jagirdas while the tillers of the soil get very much less in return of the total crop produced by their toils. The Sind Hari (Kisan) Committee, therefore, has been agitating since some years for the abolition of such systems in Sind and asking for hereditary tenancy right for the Haris whose number in Sind is over two million and who form the bulk of the population of the Province.

BALUCHISTAN WANTS AUTONOMY

People's opposition seems to be mounting day by day against the Government-nominated Advisory Council for Baluchistan.

A number of influential Sardars of various Baluchi tribes have already declared their strong disapproval of this nominated body. They have now been joined by Sardar Jaffer Khan Jamali, a very influential Sardar amongst them who is besides a member of the Sind Legislative Assembly. All of them have been demanding that not only this Council must be an elected body but general elections should be held immediately in Baluchistan for the selection of people's own representatives who alone could be asked to rule over them. For this purpose, early declaration of Provincial Autonomy for Baluchistan is also being demanded.

It will be recalled that following strong demands for the abolition of Agent to the Governor General's Raj in Baluchistan, the late Quaid-i-Azam Mohomed Ali Jinnah had suggested the setting up of an Advisory Council, effect to which was given only recently.

HINDU'S LANDS FOR MUSLIM REFUGEES

Instances of declaring as 'Evacuee Property' the agricultural lands of Hindus in Sind although they still continue to remain in Pakistan along with their families, and then allotting them to the Muslim refugees, are now said to be on an increase all over the Province.

Public Grievances Bureau opened by the Sind Hindu Conference in Karachi is receiving complaints in this connection almost daily from various parts of the Province. Latest in this connection are the instances of lands owned by Seth Jamiatmal Liliram of Nawabshah, Modhovji of Nasirabad, Shamdas and Hundaidas of Dadu, Dalumal Manghanmal, Khemchand Gobindram and Rupsing Kodusing of Sukkur, Seth Lachhmandas, Mat Sadori and Madandas of Larkana, Lahromal of Jacobabad and some more zamindars of Pir-jo-goth.

The most interesting thing in this connection is that the Hindu owners are even forbidden to touch their standing crops on these lands which too are being taken away by the Muslims before their very eyes. On the other hand, the Land Revenue Department has been serving notices on the Hindu owners to pay up revenue due on these crops.

ANTI-CORRUPTION DRIVE

Action Against 4 Police Officers

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Anti-corruption Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. took action against 15 persons in June last. Six of these persons were dealt with for offences relating to bribery and corruption, five for gambling, two for possessing stolen property, one for extorion and one for theft, forgery and cheating.

The following are the important cases dealt with by the Branch.

A Deputy Police Inspector has been suspended from service pending inquires into his alleged interference in a robbery case. Two Sub-Inspectors have also been suspended pending inquiries into the charges against them. One is charged with failure to arrest an accussed concerned in a robbery case and the other with failure to arrest a bad character who had been ordered to be externed from Greater Bombay.

One person was arrested on June 18 for taking a sum of Rs. 1,200/- from a detenu in the World temporary prison for influencing certain police officers to secure his release.

Two persons were arrested on June 21 for attempting to deliver Italian woollen goods worth Rs. 40,000/- alleged to be stolen from dock areas.

A senior accountant in the office of the Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts) Bombay was arrested on June 22 following his eccceptance of an illegal gratification of Rs. 7,000/- from a retired Forest Officer of a merged State and representative of the former ruler of that State as a motive or reward for reporting favourably on accounts of the rice mills owned by the ruler, which were audited by him in January last under the orders of the Government of Bombay.

One person was arrested on June 25 for offering an illegal gratification to a clerk in a Rationing Office to refrain from taking notice of a bogus kerosene oil ration card.

On receiving information that a huge fraud involving several lakhs of rupees had been committed by the agent, the manager and the head storekeeper of a mill in Bombay, the premises of the mill were raided by the Branch on June 28 and nearly a lorryload of account books and documents were seized. A case under sections 409, 477A and 109 I.P.C. has been registered and investigations are in progress.

Inquiries were made into the allegations made against a clerk of a Rationing Office to the elect that he was passing bogus applications for ration cards for consideration of an illegal gratification of Re 1/- per card. The report has been sent to the Controller of Rationing for taking departmental action.

A Sub-Inspector, who was suspended at the instance of this Branch, has been reduced to the rank of Head Constable Writer for a period of six months, for making a false entry in the station diary.

A Deputy Inspector, against whom inquiries were instituted by —this Branch for receiving Rs. 2,000 as an illegal gratification from an accused involved in a Abkari case, has been dismissed from service.

Banking A Public Utility Service

P. D. Nanjee Welcomes New Act

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Welcoming the recently passed Banking Companies Act, Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee, President of the Indian Banks' Association said that it aimed at securing the growth of banking in India on sound lines making the best use of banking as in instrument of sound economic development of the country.

Mr. Nanji who was speaking at a Rotary Club meeting this afternoon at the Green's added that the Act would protect the interests of the depositors from the amateurish inefficiency or selfishness of some bankers. He opined that the Reserve Bank which was vested with the responsibility of administering the Act could be depended upon to do the right thing by the banks. The Reserve Bank was also empowered with the authority to help banks in times of need, whereby it would be able to assist the banks when necessary.

He stated that banking was neither an industry nor a trade, commerce or profession.

"It is," he observed "a service and a sort of public utility service like railways, the posts and telegraphs, working not only for its shareholders but also for a large number of the public who are depositors."

The banking legislation, he added could not alone solve all our problems and ultimately good banking would have to depend upon good bankers and their sense of responsibility to the community as custodians of its savings.

INDEPENDENCE DAY ANNIVERSARY

B. P. C. C. Programme

BOMBAY, July 26, (UPI): The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will observe the Second Anniversary of Independence Day, which falls on August 15 by flag hoisting ceremonies in the morning and organising procession and public meeting in the evening.

An appeal to public, social and educational institutions to observe the day by displaying the National Flag on business premises and residential buildings was made at a meeting of the Committee, held at the Congress House, this evening. Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee presided.

Earlier, the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee mourned the tragic death of 45 persons who lost their lives in the Dutch constallation plane crash at Bombay, on July 12.

A resolution expressing deep regret at the tragedy and extending deep sympathy to the American, Dutch and other Government's and offering their heartfelt condolence to the relatives and friends of the deceased in their sad bereavement was passed all standing.

C.P.'s BID TO OUTSTRIP ITS OWN FOOD TARGET

More Acres Under The Plough

NAGPUR, July 26, (PTI): The Central Provinces Government has stepped up the tempo of its grow more food campaign with a view to producing an additional 3,00,000 tons of foodgrains by the end of 1951.

Originally, the Provincial Government had a five-year plan beginning from 1947|48, with a production target fixed by the Government of India at 2,00,000 tons. This has now been reorientated to achieve not only the target in fours years, but to produce an additional lakh tons of food grains.

For the period ending May 1949, when the open season for this year ended, over 45,000 acres of kans-infested land had been brought under cultivation in the northern wheat-tract. Ninety tractors lent by the Government of India were functioning here. Under the machine tractor stations scheme, thirty tractors of the Provincial Government had brought over 10,000 acres under rice and juar cultivation in the same period.

MORE ACRES

For 1949|50, it is hoped to bring another 70,000 acres under the plough. The Government has however, a target of reclaiming 1,20,000 acres of land for which more tractors would be needed.

Apart from the tractor operations, Government also expect to bring about 50,000 acres of land under irrigation by 1951 through small irrigation projects, in furtherance of the grow more food campaign, thus adding up the total extra production to a little over three lakhs of tons.

Conressions To Children Of Soldiers

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has directed that the educational concessions granted to children and dependents of men who took part in the last war should also be admissible to children and dependents of soldiers studying in technical and industrial institutions imparting instruction in diploma courses recognised by the Department of Technical Education, where the standard of admission is Matriculation or Secondary School Certificate examination.

Karnatak University Registrar

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has appointed Mr. D. P. Patravali, Professor of Mathematics, Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, as the first Registrar of the Karnatak University.

START A TREE-PLANTING CAMPAIGN

Bombay Agriculture Minister's Call

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

BROADCASTING from the Bombay station of All-India Radio, this evening, Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Forests and Agriculture, Government of Bombay, appealed to every institution which had anything to do with the furtherance of civic sense to come forward to take part in the country-wide effort of tree-planting.

The Minister said that he had in his mind particularly the Primary and Secondary schools, numbering about 30,000, the Boy-Scouts, the Home Guards, the co-operative societies of every description and Village Food Production Committees, whose joint effort, even though carried out on a small scale, would reach an immense total.

The Minister added: "It will be the Government's aim to establish nurseries in every district, but in course of time, it is hoped that the people will learn to rely on themselves for their requirements and not depend on a Government agency for tree supplies."

Mr. Patil said that rocky, eroded and swampy lands in the Province were being inspected from the point of view of putting them to the best use and added that a good part here and a good part there would undoubtedly be classed as suitable for tree growth or reclamable by means of afforestation.

He advised the people to plant according to some definite plan drawn up for a number of years. The plan might include the creation of groves, of avenues along approach roads, boundaries around play grounds, provision of shade trees in village pasture lands, camping grounds for cartmen, watering places for cattle, village fair grounds etc.

SARAT BOSE MEETS STATES' PEOPLE

BOMBAY, July 25 (UPI)—Sri Sarat Chandra Bose, leader of the Socisist Republican Party of India, met here today States' Peoples of Cental India and Rajputana and had discussions with them on the present political situation in that area.

Mr. Kanyalal Vaidya, ex-General Secretary of the C.I. States Peoples' Conference and members of the Standing Committee of the A.I.S.P.C. acquainted Sarat Babu with the present state of affairs in the Central Indian States and Rajputana He told Mr. Bose that the States Peoples' Union had decided to convene an all-India States Workers' Convention at Bombay.

Mr. Bose has invited Mr. Vaidya to Calcutta in August next to resume the discussions.

Liability Of Contributory

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar)

The Associated Banking Corp. Ltd. (In Liquidation) .. Plaintiffs.

Versus

Mahomed Akbar Abdulla Fazalbhoy ..... Defendant.

Interesting questions of company law arose in this suit filed by the plaintiff company, by its liquidator, to recover the arrears of calls which had remained unpaid by the defendant, the holder of 876 ordinary shares of the bank.

In July 1945, the directors of the plaintiff-bank had made a call of Rs. 25 per share which the defendant had failed to pay. On the bank going into liquidation, the liquidator, by a letter dated July 9, 1948, called upon the defendant to pay up the arrears of call money, and the defendant not having done, so, the present suit was filed against him. In the plaint as amended it was contended that the defendant was liable for unpaid calls as a contributory.

On behalf of the defendant it was contended that his liability to contribute did not arise till a call was made, and that the Rules under the Companies Act in force in Bombay Province contained no provision enabling a liquidator to make calls when a company was being wound up by the Court.

His Lordship was of opinion that the liability of a contributory to pay unpaid calls was not a contractual liability but was a statutory liability arising under the provisions of Section 156 of the Companies Act, and that in suing for unpaid calls the liquidator was not seeking to recover the calls as such and therefore the present suit did not fall under Article 112 of the Limitation Act which laid down a period of three years only for recovery of arrears of call money. His Lordship held that this statutory liability arose on the making of the winding-up order and a suit to enforce it could be filed within six years of that order under Article 120 of the Limitation Act.

His Lordship therefore passed a decree for the plaintiff-bank for Rs. 9,375/- with interest and costs.

Mr. M. V. Desai, Mr. M. L. Manekshaa and Mr. P. N. Bhagwati instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Co., appeared for the plaintiff-bank.

Mr. H. D. Banaji and Mr. Y. B. Rege instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla appeared for the defendant.

Hindustan Motors Ltd.

NATION-BUILDING ENTERPRISE

The Hindustan Motors Company, with an authorised capital of Rs. 20 crores and subscribed capital Rs. 5 crores, was registered in 1944. It soon launched on constructive work and for the last three years its plant at Okha port in Kathiawar has been assembling "Hindusthan Tens."

About 18 months ago The Hindustan Motors Company acquired a sight near Calcutta, at Uttrapara. A huge modern factory has been built on it, with a railway siding and electric power supply.

It is a most impressive structure with glass-nominated ceiling, which provides glare-free light, for the workers inside.

It is manned by expert foreign technicians and research workers, who are busy on immediate production.

A number of young Indian engineers have been sent abroad for higher training in automotive engineering, who will replace the foreign experts gradually.

Huge component producing units have already been installed to machine all the major components for the engine, gear box, transmission, rear axle and front suspension, and thousands of other parts. The capital machinery installed is capable of an annual output of vehicles which represent 70% of cars annually imported into India. The plant includes machinery to manufacture the components of engines from 10 to 30 H.P.

Within the existing range of equipment the Hindustan Motors are manufacturing hundreds of Engine, Front Axle, Rear Axle, Gear Box, and Body parts.

MERE ASSEMBLING NO GOOD

Even before the outbreak of war a few companies have been assembling cars in India. Their emphasis was on immediate profit for themselves and their plans had no connection with improving of India's economy. Mere assembling of cars is not going to help either the industry or the consumer. The market is already flooded with cars in 'Knock Down' condition which must inevitably undersell the product of local manufacture.

The Hindustan Motors Ltd. are well aware that the manufacture of component parts, in an undeveloped country, involves very heavy expenditure, as it requires expert technological and organisational experience, which can be secured only at a great cost from abroad. Also such production becomes expensive because of the comparatively small out-turn in the earlier years. In industrially backward countries manufacture of cars cannot be a paying proposition for some years because of the reasons mentioned above.

It will be obvious that because of the huge capital commitments the cost of the parts manufactured by the Hindustan Motors Ltd. will be inevitably higher than that offered by the importer of complete cars and mere assemblers, who can get them cheaply from foreign large-scale manufacturers.

IN INTEREST OF NATION

But the Hindustan Motors Ltd. has taken the long-term view, in the interest of the country. By this pioneering enterprise it hopes to make the country self-sufficient in its requirements of automobiles. It has put this aim above immediate profits, which is the pre-occupation of mere assemblers and importers of parts.

The Hindustan Motors Ltd. have sacrificed their immediate profits, for the sake of developing India's indigenous automobile industry. For this it deserves support both from the Government and the consumers. It is necessary that the Government should extend to the Hindustan Motors Ltd. protection to establish and stabilise this basic industry, which is necessary for the economic and strategic interests of the country.

JOURNALISTS AS FOOD ADVISERS!

Saurashtra Invitation

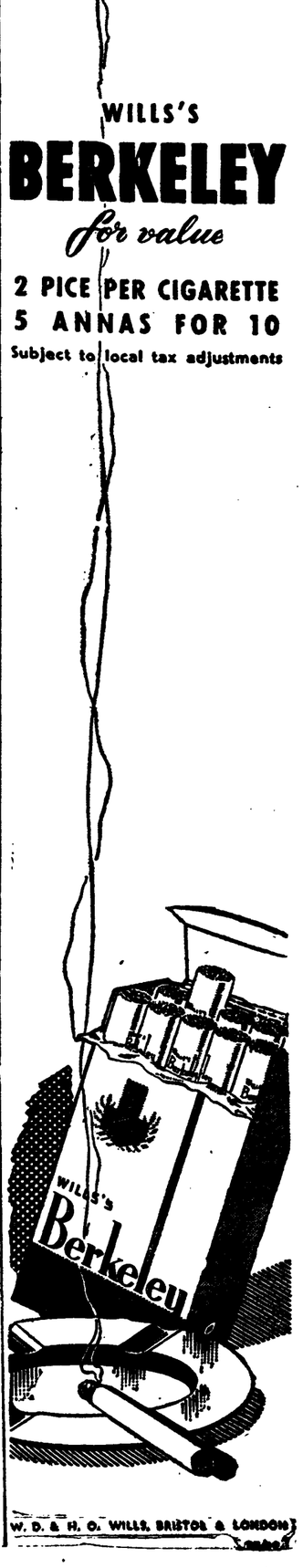
(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, July 26.

The Saurashtra Food and Agriculture Minister today stated at a press conference that journalists can become advisers to the food department and advise the Government on the merits and demerits of the statutory rationing introduced at Rajkot, Bhavnagar and Jamnagar.

Mr. Girdharbhai also stated that the Government will not allow any foodgrains to be exported from Saurashtra this year all the grains grown here will therefore be available to the people of Saurashtra. At present, he said, Saurashtra had 69,000 tons of corn which would last for three months.

LOOK



Government of Maharashtra
on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. R. 1065

Shaw Now 93, Claims Two Victories

HOPES TO LIVE A HUNDRED YEARS

AYOT, ST. LAWRENCE (ENGLAND), July 26 (U.P.A.).

GEORGE BERNARD SHAW celebrated his 93rd birthday today by telling friends that he will certainly live to be 100.

The day marked a double event for Shaw — his birthday and a victory in the sale. It is hard to say which pleased the Bernard playwright most.

Reaching 93 — he thought he was going to die once when he was 91 — is a sort of milestone for him on the way to the coveted century mark.

The auction sale victory tickled Shaw because in his incredible career of over 75 years as a writing man he has become known as the most rigidly businesslike of all successful authors. He is a rich man. His income-tax is the highest (in England). He lives in a large beautifully kept mansion. There are two cars in his garage, one of them a Rolls Royce.

But his eye for royalty payment never has dimmed. Anywhere in the world where there is a Shaw play being performed, the Sage of Ayot, Saint Lawrence, is there in spirit, watching still for his share.

To a limited edition of Hamlet worth about $60.00 he added an 800-word essay on blank leaves in front. It boosted the price by $400.00. His first edition of Lawrence's "Seven Pillars of Wisdom" had another notation in Shaw's hand. It mentioned Shaw's help to Lawrence in writing the book. That added another $400.00 to the price. A marginal note here, a signature on the flyleaf there — and the prices astonished even auctioneers, but not Shaw.

"If Shakespere had added similar notes, think what prices he would have received," he chuckled.

Although Shaw no longer gives interviews as such, visitors and villagers who called to extend congratulations came away with many a Shavian nugget.

TIPS FOR HEALTH

He told one visitor, "Don't be afraid of growing old. All you have to worry about is getting over certain hurdles. The age of 35 to 40 claims many brilliant lives. And from 50 to 60 you must guard against ill health. After that you have a chance for 80 and you can really begin to enjoy life."

SIKKIM EPISODE

NEW DELHI, July 26 (UPI): Leaders belonging to the Sikkim State Congress and the former Chief Minister of the State today met Pandit Nehru to explain to him the stand of the Sikkim State Congress on the "Sikkim episode".

Interviewed by UPI they said that at their meeting with Pandit Nehru, they reiterated their demands for accession of Sikkim to India, for installing a popular interim ministry leading in due course to full Responsible Government and abolition of land landism in Sikkim. These demands have already been submitted to the Prime Minister in a memorandum.

They, however, added that it appeared to them as if the Government of India were not inclined to accede to their demands immediately.

CONGRESS EXECUTIVE MEETING TODAY

NEW DELHI, July 26 (UPI): The Congress Working Committee will reassemble tomorrow afternoon at 3-30 p.m. at the residence of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, who was absent from the previous sittings of the Committee due to sudden illness, will attend the meeting.

It is learnt that Mr. N. P. Sarkar, acting Premier of West Bengal, and some representatives of West Bengal Congress Committee will attend tomorrow's sitting as special invitees.

GANGA RISING

BANARAS, July 26 (UPI): The water level in the Ganga is rising and since yesterday it has risen by one and three fourth feet upto 12 noon today, touching the flood mark of 226.05 feet at Banaras. The water level is still below danger level by 14 feet.

Warning has been issued in the neighbouring low lying villages and the District Flood Committee is making arrangements to rush relief to the flood affected areas.

EMERGENCY LANDINGS

Anchoring Peg Invented In New York

NEW YORK, (PTI-Reuter): Emergency landings of planes in out of the way places may be rendered safer than at present if an invention just presented proves as effective as it is claimed to be, the P.T.I. correspondent in New York reports.

It is an anchoring peg which the pilot will, by a special device, be able to drive into the ground just before making the forced landing and a cable of nylon or other stretchy material will check the planes run.

The peg, which is hollow contains an explosive charge. Electrically set off, the charge throws a load of shot upward and the recoil drives the peg unward and into the ground, before the plane has touched down.

Conservatives Lose On Steel Nationalisation Bill

LONDON, July 26, (UPA): The House of Commons, after sitting through a sweltering 21 hours 48 minute session, Tuesday rejected Conservative amendments to the Labour Government's Steel Nationalization Bill which would have delayed putting it into effect until after the 1950 general elections.

Some five pages of 60 amendments were submitted by the Conservative dominated House of Lords remained to be voted on when Commons ended the all night session.

MADHYA BHARAT P.C.C. PERSONNEL

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, July 26.

The Madhya Bharat Provincial Congress Committee has been constituted with Mr. Kashinath Trivedi as President, and Mr. Ramniwas Sharma as the General Secretary. Out of the total of 18 members of the working Committee, the names of 12 have been announced today.

According to a press communique issued by the M.P.C.C. Central Office, the names of the other six will be announced within a week.

Besides the President and the General Secretary, the members are: Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya, the present Premier, Mr. Liladhar Joshi, the former Premier, Mr. Babu Ram Sahai, Speaker, Madhya Bharat Legislative Assembly, Master Lalsingh of Bhopal, Mr. Sultan Ahmed of Bhopal, Mr. Joharilal Jhanjaria, member A.I.C.C., Mr. Sitaram Jajoo, member, Constituent Assembly, Mr. Lakhersingh Bhat of Ratlam, Mr. Dinkar Madhya Parulekar, ex-Labour Minister, Madhya Bharat and Syed Hamid Ali, the former General Secretary of the Central India Regional States People's Conference.

A Princess Appeals

INDORE, July 26 (UPI): Princess Savitrabai Bansode, a Jagirdar in Madhya Bharat and member of the ruling family of the former Holkar State has filed an appeal against the orders of the Revenue Minister of Madhya Bharat taking over her Jagir estate.

Electricity For Mecca

MECCA, July 26 (UPI): Contracts for providing public electricity for the holy city of Mecca have been entrusted to a group of British firms, it is learned here today.

Rajpramukh Conference

NEW DELHI, July 26 (PTI): The Rajpramukhs' Conference which met today here could not conclude its deliberation according to schedule, and will, therefore, continue discussion tomorrow on the details of integration of the Indian State forces in the Indian army.

KASIM RAZVI'S TRIAL TODAY

SECUNDRABAD, July 26 (UPI): Ten months after the "Police Action" against Hyderabad State, begins tomorrow (July 27) the long-awaited trial of Syed Kasim Razvi, the Razakar Chief and Leader of Ittehadul-Muslimeen, who was primarily responsible for inviting it.

The 55-year-old bearded Advocate, who came to be regarded as India's enemy No. 1 owing to his fanaticism and sabre-rattling, is reported to be in good health after his recent operation for appendicitis. Besides himself being an actute Advocate, he will be defended by a pauper's pleader and by the London Barrister, Mr. G. D. Roberts.

This wind-bag who had boasted to hoist the Asafia Jha flag over the Red Fort at Delhi, will be arraigned on three charges, namely complicity in the murder of Mr. Shoebulla Khan, Editor of "Emrose", an anti-Razakar journal of these days, for dacoity and arson at Bibinagar and for murders at Aland.

This historic trial will open before a 3-man tribunal in the red painted hundred-year-old British Military Hospital at Trimulgherry, four miles from Secunderabad on way to Bolarum Residency. The Hospital building until recently was being used as an office establishment.

The 3-man tribunal consists of Mr. J. A. Pinto, Sessions Judge from Madras, Mir Ahmed Ali Khan, Sessions Judge of Hyderabad, and Mr. Jagannath Rao, retired Additional Sessions Judge of the State. Mr. Ethiraj from Madras will be the Chief Government Prosecutor.

Special arrangements have been made for the Press to report the case, and newspapermen from Delhi and other places are attending. Arrangements for the public has also been made. Side by side, elaborate security measures have also been taken.

C. R. VISITS CAMP OF REFUGEES

A Packet Of Sweets Afterwards

NEW DELHI, July 26. (PTI): Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Governor-General, today went round the barracks in the Government House estate, now housing some 270 refugees displaced from the Humayun's Tomb camp by heavy rains in the past few days.

The barracks occupied by the Governor-General's Body guard were, it is stated, vacated at two hours' notice to accomodate the refugees.

A refugee complained that there were too many restrictions on their movements as they had to show their pass at every other corner. The Governor-General laughed and said that he could understand how they must be "feeling like prisoners". He added that he himself felt like a prisoner in the big house.

The refugees, who moved in to the barracks yesterday, have been provided with cooked food. Arrangements are being made to construct a temporary kitchen for community cooking. Accomodation has been arranged for 500 refugees.

CLEANLINESS

The Governor-General stressed on the refugees the need of keeping the camp clean and tidy. He wanted the camp to be a "high class one".

He inquired of the refugee women whether they were getting sufficient milk for the children. The Refugees women said that they had been provided with powdered milk which the children did not like. The Governor-General asked the camp officials to explain to the women that powdered milk was wholesome and good.

The Governor-General later sent a gift packet of sweets to each of the refugee children living in the camp in token of his visit.

Queen Elizabeth Bereaved

LONDON, July 26, (UPA):— Miss Lilian Bowes-Lyon, poet authoress and a cousin of Queen Elizabeth, was found dead in bed Monday in her home at Kensington, London. She was 53.

Miss Bowes-Lyon moved to London's East End slums in 1940 to help bomb victims and contracted arthritis which necessitated amputation of her both legs.

Yugoslav Denial

ROME, July 26, (UPA): The Yugoslav Minister to Rome, Mladen Ivekovic, Tuesday denied that any accord has been reached between the Greek Government and Yugoslavia.

ADVANCEMENT OF COLOURED PEOPLE

Walter White's Mission To Delhi

Walter White, Executive Secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People, will arrive in New Delhi on August 12, as one of more than a score of prominent Americans travelling with the current world tour of America's "Town Meeting of the Air". A native of Atlanta, Georgia, and a well-known author and speaker, White graduated from Atlanta University in 1916, and received an honorary Doctor of Laws degree from Howard University in 1938 and from Atlanta University in 1943. In 1937 he was awarded the 23rd Spingarn Medal, presented annually to an American Negro for distinguished service. Last year he became the first recipient of the Sir James Jeanes Award presentedly the New London (Connecticut) Junior College.
—USIS PHOTO.

STEPS TO INDUSTRIALISE THE COUNTRY

Negotiations With Foreign Firms And Experts

NEW DELHI, July 26 (U.P.I.).

INDIA'S all-round industrial and economic development and consequent future progress and prosperity are foreshadowed by the negotiations that are now going on with foreign firms and experts and other steps being taken for industrialisation of the country.

An agreement has recently been concluded it is understood, with a Swiss firm for setting up a machine tool factory in India. The establishment of such a factory is considered essential for the development of industries in this country.

Technical experts of the firm are expected to arrive in India shortly. The capital cost of the project is estimated at Rs. 12 crores and will be carried out within a period of four to five years. The annual production of the factory is expected to be of the value of Rs. 7 or 8 crores.

Negotiations are at present going on with an Australian firm regarding the terms for the setting up of a diesel engine factory and a machine tool repairing shop. An offer made by an Italian firm in this connection is also under consideration.

Details of a scheme for the establishment of a State factory for the manufacture of tractors are also being worked out. The project reports of the two foreign firms, one British and the other American, for setting up of a heavy electrical plant manufacture are expected in September. It is estimated that the cost of the project would be Rs. 24 crores spread over a period of three to four years.

Negotiations are also going on with a leading firm of international reputation for the conclusion of an agreement for giving technical advice to the Government in connection with the establishment of a factory for the manufacture of dry core paper insulated telephone cables. An agreement is expected to be concluded shortly and it is hoped that the factory will start production within a year.

The report of the French exports on the question of value to be paid to the Scindias for taking over their shipbuilding yard in Vizagapatam and also in regard to the establishment of a new ship yard is reported to be under consideration at present.

A committee of management was entrusted with the task of implementing the scheme to start in Bombay a penicillian sulphate drugs, anti-malarial drugs manufacturing factory pending formation of a statutory corporation. The committee met recently and are taking steps towards the establishment of the factory at an early date.

The Sindri Fertilizer Project is planned to go into pilot production by the end of 1950 and into full production in the first half of 1951. The cost of the project is now expected to be of the order of Rs. 16 crores. Of this amount, about nine crores will be spent in the sterling area, mainly in England, and two crores in the dollar area, U.S.A. The rest is expected to be spent in India.

AIRCRAFT MANUFACTURE

The Hindusthan Aircraft Corporation, Bangalore, has undertaken the manufacture of all metal bus bodies also; besides, construction of all metal rail coaches and assembling and manufacture of aircraft of certain varieties. The first single decker will be under construction shortly.

In addition to 110 all metal rail coaches which were delivered in August, 1948, the factory delivered 19 more coaches during the period of January to May 1949. The estimated output of June is seven. It is expected that the peak planned rate of 12 coaches per month would be achieved in September—October next. The Transport Ministry have agreed, it is learnt, to place a further order for 110 coaches.

An industrial survey shows that industrial production in India has already shown an upward trend during the first half of 1949, as compared with the figures of the same period last year, although, in certain cases there has been a slight decrease also.

Compared to the figures of the first half of last year, production of coal recorded an increase by more than 18,000 tons, steel went up by 16,63 tons and paper by nearly four thousand tons. Cotton textiles showed a decrease by 110 million yards while yarn registered a slight increase.

The production of salt increased by seven million maunds, mechanical tools went up almost double, alloys by 8,000 tons and glass by 4,000 tons. Enamel were showed a slight decrease.

A survey of Government's industrial plants also shows that considerable progress has been made in finalising the plans.

CHINESE EXPERT LEAVES FOR TIBET

Mission To Restore Peace And To Select A Lama

HONG KONG, July 26. (PTI-Reuter).

KWAN Chiyul, Chairman of the Chinese Government's Mongolian and Tibetan Affairs Commission was leaving for Tibet today following reports from Lhasa of a revolt by Tibetan elements against Chinese authority and the expulsion of Chinese officials from Lnasa.

His mission is stated to be to reaffirm China's sovereignty over Tibet.

According to Chinese press reports, Kwan will visit the Chinghai Province in Northwest China on his way to Lhasa.

A NEW LAMA

It is at Kumbun, a buddhist centre near Sining, the capital of Chinghai Province, that a date between August 1 and August 6 is to be fixed for inaugurating a 12-year old youth as the tenth incarnation of the immortal Panchan Lama of Tibet.

Political leaders in Lhasa, supporters of the temporal rule of the Dalai Lama, are said to oppose this succession which is sponsored, it is said, by Kwan Chiyul.

Two Grand Lamas are recognised in Tibet, the Panchan Lama, religious head of the buddhist church in Tibet and a great part of Mongolia, and the Dalai Lama said to be reincarnation of a Buddhist Saint, who heads the civil as well as the religious Government of Tibet.

The Dalai Lama—supreme one—has his seat in the vast potala or palace in Lhasa.

In spiritual matters, the Panchan Lama, leader of two to three million people, is believed to have far greater powers than his Lhasa counterpart.

The Panchan Lama died in 1937. His successor, born at the exact hour of his death, was discovered in a traditional search for a child in whose body the spirit of the former Lama was said to be re-born.

He was chosen by priests because he took more interest in the personal belongings of the former Panchan Lama than two other youngsters in the final selection.

TENTH INCARNATION

The new Panchan Lama was sent to a monastery at Kumbun after he was proclaimed tenth incarnate and spent his childhood in strict seclusion.

He was allowed no companions of his own age, and most of his time was spent learning the scriptures.

The boy, said to be high spirited and intelligent, is highly respected. People bow before him when he rides through the streets on a while horse.

Motion For Extradition Challenged

BRITON FACING FRAUD CHARGE

LONDON, July 26 (PTI-Reuter). The Court of Appeal today granted permission to Captain Thomas Henderson to apply to the Home Secretary for discharge from Brixton Prison, where he is awaiting return to India under the Fugitive Offenders Act.

The Court will hear the discharge motion on Thursday, it was announced.

Counsel for Henderson said the reason for the appliation to serve short notice of motion was that arrangements had been made to return his client to India on a ship leaving on Thursday.

Henderson was committed to gaol on June 22 after the Indian Government had applied for his extradition to face fraud charge.

Australian Banks Not To Be Nationalised

MELBOURNE, July 26 (PTI-Reuter). Trading bank circles here were jubilant today when news came through that the British Privy Council had upheld an Australian High Court decision that the Government's Bill to nationalise Australian banks was unconstitutional.

Mr. Leslie James, McConnan, chairman of Associated Banks, Victoria said: "splendid news—the banking system is safe until the next federal election."

Pacific Union Plans

ROMULO TO VISIT CAPITALS

MANILA, July 26 (UPA). A Malacanan Palace spokesman said that Chiang Kai-shek's forthcoming visit to Korea apparently is in accordance with the Chiang-Quirino understanding reached at Baguio that the Generalissimo would handle the "Korean angle" of the Pacific Union. He said that Quirino was not planning to go to Seoul in response to President Rhee's invitation.

He said that Chiang and Quirino had an understanding that the Philippines would acquaint southern Asiatic countries with the proposed alliance.

QUIRINO-ROMULO TALKS

Quirino and Carlos Romulo have conferred twice and are expected to have two or three more talks before Pacific Union plans are completed. Officially, it was emphasized that it will require long and careful planning. Romulo is expected to be dispatched to various capitals in connection with the Pacific Union.

The spokesman emphasized that no official invitations have yet been issued to other countries nor "diplomatic soundings" made. Romulo said that Pacific Union plans are still in the early stages.

It was learned that there is considerable behind the scenes discussion whether the Pacific Union should be an aggressive anti-Communist alliance or a defensive one such as the Atlantic Pact.

The Quirino-Chiang statement suggested a union "for the purpose of achieving solidarity, and mutual assistance to contain and counteract that common threat."

Romulo has long advocated a non-Communist rather than an anti-Communist bloc believe it conforms to United Nations aims. Current consultations here are expected to define the nature, scope and purpose of the Pacific Union.

It was learned that they were also discussing whether SCAP should be be invited as representing Japan. Diplomatic sources said the importance of Japan cannot be discounted for any anti-Communist effort in the Orient.

BIKINI TEST RESULTS

No Need To Alter Ship Designs

NEW YORK, July 26 (PTI-Reuter) Underwater atomic bomb tests at Bikini showed that no major revision of ship design is necessary to withstand such blasts, according to Admiral William Blandy, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Atlantic Fleet and former Commander of the atom bomb tests.

In a television broadcast on the third anniversary of the Bikini tests, he said that "minor improvements such as strengthening of certain structures against blasts and shock and general streamlining of vessels are the most realistic approach for protection from tre atom bomb.

"Bikini itself today shows no effects from the atom bomb. Of the target ships, the carrier "Independence" remains radio-active and is still under study. About half the animals survived the test. Some are still being studied."

ROMANCE OF CARPET WEAVING IN PRISON-HOUSE

BIKANER, July 26 (PTI): A pile of eighteenth-century buildings, enclosed by an 18-foot wall, houses the "factory" where some of the world's finest carpets are manufactured.

Carpets made in this "factory"—the Bikaner Central Jail—adorn the Buckingham Palace and the mansions of millionaires in many countries.

This unique factory has been visited by Viceroys, Governors, Princes and tourists from all parts of the world.

A bearded Rajput sentry greets the visitors, at the massive entrance to the prison-factory. As the gates are flung open, he sees the 600 inmates answering their roll call.

The prisoners live in an atmosphere of cleanliness—you can't find a speck of dust anywhere within the mile-long walls of the jail. They get good food, too—three "rotties" (wheat bread), rice and a variety of vegetables.

They have to learn and earn a living. Besides the three "R's" the prisoners are given training in weaving, carpentry, gardening, spinning—and manufacture of aerated water to quench some Rajput chieftain's thirst whose house is in the Thar desert.

Then there is the carpet section which keeps the visitor spellbound. Fifteen to twenty men work on a carpet. The instructions are sung, and inch by inch the carpet leaps to life, a harmony of colour with poetry and pathos of cell-life woven into its wrap and woof.

An old "bird"—usually a life convict—supervises this delicate work and for different patterns of carpets, he has memorised different songs. He sings: "Put now white thread, now parrot-green, try sky-blue....." and so on.

SELF-HELP

The colour of the carpet is indigenous—vegetable dye prepared inside the jail, an art carefully preserved. The wool is of the famous breed of Bikaner sheep, prized all over the world as the finest type.

Bikaner carpets are noted for their undying beauty and freshness. They las for centuries; ages and usage do not affect their colours. The late King George V of Great Britain was an admirer of Bikaner carpets.

The price of Bikaner carpets ranges from Rs. 300 to Rs. 3,000. The lamp pattern, loveliest in design, claims the highest demand in India and abroad.

There is a show room attached to the prison—a veritable feast of colour schemes, some of the more expensive specimens of carpets are kept in the State Museum.

What is probably the oldest carpet in the world—a sixteen century make—is one of the precious exhibits at the Jaipur Museum.

The prisoners at work on the carpets are specialists in the craft. They work patiently, a smile of pride in every movement, as if whispering to themselves: "A thing of beauty is a joy forever".

Petain Sinking?

PARIS, July 26, (UPA): The health of Marshal Henri Philippe Petain, 93, head of the wartime Vichy Government, has deteriorated rapidly the past 48 hours, the newspaper PARIS PRESSE said Tuesday.

The report was denied by a Ministry of Justice spokesman.

Petain, convicted of treason, is a prisoner in a fortress on the windswept island of Ile Dyeu off the Atlantic Coast of France.

MUTT AND JEFF—Oh Sure! Where There's A Will There's A Way — By BUD FISHER

JEFF, I'LL HAVE A HAM SANDWICH!
HAM SANDWICH ISN'T ON THE MENU, MUTT, BUT I CAN GIVE YOU A SANDWICH WITH HAM IN IT.... "JEFF'S SPECIAL!"
WHAT'S A "JEFF'S SPECIAL?"
IT'S A TRIPLE DECKER WITH HAM, CHEESE, TONGUE, LETTUCE, ONION, PICKLE, MAYONNAISE, RAISIN BREAD, TOASTED!
LOOK, HAVE YOU ANY HAM?
YES!
WHITE BREAD?
SURE!
COULD YOU PLACE A PIECE OF HAM BETWEEN TWO SLICES OF WHITE BREAD AND SERVE IT TO ME?
SURE!
ONE JEFF SPECIAL! ON ONE DECK! HOLD THE CHEESE, TONGUE, LETTUCE, ONION, PICKLE, MAYONNAISE AND MAKE IT WHITE INSTEAD OF RAISIN - UNTOASTED!

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